SAFE FILE: ATLANTIC CHARTER (2), incoming/outgoing

1. The Wille

DECLASSIFIED

PRESIDENTIAL CRUISE

AUGUST 1941

--00000--

INCOMING MESSAGES

SECRET

--00000--

208201

RECEIVED

U. S. S. POTOMAC OFFICIAL DISPATCH (ORIGINAL COPY)

RECEIVED

HEADIN	G:	Ø4221Ø		
FROM:	OPNAV.		I	
TO:	THE PRESIDENT.		F O	

SECRET AT OTTAWA HAS

THE PRESIDENT AT SEA X MINISTER MOFFAT AT OTTAWA HAS TELEGRAPHED THAT MACKENZIE KING CONFIDENTIALLY INFORMED HIM OF PLANS TO GO TO GREAT BRITAIN BY AI
IN VERY NEAR FUTURE PERHAPS IN EIGHT OR TEN DAYS TIME X HE WOULD LIKE TO SEE
YOU BEFORE HE DOES SO X WITHOUT WISHING TO INTRUDE ON YOUR HOLIDAY MACKENZIE
KING SAYS IF YOU ARE STOPPING AT CAMPOBELLO OR OTHER CANADIAN PLACES A MEETING COULD BE ARRANGED THERE OR IF YOU WOULD CONFIDENTIALLY TELL HIM WHEN
YOU WOULD BE BACK IN WASHINGTON HE MIGHT BE ABLE TO DELAY DEPARTURE SUFFICIENTLY TO MAKE A QUICK TRIP TO SEE YOU AT THE WHITE HOUSE X MACKENZIE KING
SPECIFICALLY ASKS THAT FOREGOING BE SENT YOU AND SAID THAT IMMEDIATELY ON
HEARING FROM YOU HE WOULD COMPLETE HIS PLANS X HULL

BLACK NUMBER THREE

TOR-2345-

Norfolk Navy Yard-9-12-40-2,000 (Sets of 6

a 08 aa 01

130400



PRIORITY

YOUR 122046 X POUCHES TRANSFERRED IN HALIFAX TODAY AS INSTRUCTED BY YOUR 111820 X ANACOSTIA PLANE HAS RETURNED X ARGENTIA PLANE.

EXPECTED PROCEED NORTHWARD AFTER MINOR ENGINE REPAIRS AS PER-MITTED BY WEATHER X NORTHBOUND MAIL NOW IN ARGENTIA PLANE RETURN-

ING TO REGULAR STATION X WHITE (BLACK)

122046 DIRECT ANACOSTIA MAIL RE PLANE CONTACT ARGENTIA MAI REF:

PLANE AT HALIFAX AND OBTAIN MAIL X HOLD NORTH BOUND MAIL IN HALIFAX AND AWAIT NEW RENDEZVOUS X ARGENTIA

PLANE RETURN REGULAR STATION

111820

FORENOON VIA PLANE X PILOT SHOULD CONTACT PLANE FRO ARGENTIA FOR TRANSFER MAIL AND RETURN X . . .

ACTION:

Ø543 NSS NR 625

TOR: FROM:

Date: OPNAV AUGUST

ACTION:

AUGUSTA

INFORMATION:

8	10	93	11 8	12	13	12	20	70	86	96	95	66 ×		RIX	— [-	9
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130152

RESTRICTED

PRIORITY

FOR CAPTAIN BEARDALL X BLACK TWENTY EIGHT X AFTER TEN HOUR SESSION HOUSE TONIGHT PASSED SENATE BILL WITH SLIGHT MODIFICATIONS PROVIDING FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS EXTENSION BY A VOTE OF TWO HUNDRED THREE TO TWO HUNDRED TWO X HAD TO GO OUTSIDE FOR HELP XX EARLY

FROM: OPNAV	Date:	2
PRESIDENT		
INFORMATION:		
		£ 1

ADMIRAL-00

a Ofacol

FOR THE PRESIDENT FROM HIS MAJESTYS GOVERNMENT AND THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH GOD BLESS THE PRESIDENT AND PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES SIGNED WINSTON CHURCHILL BT 1745

ACTION:

TOR: 2118 LITE

FROM:
PRINCE OF WALES

ACTION:

ACTION:

Aviation

Special

Special

Special

Special

Special

And Third

a Ofadoi

INCOMIN

ATLANTIC FLEET

121840

RESTRICTED PRIDRITY

FOR CAPTAIN BEARDALL X THIS THIRD SUCCESSIVE DAY WITHOUT PRESS REPORTS X YOUR RADIO SILENCE CREATING NEW WAVES OF SPECULATION ROOSEVELT CHURCHILL CONFERENCES X THOUGHT YOU SHOULD KNOW X EARLY X BLACK TWENTYSIX

TOR: USS NR 538 AT 1920
FROM: OPNAV

ACTION:
PRESIDENT

INFORMATION:

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Adm	Chie	Flag	Oper	War	Asst	Flag	Comr	Mat	Mar	Gum	Avis	Staf	Spec	CW	1

a Ofae 01

FACILITIES OF ANY KIND TO THE CERMANS HAD BEEN DECIDED UPON SEVICOLON THAT THE CERMANS HAD EXEMPTED THE PROPERT IN AFRICA COMMAN PROBLARLY IN THE RESIDENT TO SHIP MATERIAL THROUGH SIZERTE COMMAN THAT AS YET MERELY SUC ESTIONS WERE BEING MADE PERIOD X HULL X

ATLANTIC FLEET

122050

SECRET-

PRIORITY

THE PRESIDENT AT SEA X WINANT REPORTS THE TEXTS OF DECLARATIONS SUBMITTED BY THE BRITISH AND SOVIET GOVERNMENTS COMMA RESPECTIVELY

COMMA TO THE TURKISH GOVERNMENT ASSURING THE TURKISH GOVERNMENT THAT THE TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY OF TURKEY WILL BE SCRUPULOUSLY

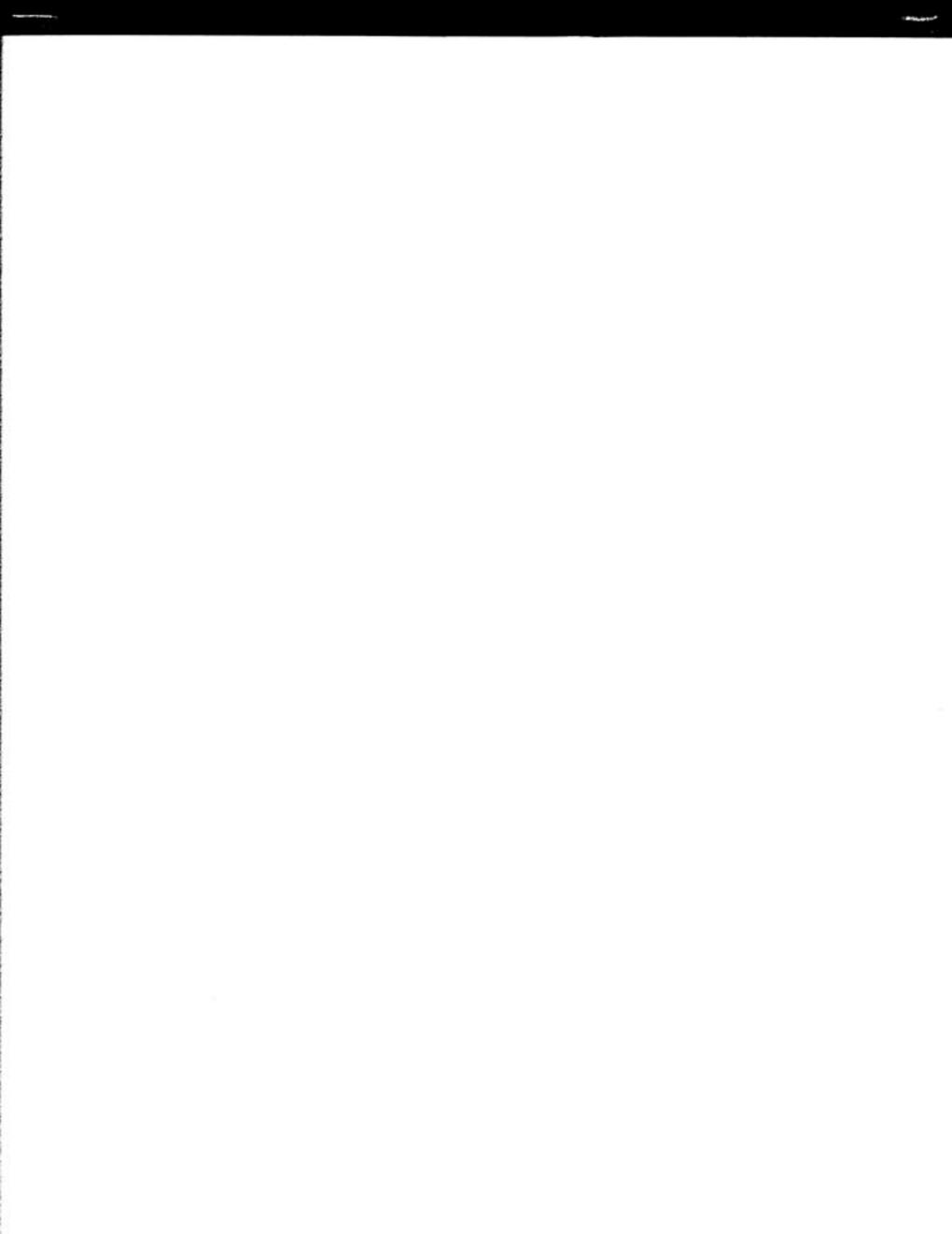
DBSERVED BY GREAT BRITIAN AND THE SOVIET UNION AND THAT IF TURKEY IS ATTACKED BY ANY EUROPEAN POWER COMMA GREAT BRITAIN AND THE

SOVIET UNION ARE PREPAREDTO RENDER EVERY HELP PERIOD WINANT ADDS THAT ACCORDING TO THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR IN ANKARA COMMA THE

SOVIET DECLARATION HAS GREATLY PLEASED THE TURKISH GOVERNMENT AND THAT THE TURKISH GOVERNMENT WISHES TO MAKE BOTH DECLARATIONS PUBL

PERIOD THE BRITISH HAVE AGREED TO THIS SEMICOLOW SOVIET PERMISSION IS EXPECTED PERIOD PARA LEAHY REPORTS THAT ACCORDING TO WEYGANDS

a Of afor



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-		-	-	••	-	•	•	-	-	_	_	

121555

RESTRICTED ROUTINE

AT YOUR SUGGESTION I HAVE ARRANGED THAT MAURICE EVANS WILL READ RUDYARD KIPLINGS POEM QUOTE THE ISLANDERS UNQUOTE WEDNESDAY

NIGHT ON THE TREASURY HOUR OVER THE COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM BETWEEN EIGHT AND NINEEASTERN STANDARD TIME X I HOPE

YOU WILL ENJOY IT X BEST REGARDS X HENRY MORGENTHAU JR X BLACK ?

1815 NSS NR 515

2020 1100 1111				The second second		
FROM: OPNAV	 	0.50	Date:		12 AUGUST	
ACTION: PRESIDENT						
INFORMATION:		50.00	•			
6 4		- 1			1 2 10 20	

ADMIRAL-00

8.25

a08ah01

INCOMIN

12\$225

SECRET.

ROUTINE

ORIGINATOR MAVAIDE X PROCEED AT DISCRETION TO ARRIVE OUTER HARBOR YARMOUTH NOVA SCOTIA BY WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON AUGUST THIRTEENTH AT WHICH TIME WILL, ADVISE TIME AND PLACE OF REEMBARKATION

ACTION:

TOR: 0433 NSS NR 397

FROM: OF NAV

ACTION:

POTOMAC

Informand: Oberations

Aviation Staff Duty

Communications

Aviation 98

Aviation 98

Aviation 98

Special CWO

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COMMUNICATION:

Aviation 98

Aviation 98

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U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM: OPNAV

1618Ø5 BLACK 43

.TO : THE PRESIDENT

16-16896-0

FOR THE PRESIDENT AT SEA.

STEINHARDT REPORTS THAT ONE HE AND CRIPPS DELIVERED THE MESSAGE TO STALIN AND MOLOTOV THE EVENING OF AUGUST FIFTEENTH. TWO STALIN REQUESTED US TO TRANSMIT ON BEHALF OF THE PEOPLE AND GO VERNMENT OF THE SOVIET UNION QUOTE HIS GREAT THANKS FOR THE READINESS OF PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND PRIME MINISTER CHURCHILL TO RENDER HELP TO THE SOVIET UNION IN ITS WAR OF FREEDOM AGAINST HITLERISM UNQUOTE AND ADDED THAT HE WAS READY TO FACILITATE THE MEETING OF AMERICAN, BRITISH AND SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES. THREE STALIN THEREUPON DICTATED TO YOU AND CHURCHILL THE MESSAGE WHICH HAS APPEARED IN FULL IN THE PRESS X FOUR STALIN STATED THAT HE WAS NOT SATISFIED WITH THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR; THAT THE UKRAINE SITUATION WAS QUOTE THAT SOVIET FORCES MUSK LEAVE NIKOLAEV QUOTE TODAY OR TOMORROW UNQUOTE AND THAT ALTHOUGH GERMAN LOSSES HAVE BEEN HEAVY QUOTE THEY HAVE MORE PLANES AND TANKS THAN WE UNQUOTE

1925/AI 829Ø 16 AUGUST 1941

PSF Sale attaction Shorter

a08aj01

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM: - NAVAID TO SECNAV. TO: - U.S.S. POTOMAC. 16 AUG 41.

161717

-- PRIORITY --

16-16896-0

FOR CAPTAIN BEARDALL

ADLAI STEVENSON SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO SECRETARY

ENROUTE POTOMAC BY PLANE

SIGNED

BEATTY.

TOR 1800 AL.

aogatoi

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM: OPNAV

TO : THE PRESIDENT

"152556" BL

BLACK 41

6-16896-0

PRIORITY CEORET

STEINHARDT REPORTS THAT CRIPPS AND HE HAVE AN APPOINTMENT WITH STALIN AT SIX OCLOCK THIS AFTERNOON AUGUST FIFTEEN MOSCOW TIME. LEAHY REPORTS TODAY THAT HE HAS NO REASON TO ASSUME THAT CHANGES .

IN ARMISTICE AGREEMENT ARE IMMINENT. HE ADDS THAT IT IS NOT
BELIEVED IN VICHY THAT USE OF FLEET OR AFRICAN BASES WILL BE AGREED
TO BY PETAIN AT LEAST NOT UNTIL MORE PRESSURE IS BROUGHT TO BEAR
ON HIM BY THE GERMANS THAN HAS BEEN APPLIED UNTIL NOW.

HULL

1/81 CY 130

TOR 1750 -PG-

By J. Scharies Into 1461 5 1. 15

a OfaLo1

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM:

OPNAV

TO . :

THE PRESIDENT

"152Ø4Ø" BLACK 42

16-16896-0

RESTRICTED

OTERNESIS PROTOS OFFICE

FOR GENERAL WATSON,

PEAK PHONED BRITISH AMBASSADOR ANXIOUS SEE PRESIDENT
BEFORE LEAVING UNITED STATES TUESDAY. AVAILABLE ANY TIME BETWEEN
NOW AND TUESDAY REGARDS

SIGNED ROBERTA

TOR 2241 -PG-

a Ofamoi

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM: OPNAV

to : THE PRESIDNE T

"75173p"

BLACK FORTY

16-16896-0

RESTRICTED

RIGHT HONORABLE ARTHUR PURVIS DIRECTOR GENERAL BRITISH PURCHASING
COMMISSION KILLED IN AIRPLANE ACCIDENT ACCORDING ANNOUNCEMENT
ROYAL AIR FORCE LAST NIGHT X SUGGESTED YOU MIGHT MESSAGE LORD
HALIFAX
EARLY

TOR 1907 -AI-15 AUG 1941.

a08ano1

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FM; OPNAV. TO: PRESIDENT.

PRIORITY.

BLACK THIRTYSIX CORRECTE TO BLACK THIRTYNINE.

"15Ø415"

16-16896-0

URGE THAT YOU HOLD PRESS CONFERENCE WHEN YOU DOCK AND GIVE THE PRESS WHAT-EVER IS POSSIBLE IN THE WAY OF DETAILS OF THE CONFERENCE -- WHERE THE MEETING

WERE HELD, NAMES OF CONFEREES AND CLEAR UP WHAT I FEAR WILL BE A MUCH DISCUSSED AND CONTROVERSIAL ANGLE -- WHETHER THE EIGHT POINTS ARE PEACE

AIMS OR WAR AIMS. CABLE REPORTS FROM LONDON TODAY SAY WITH MUCH ADDITIONAL DETAIL BRITISH DELEGATION NUMBERED TWENTYTHREE AND THAT REPRESENTATIVES

OF THE BRITISH PRESS WERE PRESENT. FROM NOON YESTERDAY AND THROUGH THE NIGHT LONDON LEAKS CONTINUED X THE BRITISH EVEN HOOKED UP AMERICAN NET-

WORKS WITH THE BRITISH BROADCASTING COMPANY AND ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY THAT MAJOR ATTLEE WOULD MAKE AN IMPORTANT RADIO ANNOUNCEMENT AT NINE OCLOCK,

EASTERN STANDARD TIME, OUR TIME, TO THE BRITISH AND AMERICAN PEOPLES BECAUSE PREMATURE ANNOUNCEMENTS CONSTITUTED ONLY NEWS AVAILABLE TO

AMERICAN PRESS AND PEOPLE, THERE IS REAL FEELING THAT WE ARE BECOMING DEPENDENT ON BRITISH FOR NEWS EVEN OF OUR PRESIDENTS ACTIVITIES. FOR THESE

AND OTHER REASONS, I URGE YOU RECEIVE PRESS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UPON RETURN TO SHORE AND GIVE THEM ALL INFORMATION CONDITIONS WILL PERMIT.

a a8a 0 01

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

15Ø415

TOO SOON YET FOR GENERAL REACTION. CONGRESSIONAL CIRCLES FOLLOW EXPECTED LINES. ONE IMMEDIATE REACTION WORTH REPORTING IS FEELING

ON PART OF SOME THAT WE HAVE LOST TWO OF OUR FOUR FREEDOMS SINCE NO MENTION WAS MADE IN THE EIGHT POINTS OF FREEDOM OF RELIGION OR

FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND PRESS. TRAIN ARRANGEMENTS, AS REQUESTED, OKAY.

EARLY.

a 08apo1

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM: OPNAV

TO: THE PRESIDENT

15Ø3ØØ

BLACK 38

16-16896-0

IF UNABLE TO DECIPHER OPNAV 141820 WE WILL REPEAT ENCIPHERED FOR AUGUST 15 X IT BROKE HERE TWICE

a08ag01

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM: OPNAV

TO : PRESIDENT US

"142115" BLACK 37 -- STATE 10

PRIORITY

ALTHOUGH LEAHY STATES THAT IT IS PERHAPS TOO EARLY TO BIVE A GENERAL PICTURE OF THE IMPRESSION CREATED IN FRANCE BY PETAINS STATEMENT OF POLICIN THE GENERAL OPINION IN FRANCE IT REPRESENTS NO ADVANCE TOWARD COLLABORATION WITH GERMANY. IN THE INTERNAL FIELD THE AMBASSADOR ADDS THAT THERE IS TENDENCY TO FEEL THAT THE REORGANIZATION OF THE GOVERNMENT WILL RESULTIN NO REAL CHANGE ALTHOUGH THE STRENGTHENING OF THE POLICE CONTROL WHICH REVEALS AN UNEASINESS AS TO THE POSITION OF THE REGIME WILL PROBABLY NOT SERVE TO MAKE ITS POSITION MORE POPULAR. ONE INTERPRETATION OF THE DECLARATION AND THE ACCOMPANYING MEASURES IS THAT THEY ARE PART OF A MANEUVER INTENDED TO GAIN TIME FOR FRANCE SO THAT THE MARSHAL CAN TELL THE GERMANS THAT THE PROCESS OF REORGANIZATION WILL REQUIRE SOME TIME BEFORE ITS RESULTS CAN BE JUDGED. IN THE INTERVENING TIME IT IS HOPED THAT IF THE RUSSIANS HOLD THE GERMANS MAY PERHAPS BE IN NO POSITION TO EXERCISE THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE OF WHICH THEY ARE CAPABLE TODAY.

HULL

TOR 2349 PG 14 AUG 1941.

a O 8 ar ol

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM:

OPNAV

TO :

PRESIDENT US

"142115" BLACK 37 --- STATE 10

PRIORITY ----- SECRET

16-15896-0

ALTHOUGH LEAHY STATES THAT IT IS PERHAPS TOO EARLY TO GIVE A GENERAL PICTURE OF THE IMPRESSION CREATED IN FRANCE BY PETAINS STATEMENT OF POLICY IN THE GENERAL OPINION IN FRANCE IT REPRESENTS NO ADVANCE TOWARD COLLABORATION WITH GERMANY. IN THE INTERNAL FIELD THE AMBASSADOR ADDS THAT THERE IS TENDENCY TO FEEL THAT THE REORGANIZATION OF THE GOVERNMENT WILL RESULT IN NO REAL CHANGE ALTHOUGH THE STRENGTHENING OF THE POLICE CONTROL WHICH REVEALS AN UNEASINESS AS TO THE POSITION OF THE REGIME WILL PROBABLY NOT SERVE TO MAKE ITS POSITION MORE POPULAR. ON INTERPRETATION OF THE DECLARATION AND THE ACCOMPANYING MEASURES IS THAT THEY ARE PART OF A MANEUVER INTENDED TO GAIN TIME FOR FRANCE SO THAT THE MARSHAL CAN TELL THE GERMANS THAT THE PROCESS OF REORGANIZATION WILL REQUIRE SOME TIME BEFORE ITS RESULTS CAN BE JUDGED. IN THE INTERVENING TIME IT IS HOPED THAT IF THE RUSSIANS HOLD THE GERMANS MAY PERHAPS BE IN NO POSITION TO EXERCISE THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE OF WHICH THEY ARE CAPABLE TODAY.

TOR 2349 PG 14 AUGUST 1941.

By Beput: Decomes Decomes 1976

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RECEIVED

U. S. S. POTOMAC OFFICIAL DISPATCH (ORIGINAL COPY)

RECEIVED

HEADING:	•	"1418ØØ"	PART TWO	BLACK THREE	FIVE
FROM:	OPNAV			I N	
TO:	PRESIDENT US			o	12

PRIORITY

I HAVE TALKED TWICE WITH TOM LAMONT BUT WITHOUT SUCCESS. PERHAPS YOU MAYBE WANT TO APPEAL TO MYRON TAYLOR OR SOME OTHER OF THE STEEL ORGANIZATION. IF TAKE OVER IS DECIDED UPON WE RECOMMEND A TEMPORARY QUASI TRUSTEESHIP UNTIL FINAL METHODS ARE DETERMINED. THERE WILL BE NO DIFFICULTY WITH WORKERS AND NO TROOPS WILL BE NEEDED. ADMIRAL BOWEN CAN HANDLE PLANT WITH ASSISTANCE OF PERSONNEL MAN FROM MARITIME COMMISSION STAFFUX. PLEASE ADVISE YOUR WISHES.

SI GNED:

FRANK KNOX, E.S. LAND, SIDNEY HILLMAN, WILLIAM H DAVIS,

Nurfolk Navy Yard-9-12-40-2,000 (Sets of 6)

a08at01

ATI	AN	T	T C	FI.	E	ET
\mathbf{n}	\mathbf{n}	-			-	-

Ø5183Ø

SEGRET

PRIORITY

FOLLOWING FOR THE PRESIDENT FROM THE PRIME MINISTER X HARRY RETURN-ED DEAD BEAT FROM RUSSIA BUT IS LIVELY AGAIN NOW X WE SHALL GET HIM IN FINE TRIM ON VOYAGE X WE ARE JUST OFF X IT IS 27 YEARS AGO TODAY

THAT THE HUNS BEGAN THEIR LAST WAR X WE ALL MUST MAKE GOOD JOB OF IT THIS TIME X TWICE OUGHT TO BE ENOUGH X LOOK FORWARD SO MUCH TO OUR MEETING X KINDEST REGARDS QUOTE ENDS FOLLOWING FROM MR HOPKINS

FOR THE PRESIDENT X QUOTE BRING PRODUCTION ESTIMATES OF TANKS AIR-CRAFT BY MONTH THROUGH 1942 X HOPE ARNOLD WILL COME WITH SOME STATISTICS OF SUPPLIES TO MIDDLE EAST AND RUSSIA X GOOD WINE APPRED-

LATED PLENTY LEMONS HAMS CIGARETTES FRUITS X AM WELL AND HAVE COM-PLETE INFORMATION ABOUT STRENGTH OF RUSSIAN FORCES XX HARRY XX END QUOTE

FROM: OPMAV		Date:	AUGUST 5,1941
ACTION: PRESIDENT			
INFORMATION:		No	number
	ADMIRA	L-00	May .

a 08 a u 01

S. 1320f.			NAVAL	MESS	AGE.			
For use in Cypher or Coding Off only.							•	
Originators (Indication of AIDAC, NO For Exercise	Instructions: of Priority, OTWT e).	DMEDIATE			#1		INTER	CEPT GROUP.
TO:	Captain U.S	.S. AUGUSTA	•		-			st Sea itish Navy
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Cyphering	or Coding.	Recyphering o	r Recoding.		r Coder.	Cypher	or Coding	Date.
5 14 6	or Coding.			Initial	s of Cypherer or Coder.	Cypher	or Coding	12/4 - 2-

100835

CONFIDENTIAL,

PRIDRITY

HAVE NO RECORD OF WHITE SERIAL 14 X PLEASE ADVISE X THIS IS BLACK 22

0937 10TH NSS FOX NR 131

FROM:	DENAV			Date:	AUGUST	10,1941	
ACTION:	PRESIDEN	T					
INFORMA	TION:	7					
			# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	477 - 18	.1		
60 au					Wei	22	
	*	94	ADMIRAL		1	استير	

a08aW01

BT

COMMANDER IN CHIEF USN USS AUGUSTA FROM RIPLEY BT OFFICERS AND SHIPS COMPANY ARE MOST GREATFUL FOR YOUR VERY KIND PRESENT

ACTION: LT LOUD TOR: FROM: Date: AUG 9TH/CK HMS RIPLEY ACTION: USS AUGUSTA INFORMATION: Staff Duty Mar Plans

5

Admiral

a 08 ax 01

Special

Aviation

Gunnery

Marine

17Ø5

BT

AUGUSTA FOR PRESIDENT OF USA FROM HMCANADIAN DESTROYER
RESTIGOUCHE BT CAPTAIN OFFICERS AND MEN OF HMCS
RESTIGOUCHE WOULD LIKE TO EXPRESS THEIR SINCERE THANKS
FOR YOUR THOUGHTS GENEROSITY TO ALL THE SHIPS COMPANY

ACTION:

LT. LOUD

TOR:

2Ø46 FL

FROM:

PRINCE OF WALES

Date: AUG 9TH/CK

ACTION:

USS AUGUSTA

INFORMATION:

***	Admiral	Chief of Staff	Flag Secretary	11 Operations	War Plans	Asst. for Operations	Flag Lieutenant	Communi- cations	Material 70	Marine 86	Gunnery 90	Avlation 95	Staff Duty	Special	owo	
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a 0 8 ay 01

Ø81915



PRIDRITY

DOMINION MONARCH BRITISH MERCHANTMAN WITH TWELVE HUNDRED TROOP PASSENGERS DEPARTED CRISTOBAL TEN FIFTEEN

OPERATIONS OFFICER 1109/9/ NR 828

COM 15

SECNAV

CHICLANT

AUG 9

a08a701

Ø8Ø4Ø5

ROUTINE

MSG LT LANMAN PLEASE INFORM FISHING PARTY FISH NOT

FLAG LIEUTENANT____

FROM:	Date:
ACTION: \$4\$\$ BLTUBE	AUGUST 8TH/CK
COMDESDIVI14 AUGUSTA	

QQQQQ

FLAG LIEUTENANT-15

a08601

\$81111

-SECRET PRIDRITY

URAD \$21845 X COMVOY IS READY TO PROCEED FROM REYKJAVIK TO NEW YORK ON NIGHT 1\$ AUGUST X INFO COMTASKFOR 16

REF: ARRANGE FOR SS GODAFOSS AND SS KATLA PROCEED IN CONVOY TOGETHER X ACTION FIRST PROV MARBRIG ICELAND INFO CINCLANT

OPERATIONS OFFICER NSS NR 787 COR \$914 NSS NR 95\$

FROM: GEI, 15T	mAr.	BRIG	1 KOV		Date:	AUGU	ST 9		
ACTION:				100		*	•		
VAMAC				+				20 40	
INFORMATION:								3 1 2	
CINCLANT									

ADMIRAL-00

a086a01

RECEIVED

U. S. S. POTOMAC OFFICIAL DISPATCH

(ORIGINAL COPY)

RECEIVED

HEADING: Ø42123 BLACK TWO

FROM:
OPNAV
TO: THE PRESIDENT

Ø42123 BLACK TWO
IN
F
O

SEGRET

WINANT REPORTS AUGUST THIRD X HAVE BEEN WITH HARRY X HE DID A REAL

JOB X TIRED BUT OTHERWISE ALL RIGHT X DOCTOR PROMISED TO KEEP HIM

IN BED A COUPLE OF DAYS X SCHOENFELD REPORTS RESPONSIBLE FINNISH

OFFICIAL STATES CONFIDENTIALLY THAT FINNISH LOSSES IN FIRST MONTH

FOUR TO FIVE THOUSAND KILLED AND PROBABLY EIGHT THOUSAND WOUNDED X

MORRIS COMMENTS FROM BERLIN GERMAN PRESS STATEMENTS LISTING IN GREAT

DETAIL ALLEGED RUSSIAN LOSSES OF MATERIAL BUT MAKING NO MENTION OF

GERMAN LOSSES IN EITHER MEN OR MATERIAL BY NO MEANS CHEERING TO GERMAN

PEOPLE X HULL

TOR 2225 GCT, 4 AUG. F SKED.

Norfolk Navy Yard-0-12-40-2,000 (Sets of 6)

a086601

Ø91645

RESTRICTED

PRIORITY

FOR ADMIRAL MCINTYRE XX GENERAL CONDITION PATIENT CONTINUES

TO IMPROVE X TEMPERATURE DOWN ENTIRE WEEK X UP IN CHAIR

PAST 2 DAYS X BROTHER VISITED TODAY & THIS IS BLACK 21

SIG HARPER

1737 NSS NR 988

FROM:	VANAV	· Date:	AUGUST 9
ACTION:	THE PRESIDENT		
INFORMATI	ON:		
,		DMIRAL-00	34K 21

2086c01

Ø9163Ø



PRIORITY

BLACK TWENTY XX WAR DEPARTMENT ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIPT
GENERAL MARSHALLS WHITE THIRTEEN X ARRANGEMENTS BEING
MADE SHIP FIFTY PLANES TO PHILLIPPINES IN CRATES FROM
FACTORY

1643 AUG 9 NSS NR 980

FROM: OF	AV		Date:		AUC	9	
ACTION: CI	GLANT	•					
INFORMATION	:						
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			+ 1	6.		\ \ \	

ADMIRAL-00

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a 086da1

Ø82359

GONF LDENTIAL

DEFERRED

DOCKYARD BASIN AND THE LUTZOW AND HIPPER IN DRYDOCK BY
PHOTO AIR RECONNAISANCE AT KIEL SIX AUGUST

Ø635

FROM: OPNAV Date: AUGUST 9 1941
ACTION: CINCLANT

INFORMATION:

ALL TASKFORCE COMMANDERS

ADMIRAL-00

fery

a016e01

Ø8224Ø

GONF-IDENTIAL

DEFERRED

BE PREPARED TO EMBARK FIVE MEMBERS SENATE NAVAL AFFAIRS COMMITTEE ON UPSHUR AT BOSTON FOR PASS-

AGE TO REYKJAVIK VIA ARGENTIA X DEPARTING BOSTON ABOUT 1600 EIGHTEEN AUGUST X ADVISE ANY

CHANGE IN UPSHUR SCHEDULE X BEING SENT TO COM-SUPPORTFOR FOR ACTION AND CINCLANT X UPSHUR X

COM ONE X COMDGGEN FIRST MARBRIG PROV X COMTASK-GROUP FOUR POINT FOUR

	NSS NR 890					
FROM:	OPNAV	Date:	. 9	AUG	UST	
ACTION:	COMTASKFOR 4		-	÷	• •	•
INFORMA	TION: - CINCLANT					

ADMIRAL-00



a086f01

UNIDENTIFIED MERCHANTMAN REPORTED SIGHTING SUB 43-40 N 32 W AT 2040 GCT 7 AUGUST X NO OTHER REPORTS OR ESTIMATES

OPERATIONS NSS NR 885 OPNAV

9 AUGUST

ALL TASKFOR COMMANDERS

CINCLANT



a 086fa

INCOMIN

\$82\$5\$

SECRET

PRIDRITY

STATE SERIAL SEVEN XX MORRIS REPORTS FROM BERLIN THAT GERMAN DOMESTIC PROPAGANDA HAS FOR SOME WEEKS BEEN VISIBLY AND IN-

CREASINGLY DIRECTED COUNTERACTING INCREASING UNEASINESS OF PEOPLE AT UNEXPECTED DIFFICULTY OF RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN, AND PRO-

SPECTWHICH IS ONLY NOW BEING WIDELY REALIZED IN GERMANY THAT WAR AS A WHOLE WILL LAST INTO ANOTHER WINTER PERIOD MORRIS BELIE

THAT IF SOVIET RESISTANCE CONTINUES AND CAMPAIGN DRAWS OUT INTO AUTUMN COMMA THE PUBLIC UNREST WILL REACH SERIOUS DEMENSIONS.

PERIOD X BLACK NINETEEN X MORRIS ALSO REPORTS GOERING HAS LEFT GENERAL HEADQUARTERS AND IS MAKING EXTENDED STAY BERLIN REGION

PERIOD GOERINGS RELATIONS WITH HITLER SAID TO BE LESS CLOSE THAN ACTION: HERETOFOR, PRESUMABLY BECAUSE HE RECOMMENDED AGAINST ATTACK

TOR:

ON RUSSIA (CONTINUE)

2086g01

INCOMIN

- 2 -

UNTIL WAR IN WEST CONCLUDED PERIOD GOERING REPORTED GREATLY DISPLEASED BECAUSE AIR FORCE COMPELLED TURN OVER TO TANK CORPS

LARGE PART FUEL RESERVES ACCUMULATED FOR ATTACK AGAINST ENGLAND PERIOD GOERING SAID TO HAVE ORDERED ARRANGEMENTS WITH MANUFAC-

TURERS TO TRIPLE OUTPUT CERTAIN TYPES AIRCRAFT; THIS SEEMS TO CONFIRM REPORTED HEAVY LOSSES OF PLANES IN EAST PERIOD INDUSTRI-

AL LEADERS REPORTED TO BELIEVE IMPOSSIBLE CARRY OUT THIS INCRE-ASE BECAUSE OF SHORTAGE LABOR AND RAW MATERIALS PERIOD MORRIS

CONTINUES THAT EXTENSIONS EXISTING PLANTS ARE NOTICEABLE AND MANY NEW PLANTS IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION PERIOD CONSUL GENERAL

AT BERUT REPORTS CONVERSATION WITH DE GAULLE IN WHICH LATTER COMPLAINED OF FRICTION WITH BRITISH MILITARY AUTHORITIES AT

ACTION: SYRIA PERIOD KIRK REPORTS FROM CAIRO THAT BRITISH MILITARY

a 08 6 9 02

AUTHORITIES TELL HIM IN CONFIDENCE THAT/GENERAL STAFF HAS SUGGESTED INAUGURATION OF ILLEDIATE STAFF TALKS WITH BRITISH

BECAUSE OF RUMORS GERMAN PRESSURE TO OBTAIN FREEDOM OF PASSAGE FOR AXIS FORCES THROUGH STRAITS PERIOD SIGNED HULL

ACTION:

TOR: 2393 8 NSS NR 849

FROM: OPMAV

Date: 8 AUGUST

ACTION:

PRESIDENT

INFORMATION:

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ACTION:

ATLANTIC FLEET

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FROM:

SESEET

PRIDRITY

STATE SERIAL SEVEN XX MORRIS REPORTS FROM BERLIN THAT GERMAN DOMESTIC PROPAGANDA HAS FOR SIME WEEKS BEEN VISIBLY AND IN-

CREASINGLY DIRECTED COUNTERACTING INCREASING UNEASINESS OF PEOPLE AT UNEXPECTED DIFFICULTY OF RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN, AND PRO-

SPECTMHICH IS ONLY NO. BEING WIDELY REALIZED IN GERMANY THAT HAR AS A WHOLE WILL LAST INTO ANOTHER WINTER PERIOD MORRIS BELIEVES

THAT IF SOVIET RESISTANCE CONTINUES AND CAMPAIGN DRAMS OUT INTO AUTUMN COMMA THE PUBLIC UNREST WILL REACH SERIOUS DEMENSIONS

PERIOD X BLACK NINETEEN X MORRIS ALSO REPORTS GOERING HAS LEFT GENERAL HEADQUARTERS AND IS MAKING EXTENDED STAY BERLIN REGION

PERIOD GOERINGS RELATIONS WITH HITLER SAID TO BE LESS CLOSE THAN HERETOFOR, PRESUMABLY BECAUSE HE RECOMMENDED AGAINST ATTACK

ON RUSSIA (CONT. WAL)

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STATE REALL SEVEN XX KORRIS REPORTS FROM RELLY THAT COMMAND STATE REALLS THAT COMMAND STATE REALLS THAT COMMAND STATE REAL STATE AND THAT COMMISSION PROPAGATION OF RESIDENT VISITELY AND THAT PROPERTY DESCRIPTION OF RESIDENCE OF THAT THAT THE STATE AND THAT THAT THE SOUTH RESIDENCE OF THAT ADDRESS AND CAMPAIGN DRAWS OUT TWID ADDRESS OF THAT ADDRESS THE SOUTH RESIDENCE AND THE PUBLIC BRRESS WILL REACH TERRORS OF THAT PROPERTY AND THE PUBLIC BRRESS WILL REACH TERRORS OF THAT PROPERTY AND THAT THE SOUTH RESIDENCE AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT THE SOUTH RESIDENCE AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS THE PUBLIC BRESS THAT AND THE PUBLIC BRESS T

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UNTIL WAR IN WEST CONCLUDED PERIOD GOERING REPORTED GREATLY DISPLEASED BECAUSE AIR FORCE COMPELLED TURN OVER TO TANK CORPS

LARGE PART FUEL RESERVES ACCUMULATED FOR ATTACK AGAINST ENGLAND PERIOD GOERING SAID TO HAVE ORDERED ARRANGEMENTS WITH MANUFAC-

TURERS TO TRIPLE OUTFUT CERTAIN TYPES AIRCRAFT; THIS SEEMS TO CONFIRM REPORTED HEAVY LOSSES OF PLANES IN EAST PERIOD INDUSTRI-

AL LEADERS REPORTED TO BELIEVE IMPOSSIBLE CARRY OUT THIS INCRE-

CONTINUES THAT EXTENSIONS EXISTING PLANTS ARE NOTICEABLE AND MANY NEW PLANTS IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION PERIOD CONSUL GENERAL

AT BERUT REPORTS CONVERSATION WITH DE GAULLE IN WHICH LATTER COMPLAINED OF FRICTION WITH BRITISH MILITARY AUTHORITIES AT

SYRIA PERIOD KIRK REPORTS FROM CAIRO THAT BRITISH MILITARY

a 086h02

TICHLEASED RECAUSE AIR FORCE COMPELLED TORY OVER TO TARK COMPO-LIGHTE PART FREE LEGERAGE ACCURE ATED FOR ATTACK ACAIRST ENCEAND FRIEND GOEFING SAID TO MAVE CAMERED ALMARCELENTS THE MARKET OF THERES TO THELE OUT OF CERTAIN IVER AIPORAFT; IF IS BEEN TO MARKET IN MEMORIED HERVY LOCKED OF HEARING IN EAST PERIOD INCOME.

100 CENTERS REPORTED TO BELIEVE IMPORSIBLE CARRY OUT THIS INCOME.

100 CENTERS THAT SY WESTING EXISTING PLANTS AE NOTICEABLE AND

100 TIMES THAT SY WESTING EXISTING PLANTS AE NOTICEABLE DESIRE.

AUTHORITIES TELL HIM IN CONFIDENCE THAT/ GENERAL STAFF HAS SUGGESTED INAUGURATION OF IMMEDIATE STAFF TALKS WITH BRITISH

BECAUSE OF RUMORS GERMAN PRESSURE TO OBTAIN FREEDOM OF PASSAGE FOR AXES FORCES THROUGH STRAITS PERIOD SIGNED HULL

2303 8 NSS NR 840

FROM: OPNAV					Date	:			W	8	AUGUST	
ACTION: PRESIDENT		1			-			17				
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May 19

ADMIRAL-00

a086h03

PRESIDENTIAL CRUISE
AUGUST 1941

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OUTGOING MESSAGES

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a 08 bi 01

OUTCOING

Heading: 122111

WHITE TWENTYTHREE X IN THREE PARTS X PART ONE X FOR STEVE BY

WHITE HOUSE WITHOUT COMMENT ON THURSDAY AT ZERO NINE HUNDRED EASTERN STANDARD TIME X YOU MAY INFORM PRESS AND RADIO IN

CONFIDENCE LATE WEDNESDAY NIGHT TO STAND BY FOR A RELEASE THE NEXT MORNING PARA PLEASE ON RECEIPT OF THIS STATEMENT TAKE IT

TO SECRETARY OF STATE IN GREAT CONFIDENCE AND READ IT TO HIM FOR HIS INFORMATION PARA THERE IS NO FURTHER NEWS OF ANY KIND X

ALL WELL X SIGNED ROOSEVELT XX FOR DELIVERY TO PRESS AND RADIO AT ZERO NINE HUNDRED EASTERN STANDARD TIME ON THURSDAY AUGUST

FOURTEENTH QUOTE THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE PRIME MINISTER COMMA MR CHURCHILL COMMA REPRESENTING HIS MAJESTYS

GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM COMMA HAVE MET AT SEA PERIOD PARA THEY HAVE BEEN ACCOMPANIED BY OFFICIALS OF THEIR TWO

GOVERNMENTS COMMA INCLUDING HIGH RANKING OFFICERS OF THEIR

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a 08 b j 01

OUZSOIN

eading:

MILITARY COMMA NAVAL AND AIR SERVICES BERIOD PARA THE WHOLE PROBLEM OF THE SUPPLY OF MUNITIONS OF WAR COMMA AS PROVIDED BY

THE LEASE DASH LEND ACT COMMA FOR THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES AND FOR THOSE COUNTRIES ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN RESISTING

AGGRESSION HAS BEEN FURTHER EXAMINED PERIOD PARA LORD BEAVERBROD COMMA THE MINISTER OF SUPPLY OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT COMMA HAS

JOINED IN THESE CONFERENCES PERIOD HE IS GOING TO PROCEED TO WASHINGTON TO DISCUSS FURTHER LETAILS WITH APPROPRIATE OFFICIALS

OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PERIOD THESE CONFERENCES WILL ALSO COVER THE SUPPLY PROBLEMS OF THE SOVIET UNION PERIOD XX

END PART ONE

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a086j02

OUTGOING

Heading:

THEIR COUNTRIES SEEK NO AGGRANDISEMENT COMMA TERRITORIAL OR OTHER SEMICOLON PARA SECOND COMMA THEY DESIRE TO SEE NO

TERRITORIAL CHANGES THAT DO NOT ACCORD WITH THE FREELY EXPRESSED WISHES OF THE PEOPLES CONCERNED SEMICOLON PARA THIRD COMMA

THEY RESPECT THE RIGHT OF ALL PEOPLES TO CHOOSE THE FORM OF GOVERNMENT UNDER WHICH THEY WILL LIVE SEMICOLON AND THEY WISH

TO SEE SOVEREIGN RIGHTS AND SELF GOVERNMENT RESTORED TO THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN FORCIBLY DEPRIVED OF THEM SEMICOLON PARA FOURTH

SEMICOLON THEY WILL ENDEAVOR COMMA WITH DUE RESPECT FOR THEIR EXISTING OBLIGATIONS COMMA TO FUTHER THE ENJOYMENT BY ALL

STATES COMMA GREAT OR SMALL COMMA VICTOR OR VANQUISHED COMMA OF ACCESS COMMA ON EQUAL TERMS COMMA TO THE TRADE AND TO THE

RAW MATERIALS OF THE WORLD WHICH ARE NEEDED FOR THEIR ECONOMIC PROSPERITY SEMICOLON XX END PART TWO

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a086K01

OUTGOING

reading: 122113 WHITE TWENTY THREE Y

BEGIN PART TWO X PARA THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRIME MINISTER HAVE HAD SEVERAL CONFERENCES PERIOD THEY HAVE CONSIDERED THE

DANGERS TO WORLD CIVILIZATION ARISING FROM THE POLICIES OF

GOVERNMENT OF GERMANY AND OTHER GOVERNMENTS ASSOCIATED THEREWITH HAVE EMBARKED COMMA AND HAVE MADE CLEAR THE STEPS WHICH THEIR

COUNTRIES ARE RESPECTIVELY TAKING FOR THEIR SAFITY IN THE FACE OF THESE DANGERS PERIOD XX PARA THEY HAVE AGREED UPON THE

FOLLOWING JOINT DECLARATION COLON JOINT DECLARATION X THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE PRIME MINISTER

COMMA MR CHURCHILL COMMA REPRESENTING HIS MAJESTYS GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM COMMA BEING MET TOGETHER COMMA DEEM IT RIGHT

TO MAKE KNOWN CERTAIN COMMON PRINCIPLES IN THE NATION/POLICIES OF THEIR RESPECTIVE COUNTRIES ON WHICH THEY BASE THEIR HOPES

FOR A BETTER FUTURE FOR THE WORLD PERIOD PARA FIRST COMMA

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a 086K02

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM:

PRESIDENT US

"15233Ø"

TO

OPNAV

16--16s99-0

RESTRICTED

HERE WE ARE X X FOR STEPHEN EARLY X WHITE 37 X

YOU CAN TELL THE PRESS THAT POTOMAC IS ANCHORED NEAR DEER ISLAND MAINE FRIDAY NIGHT AND HAS ON BOARD HOPKINS, WATSON, BEARDALL, MCINTIRE AND MYSELF. WE LAND TOMORROW AND TAKE TRAIN TO WASHINGTON ARRIVING SOMETIME SUNDAY MORNING. ALL WELL. BEST FROM US ALL.

OVER THIS WAY

ROOSEVELT

a 08 6402

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FM; PRESIDENT. TO; OPNAV. PRIORITY

"152030"

WHITE 36.

16-10s00-0

SEC EARLY. THE WHITE HOUSE. FOR LORD HALIFAX -- ALL OF US ON BOARD USS POTOMAC INCLUDING HOPKINS ARE VERY MUCH SHOCKED AND SADDENED BY THE ACCIDENT IN WHICH MR PURVIS WAS KILLED. I FEEL THAT I HAVE LOST A REAL FRIEND.

ROOSEVELT.

15 AUGUST, 1941.

a 086L 03

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

15 AUG 41.

FROM : PRESIDENT.

TO : OPNAV.

15183Ø.

RECTALLED - P-

SUMMER BOAFDERS XX

FOR MRS ROOSEVELT THE WHITE HOUSE X ALL WELL VERY SUCCESSFUL CRUISE WE LAND SATURDAY PROBABLY ROCKLAND AND TAKE TRAIN ARRIVING WASHINGTO SUNDAY MORNING X PLEASE TELEPHONE ETHEL AND ANNE THE BOYS WERE WELL AND VERY HELPFUL I LEFT THEM IN NORTH AND THEY WILL NOT BE BACK FOR SOME TIME X MUCH LOVE FOR X WHITE JS XX AMATEUR YACHTS MEN.

a08/2m01

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM:

PRESIDENT U.S.

TO :

OPNAV

"142Ø3Ø"

16---16896-0

PLEASE HAVE MAIL ROCKLAND MAINE BY TWO PM SATURDAY SIXTEENTH ALSO
NOTIFY MISS TULLY TO BE THERE AT THAT TIME X EXPECT TO DISEMBARK
AND BOARD TRAIN 1600 THAT DAY ADVISE THOSE CONCERNED

a086n01

N C 8 887

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM:

PRESIDENT US

TO :

OPNAV

"151845"

PESTANCTED - P-

16-16696-0

THIS WILL XX WHITE 311 X

FOR EARLY THE WHITE HOUSE X WILL SEE PRESS ENROUTE ROCKLAND TO PORTLAND AND GIVE THEM NAMES OF PARTY DISCRIPTION OF SUNDAY SERVICE BUT I WILL NOT GIVE OUT ANYTHING ABOUT LOCATIONS COMMA NAMES OR NUMBERS OF SHIPS OR DATES X THE BRITISH LEAKS ARE UNJUSTIFIED AND TWO WRONGS DO NOT MAKE A RIGHT X I HEARD THE COMMENTATOR WHO SAID FREEDOM OF PRESS AND RELIGION GIVEN UP X HE IS EITHER SENILE OR AN ASS X WHETHER THE SAME HAPPY THOUGHT APPLIES TO PRESS QUERIES AS TO PARTY PRINCIPLE OF CIVILIZATION APPLY TODAY OR NEXT WEEK OR A YEAR HENCE X TELL THE BOYS I SAID SO OFF THE RECORD XX FDR XX HOLD THE

a 286001

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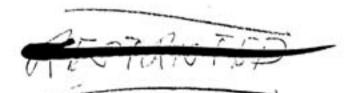
ATLANTIC SQUADRON

OUTGOING

Heading:

T Z NAJF 132155 MUSK GR 12 BT

MSG ADMIRAL INGERSOLL SHALL APPRECIATE IT IF YOU WILL
HAVE MY WIFE INFORMED I WILL BE BACK IN WASHINGTO



132155 From Luscolovia to Ginau TOD' 2315

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OUTGOING

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141325

RECTRICATED

DEFERRED

FOR MRS WATSON WHITE HOUSE X WHITE THIRTY ONE X SOMETIME SUNDAY ALL WELL DEAREST LOVE X EDWIN

By W. J. Stewart Date FFR A 1972

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a086g01

ATLANTIC

OUTGOIN

C37 V C31

132006 GR 30 BT

FOR MR WELLES X PRESIDENT REQUESTS THAT YOU GIVE OUT NO FURTHER INFORMATION OR DETAILS REGARDING TRIP PRIOR HIS ARRIVAL WASHINGTON X WHEN YOU CONTACT MR HARRIMAN ADVISE HIM SIMILARLY

2Ø55 VISUAL TOD: FROM: Originated AUG 13TH/CK Released USS AUGUSTA ACTION: All Despatches Considered ROUTINE: TUSCALOOSA DEFERRED Unless Originator Checks Higher Classi-INFORMATION: fication. PRIORITY: 8 95 Asst. for Operations War Plans of Material

a086201

Special

OUTGOIN

C37 V C31

132004 GR 27 BT

FOR UNDER SECRETARY WELLES X PLAN TO TRANSFER YOU AND STENOGRAPHER TO NAVY PLANE AT BLUE HILL BAY ABOUT NOON TOMORROW THURSDAY FOR AIR TRAVEL TO WASHINGTON

TOD: 2050 VISUAL Pate 13TH/CK Originated FROM: USS AUGUSTA Released ACTION: TUSCALOOSA All Despatches Considered ROUTINE: **DEFERRED** Unless Originator Checks Higher Classi-INFORMATION: fication. PRIORITY: 8 5 90 93 War Plans Special

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OUTGOING

Heading: 131720

PRIORITY

REQUEST AMPHIBIAN PLANE IN BLUE HILL BAY VICINITY PLACENTIA ISLAND MAINE BY NOON PLUS FOUR TIME TOMBBROW THURSDAY FOR

CARRYING CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE PLUS HIS SECRETARY TO QUONSET POINT WHERE GEN

GENERAL MARSHALL REQUESTS YOU INFORM ARMY HE DESIRES HIS PLANE F TRANSPORTING HIM WELLES AND STENOGRAPHER ON TO WASHINGTON SAME

DAY PERIOD STARK WILL KEEP HIS PLANE MAKE INFORMAL INSPECTION NEW PORT AREA PROCEED LAKE CARY RETURNING NAVY DEPARTMENT SUNDAY

OR MONDAY PERIOD THIS MESSAGE FOR ADMIRAL INGERSOLL ONLY WHO WIL

Franklin D. Reason At Library

(27/53)

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a 086501

OUTGOIN

Heading:

122046



PRODRITY

DIRECT ANACOSTIA MAIL PLANE CONTACT ARGENTIA MAIL PLANE AT HALIFAX AND OBTAIN MAIL X HOLD NORTH BOUND MAIL ■ IN HALIFAX AND AWAIT NEW RENDEZVOUS X ARGENTIA PRANE RETURN REGULAR STATIONA WHITE TWENTY FOUR

> Franklin D. Remoult Library Latta 8000.0 (1/27/88)

Signature= (M

+00.2128 Originated by: Released by: AUGUSTA Action To: Routine OPNAV WASHINGTON Information To:

a086+01

GOOD LUCK TO EACH AND EVERY ONE OF YOU FROM THE PRESIDENT

TOD: 2124 LITE

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a086401

121640

PRIORITY

FOR RADM INGERSOLL X WHITE TWENTY ONE X PLEASE TRANSMIT FOLLOWING TO COL WARD GENERAL STAFF QUOTE FOR W P D COLON PROCEED.

WITH PLANS AND DEFINITE PREPARATION FOR INDIGO TWO ON FOLLOWING BASIS COLON INDIGO OUTSIDE COMMA BEYOND WESTERN HEMISPHERE X MARINES TO REMAIN X TOTAL OF US TROOPS TO BE BROUGHT TO TENTHOUSAND X TO EASE PERSONNEL DIFFICULTIES PROCEED IMMEDIATELY WITH ENDEAVOR TO SECURE VOLUNTARY ENLISTMENT OF SELECTEES IN ORGANIZATIONS CONCERNED AND REASSIGNMENT OF RESERVE OFFICER COMPLEMENT ON VOLUNTARY BASIS X CARRY OUT THESE MEASURES AS

TOD: SECRETLY AS POSSIBLE BUT GO AHEAD WITH THEM VIGOROUSLY X

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a086 v01

OUTGOING

121646

PAGE TWO

SET SAILING DATE AS EARLY AS ARRANGEABLE X END INDIGO XX FOR GENERAL MOORE COLON SHIP TOTAL OF FIFTY LIGHT TANKS TO MANILA BY EARLIEST BOAT X FIND OUT IF MCARTHUR WANTS ANY SCOUT CARS COMMA GARAND RIFLES COMMA JEEPS X NOTIFY HIM OF RECENTLY DIRECT SHIPMENT OF FIFTY PREP DASH FORTY PLANES AND OF INCREASE OF TANK ALLOTMENT X MARSHALL

OECLASSING (2/27/58) EC

TOD:

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a086W01

OUTGOIN

Heading:

Chief

1/2300



ROUTINE

TRANSMIT TO POTOMAC FOR ACTION FROM NAVAIDE X USE THIS SAME SYSTEM XX PROCEED AT DISCRETION TO ARRIVE OUTER HARBOR YARMOUTH NOVA SCOTIA BY WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON AUG THIRTEENTH AT WHICH TIME WILL ADVISE TIME AND PLACE OF REEMBARKATION X WHITE NINETEEN

From: AUGUSTA

Signature: AUGUSTA

Date JAN 1 1972

Date JAN 1 1972

Date JAN 1 1972

Date JAN 1 1972

Priority Date JAN 1 1974

Released by:

Released by:

Restricted Routine Routine Priority Restricted Confidential

Information To:

Franklin D. Roosevelt Library

a086401

Captain

OUTGOING

Heading:

111920

RESTRICTED

MSG JAMES ROOSEVELT X WHITE EIGHTEEN X IMPOSSIBLE PHONE SEND MESSAGE CODE ENSIGN ROOSEVELT

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a086201

INCOMIN

Ø81726

ROUTINE

BLACK 17 IS BLANK NOW X WILL FILL IN ON NEXT MESSAGE

ACTION:

TOR:

1755 8TH NSS FOX NR 765

FROM:

OPNAV

Date: AUGUST 3,1941

ACTION:

PRESUDENT.

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208c01

Heading:

112132

LORD BEAVERBROOK AT AIRPORT WAITING FAVORABLE WEATHER TO BE
TRANSPORTED ARGENTIA PERIOD CONTACT HIM AND MAKE ARRANGEMENTS
TO LEAVE IMMEDIATELY UPON RECEIPT OF FAVORABLE WEATHER
CONDITIONS AT ARGENTIA PERIOD MAINTAIN TWENTY FOUR HOUR
CONTACT WITH ARGENTIA FROM CRABBE

Cranklin D. Roosevelt Library

000000 (0/27/59)

Date- JAN 1 1972

CSP 963

Signature-1/1999

TOD: 2155

10 BELENAP TZ

TZ TOD to 11019-0001

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a08ca01

Heading:

FROM AUGUSTA TO PRINCE OF WALES BT

FOR COMDR THOMPSON X THE PRESIDENT WILL BE DELIGHTED

TO SEE HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF NEWFOUNDLAND AT

ONE FIVE ZERO ZERO X CAPT BEARDALL

From	1:	A	UGU	ST	A			_		(OPE	R	ATIC	_	OFFI			Origin	nated	by:	_	Relea	ased by:
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a08cb01

RECEIVED

U. S. S. POTOMAC OFFICIAL DISPATCH (ORIGINAL COPY)

RECEIVED

HEADING:

Z ZRRX Ø32324 5QY5 P GR81

BLACK NUMBER 1.

I N F
TO:

THE PRESIDENT

SECREI

SEGRET

AUGUST THIRD 9 PM X PERSONAL FOR THE PRESIDENT X FROM HOPKINS X HOPE YOU WILL HAVE ON HAND WHEN I ARRIVE (1) ACTUAL MANIFESTS SHOWING MATERIAL ON SHIPS WHICH HAVE LEFT THE UNITED STATES FOR RUSSIA SINCE JULY FIRST X (2) ALSO BEST ESTIMATE OF MATERIAL TO BE SENT TO RUSSIA IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE AND BY WHAT ROUTE X WINANT

Norfolk Navy Yard-9-12-40-2,000 (Sets of 6)

a OSCCOI

OUTGOIN

Heading:

102315



PRIDRITY

YOUR 101732 FOLLOWING FROM ADMIRAL STARK QUOTE YOUR ATTENTION INVITED TO WPL 51 PARA 9 AND APPENDIX ONE X DESIRE ALL US

AND ICELAND FLAG VESSELS PROCEEDING BETWEEN NORTH AMERICA AND ICELAND BE CONSIDERED AS CONVOYS AND THAT CONVOYS BE

ROUTED BY OPNAY IN AGREEMENT ITH BRITISH ONS AND THAT CINCLANT BE INFORMED IN ORDER THAT HE MAY PROVIDE APPROPRIATE

ESCORT X THE EXCEPTED PORTION OF TASK SEVEN BAKER WPL 51 IS NOT TO BE PLACED INTO EFFECT UNTIL AFTER MY RETURN TO

WASHINGTON X DELIVER THIS ONLY TO ADMIRAL INGERSOLL UNQUOTE XX WHITE SIXTEEN

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a 08cdo1

OUTGOIN

Heading:

111820



FOR RADM INGERSOLL X SEND WHITE HOUSE POUCH TO ARRIVE
HALIFAX TUESDAY FORENOON VIA PLANE X PILOT SHOULD CONTACT
PLANE FROM ARGENTIA FOR TRANSFER MAIL AND RETURN X INFORM
MR FORSTER WHITE HOUSE X WHITE SEVENTEEN X RECEIPT FOR THIS
DISPATCH ON NEXT FOX SKED

Franklin D. Roodsvels Library

Date- JAN 1 1972

ECH-20 GOPOF

From: AUGUSTA

Action To:
OPNAV WASHINGTON

Information To:

OPNAV Washing Start Badio Option of Start Badio O

a08ce01

OUTGOIN

Heading:

Ø714 pg



ROUTINE

FOR INGERSOLL ONLY X TO BE TELEPHONED TO MRS ROOSEVELT QUOTE PRESIDENT SENDS WORD ALL WELL ON BOARD AND GETTING REAL REST WEATHER EXCELLENT X WHITE TEN

Franklin D. Roo. - hiwary
[1791]
[18] Dien 8200.0 (0/87/58)

Signature- PAFF

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a08cf01

OUTGOING

Heading:

LAY OFF XX TRANSMIT FOR ACTION TO POTOMAC XX

DISCONTINUE NEWS BROADCASTS IMMEDIATELY XX HAVE HAD ENOUGH
355

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PAIORITY

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OUTGOING

Heading:

\$82210

DEFERRED

FOR ADMIRAL INGERSOLL XX MANY THANKS FOR PERFECT FLIGHT X SHALL BE GRATEFUL, IF YOU WILL HAVE YOUR OFFICE TELEPHONE MY WIFE I ARRIVED SAFELY XX THIS IS WHITE FOURTEEN X SIGNED WELLES

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a Oschol

ATLANTIC FLEET

INCOMING

2007

BT

THE PRESIDENT WILL BE PLEASED TO SEE MR WELLES AND MR HARRIMAN AS SOON AS CONVENIENT

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FRO	·	INCL	_		100								Date			
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OUTGOING

Heading:

Ø81845



PRIORITY

THIS IS WHITE THIRTEEN XX TO ADMIRAL INGERSOLL X PLEASE DELIVER FOLLOWING TO COLONEL WARD GENERAL STAFF X A TOTAL OF EIGHTYFOUR

PURSUIT PLANES ARE ALLOCATED TO RUSSIA AT A RATE OF TWENTYEIGHT PER MONTH STARTING IN SPETSEMBER X IN SO FAR AS POSSIBLE PREP

DASH FORTY DASH BAKER TYPE WULL BE SENT TO REDUCE NUMBER OF FIFTY CAL GUNS X MAKE SUBSTITUTIONS IN COMBAT GROUPS TO PERMIT DELIVERY

TO RUSSIA IN ACCORDANCE WITH FOREGOING AND TO AVOID INTERFERENCE WITH MANEUVER GROUPS X FIFTY OF THE PREP DASH FORTY TYPE DELIVERED

IN AUGUST WILL BE SENT DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO THE PHILLIPPINES WITH UTMOST SPEED X MARSHALL

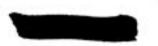
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a08cj01

Heading:

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1577



PRIORITY

FOR RADM INGERSOLL XX PLEASE TRANSMIT FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS TO COLONEL WARD GENERAL STAFF COLON RE LEGISLATION HAVE PERSONS AND HAISLIP KEEP COLONEL LORD ADVISED OF SITUATION IN HOUSE X HAVE LORD TAKE SUCH STEPS AS MAY SEEM ADVISABLE INCLUDING CONTACT WITH COLONEL TAYLOR AMERICAN LEGION WASHINGTON REPRESENTATIVE X HAVE HAISLIP CHECK WITH JUDGE PATTERSON AND MCCLOY TO SECURE THEIR COOPERATION ETC X MARSHALL XX WHITE TWELVE

Franklin D. Roossvalt Library

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a O8ckol

OUTGOING

Heading:



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OUTGOING

Heading:

Ø72359

RESTRICTED

PRIDRITY

VERIFY ENCIPHERMENT OF YOUR ZERO SEVEN TWENTYTWO ZERO TWO

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al8cmol

Heading:

\$7 13 1¢



PRIORITY

DELIVER TO RADM INGERSOLL ONLY XX HAVE COLONEL WARD SECRETARY
WAR DEPARTMENT GENERAL STAFF GIVE YOU COLONEL PERSONS ESTIMATE
OF LEGISLATIVE SITUATION IN HOUSE REPRESENTATIVES FOR IMMEDIATE TRANSMISSION TO ME EARLY THIS MORNING XX G C MARSHALL
WHITE EIGHT

7,533)

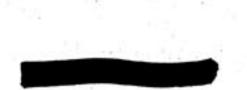
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Signature- MAS

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OUTGOING

Heading:





EFFECTIVE ZERO FOUR HOURS SEVEN AUGUST ESTABLISH AND ENFORCE RADIO SILENCE ALL US UNITS ASHORE AND AFLOAT EXCEPT BETWEEN YOU AND ME X NOTIFY SHORE ACTIVITIES THAT NO ONE SHALL LEAVE RESERVATION FROM RECEIPT THIS DESPATCH UNTIL FURTHER ORDERS

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0.0 (0/27/59)

Signature - Date: AUG 6 AUM (C)

From: CINCLANT

Action To: ARKANSAS

Information To:

Signature - Date: AUG 6 AUM (C)

Action To: ARKANSAS

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a Decoop

Heading:

452210



PRIORITY

YOUR ZERO FIVE ONE EIGHT ZERO ZERO SUGGESTED BERTH FOULS FATROL PLANE OFERATIONS X PROPOSE MEET SHIP CONCERNED WITH DESDIV OFF CAPE SAINT MARY WHEN WILL GIVE INFORMATION REGARDING BERTH AND OTHER ARRANGEMENTS X NO SALUTES

Signatura- JAN 1 1972

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a 080p01

U. S. S. POTOMAC OFFICIAL DISPATCH (ORIGINAL COPY)

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HEADI	ING:		
FROM:			
	THE PRESIDENT	Ň	
TO:	OPNAV	o F	

Ø4233Ø

PRESIDENT DESIRES THAT YOU SEE PRINCE CHARLES OF SWEDEN WHEN HE CALLS
ON YOU IN WASHINGTON COMING WEEK X HE WISHES TO BUY OIL TOLUOL ETC FOR
SWEDEN IN SWEDISH SHIPS X HIS TEXAS AGENTS ARE REFINED OIL CO OF HOUSTON
X PLEASE DO EVERYTHING APPROPRIATE TO A COMODATE HIM X WATSON XX WHITE
FIVE X FOR WHALES

ECM-DO ROPOF 1 Carl Burthte HPJKB

Norfolk Navy Yard-9-12-43-2,000 (Sets of 6)

a08cg01

U. S. S. POTOMAC OFFICIAL DISPATCH (ORIGINAL COPY)



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HEADING:	
FROM:	Ţ
THE PRESIDENT	- N
TO: OPNAV	ō

Ø42323

FOX COMING THROUGH GOOD XX FOR HULL X PLEASE TELL MUCKENSIE KING FEAR

CANNOT REACH CAMPBELLO X DELIGHTED SEE HIM WASHINGTON NINETEENTH OR HYDE PARK TWENTY THIRD XX WHITE FOUR X NERK POOR SMORNING

ECM-VO COPOF RFCWD

4

Norfolk Nevy Yard-9-12-40-2,000 (Sets of 6)

a08cr01

U. S. S. POTOMAC OFFICIAL DISPATCH (ORIGINAL COPY)



RECEIVED

FROM:	
THE PRESIDENT	I
TO:	F
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Ø42311

AWAY AWAY XX WHITE THREE X TRANSMIT FOLDOWING TO CINCLANT FOR ACTION X USE HIGH COMMAND ECM MARK TWO CHANNEL XX RENDEZVOUS ZERO FIVE THIRTY PLUS FOUR TIME TUESDAY AT MENEMSHA BIGHT, XX WITH SWORD

HERTHAS WINYARD

ECH-00 COPOF

BDPKH

3

Norfolk Navy Yard-9-12-40-2,000 (Sets of 6)

a080501

N. C. S. 387

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM: PRESIDENT US

TO : OPNAV

Z-Pla 040055 MUSK WHITE-ONE P GR-1-BT-

DEPARTED .

NAA #1 0107 AX 4235

a 08cto1

N. C. S. 387

U. S. NAVAL COMMUNICATION SERVICE

SRS

FROM:

THE PRESIDENT

TO :

OPNAV

"151820"

CONFIDENTIFE P

DULL PRIESXX

FOR SECNAV X I SUGGEST FIRST THAT MYRON TAYLOR BE ASKED TO HELP
WITH STEEL CORPORATION X I UNDERSTAND MEDIATION BOARD DOES NOT CALL
FOR CLOSED SHOP BUT RECOMMENDS A FORM OF PREFERENTIAL SHOP.X

BE SENT ME TO ROCKLAND BY FOUR PM SATURDAY TO GO INTO EFFECT MONDAY MORNING X THIS WOULD TAKE OVER THE FEDERAL SHIP PLANT X I THINK WE

SECOND X IF THIS FAILS I AM WILLING TO ISSUE EXECUTIVE ORDER TO

SHOULD FOLLOW THE INGLEWOOD METHOD OF OPERATING X THIS MEANS EXISTING

WAGES AND LAWS BUT NEW HIRING OF MEN WOULD COME UNDER NAVY YARD

CIVIL SERVICE HIRING CONDITIONS X ROOSEVELT XX MAKE MY 142030

WHITE 32 X THIS ONE IS WHITE 33 XX CHOPPY

DECLASSIFIED

By Deputy Archivist of the U.S.

By W. J. Stewart Date FEB 4 1972

a08c401

Heading:

141320



ROUTINE

FOR MR FRANK J WILSON COMMA CHIEF UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE
TREASURY DEPARTMENT X WHITE THIRTY X PRESIDENTIAL PARTY WILL
DISEMBARK AND BOARD TRAIN AT ROCKLAND MAINE AT NOON AUGUST
SIXTEENTH AND ARRIVE WASHINGTON MORNING AUGUST SEVENTEENTH
STOP INSTRUCT CLERK LAY TO HAVE ALL AGENTS REPORT FOR DUTY
AUGUST SEVENTEENTH IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCHEDULE STOP WILL
ADVISE DEFINITE ARRIVAL TIME LATER X REILLY

DECLASSIFI 5

By Deputy Archivist of the 0.3.

By W. J. Stewart Date FEB 4 1972

From: PRESIDENT

Date: AUGUST 14 Originated by: Released by:

Action To: OPNAV

Information To:

Start Online August Of Operations of Marine August Of Officer Officer

Heading: 14 1230

FOR SECRETARY EARLY WHITE HOUSE X PLEASE HAVE TRAIN READY AT ROCK LAND MAINE BY MOON SATURDAY AUGUST SIXTEENTH X EXPECT TO ARRIVE WASHINGTON SUNDAY X INFORM COL STARLING AND OTHERS CONCERNED WHITE TWENTY NINE X ACKNOWLEDGE

TOD: 1319 (NOT TO BE TRANSMITTED FRIOR \$900 THURSDAY)

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OUTGOING

Heading:

132240

SEGRET

PRIDRITY

FOR MR EARLY X YOUR 131830 X DEFINITE AGREEMENT MADE AT MEETING THAT NO RELEASE OF PICTURES WOULD BE MADE PRIOR TO MUTUAL RELEASE WHICH WILL PROBABLY BE FRIDAY X PLEASE ASK STATE DEPARTMENT AND BRITISH AMBASSADOR THIS AGREEMENT MUST BE KEPT X WHITE TWENTY EIGHT

DECLASSIFIED
By Deputy Archivist of the U.S.

ECM-30 GOPOF

TOU: 2300

By W. J. Stewart Date FEB 4 1972

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a 08 cy 01

OUTGOING

Heading: 13 20 37

ROUTINE

FOR MR EARLY WHITE HOUSE X WHITE TWENTY SEVEN X AM FORWARDING MOVIE FILMS AND STILL PICTURES TO YOU VIA WAR AND NAVY DEPTS X RELEASE DATES HAVE BEEN MUTUALLY XXXXXXXXX ARRANGED WITH BRITISH WHO WILL ADVISE YOU WHEN THEIRS ARE READY FOR RELEASE X AM SENDIN FURTHER INFORMATION BY AIR MAIL

DECLASSIFIED

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ATLANTIC FLEET

Ø71821

COCKENDENTIAL

DEFERRED

URAGUAY HAS INVITED ONE OR MORE NAVAL VESSELS TO PARTICIPATE IN CELEBRATION AT MONTEVIDEO OF NATIONAL HOLIDAY AUGUST 25 X BRAZILIAN AND ARGENTINE NAVIES WILL BE REPRESENTED X REQUEST COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

OPERATIONS OFFICER Ø646 8TH NSS FOX NR 692

	• .			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
FROM:	VAN90		Date:	···- ·- ·- AUGUST	8,194
		<u> </u>	· !		
A CONTORY.					

GINCLANT

INFORMATION:

COMCRUDIV 2

Heading: 122115

SEGIN PART THREE X PARA FIFTH SEMICOLON THEY DESIRE TO BRING ADDUT THE FULLEST COLLABORATION BETWEEN ALL NATIONS IN THE

ICONOMIC FIELD WITH THE OBJECT OF SECURING COMMA FOR ALL COMMA TWPROVED LABOR STAKEARDS/ECONOMIC ALVARGEMENT AND SOCIAL SECURITY #200004

SEMIOCEDE AFTER THE FINAL BESTRUCTION OF THE THEY HORE TO SEE ESTI-BLISHED A FEACL METCH

NAMES APPORED TO ALL HATTORS THE MEAKS OF THE THATS OF THE THATS OF THE THAT ONE BOUNDARIES CONTACT AND MITTOR - INTELLING IN SAFETY MITH-MILL AFFORD ASSURANCE

THAT ALL THE LEW IN ALL THE LARDS JAN LIVE OUT THEIR LIVES IN FREEDOM FROIL HEAR ARE MANT SEMINOSLOW PARA SEVENTH SEMICOLON

THAT ALL OF THE HATTORS OF THE WORLD COUNTAINDR WEEL AS SPIRITUAL HEASONS HUST COLE TO THE

From: Parado	Date:	Originated by: Released by:
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a Offor

Heading:

ABANDONMENT OF THE USE OF FORCE PERIOD SINCE NO FUTURE PEACE CAN BE MAINTAINED IF LAND COMMA SEA OR AIR ARMAMENTS CONTINUE

TO BE EMPLOYED BY NATIONS WHICH THREATEN COMMA OR MAY THREATEN COMMA AGGRESSION OUTSIDE OF THEIR FRONTIERS COMMA THEY BELIEVE

COMMA PENDING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A WIDER AND PERMANENT SYSTEM OF GENERAL SECURITY COMMA THAT THE DISARMAMENT OF SUCH NATIONS

IS ESSENTIAL PERIOD THEY WILL LIKEWISE AID AND ENCOURAGE ALL OTHER PRACTICABLE MEASURES WHICH WILL LIGHTEN FOR PEACE DASH

LOVING PEOPLES THE CRUSHING BURDEN OF ARMAMENTS PERIOD SIGNED FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT WINSTON S CHURCHILL END QUOTE XX

SIGNED ROOSEVELT XX END PART THREE AND WHITE TWENTYTHREE

DECLASSIFIED

By Deputy Archivist of the U.S.

TOD: 0453

By W. J. Stewart Date FEB 4 1972

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Heading:

122107 WHITE TWENTY TWOX

BEGIN PART TWO X PARA WE MUST NOW TURN OUR MINDS TO THE CONSIDERATION OF A MORE LONG TERM POLICY COMMA SINCE THERE IS

STILL A LONG AND HARD PATH TO BE TRAVERSED BEFORE THERE CAN BE WON THAT COMPLETE VICTORY WITHOUT WHICH OUR EFFORTS AND SACRIFICES

WOULD BE WASTED PERIOD PARA THE WAR GOES ON UPON MANY FRONTS AND BEFORE IT IS OVER THERE MAY BE YET FURTHER FIGHTING FRONTS

THAT WILL BE DEVELOPED PERIOD DUR RESOURCES THOUGH EMMENSE ARE LIMITED COMMA AND IT MUST BECOME A QUESTION AS TO WHERE AND WHEN

THOSE RESOURCES CAN BEST BE USED TO FURTHER TO THE GREATEST EXTENT OUR COMMON EFFORT PERIOD THIS APPLIES EQUALLY TO

MANUFACTURED WAR SUPPLIES AND TO RAW MATERIALS X END PART TWO

DECLASSIFIED
By Deputy Archivist of the U.S.

From: President Date: Originated by: Released by:

Action To: Deferred Radio Visual Restricted Confidential Different Released by:

Information To:

Chief of Staff Of Staff Of Staff Officer Offic

a 08 dho1

OUTGOING

Heading:

122105

PEFERRED DEGRET

THIS IS WHITE TWENTY TWO IN THREE PARTS XX FOR THE SECRETARY OF STATE X CHURCHILL AND I HAVE AGREED UPON THE FOLLOWING

JOINT MESSAGE TO STALIN X PLEASE HAVE IT CABLED TO OUR EMBASSY IN MOSCOW AND ASK STEINHARDT TO ARRANGE WITH CRIPPS SO THAT

THE TEXT IS DELIVERED BY BOTH OF THEM SIMULTANEOUSLY X I HAVE ALSO AGREED TO HAVE THE TEXT OF THIS MESSAGE GIVEN TO THE PRESS

FOR THE SATURDAY MORNING PAPERS X PLEASE SEE THAT THIS IS DONE IN WASHINGTON X THE TEXT OF THE MESSAGE IS AS FOLLOWS X QUOTE WE HAVE TAKEN THE OPPORTUNITY AFFORDED BY THE CONSIDERATION OF THE REPORT OF MR HARRY HOPKINS ON HIS RETURN FROM MOSCOW

TO CONSULT TOGETHER AS TO HOW BEST OUR TWO COUNTRIES CAN HELP YOUR COUNTRY IN THE SPLENDID DEFENSE THAT YOU ARE MAKING AGAINST

THE NAZIS ATTACK PERIOD WE ARE AT THE MOMENT COOPERATING TO PROVIDE YOU WITH THE VERY MAXIMUM OF SUPPLIES THAT YOU MOST

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Heading :-

URGENTLY NEED PERIOD ALREADY MANY SHIPLOADS HAVE LEFT OUR SHORES AND MORE WILL LEAVE IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE PERIOD END PART ONE

DECLASSIFIED
By Deputy Archivist of the U.S.

By W. J. Stewart Date EB 4 1972

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Heading:

122109



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BEGIN PART THREE X PARA THE NEEDS AND DEMANDS OF YOUR AND OUR ARMED SERVICES CAN ONLY BE DETERMINED IN THE LIGHT OF THE FULL

KNOWLEDGE OF THE MANY FACTORS WHICH MUST BE TAKEN INTO CONSIDER-ATION IN THE DECISIONS THAT WE MAKE PERIOD IN ORDER THAT ALL OF

US MAY BE IN A POSITION TO ARRIVE AT SPEEDY DECISIONS AS TO THE APPORTIONMENT OF OUR JOINT RESOURCES COMMA WE SUGGEST THAT WE

PREPARE FOR A MEETING TO BE HELD AT MOSCOW COMMA TO WHICH WE WOULD SEND HIGH REPRESENTATIVES WHO COULD DISCUSS THESE MATTERS

DIRECTLY WITH YOU PERIOD IF THIS CONFERENCE APPEALS TO YOU COMMA WE WANT YOU TO KNOW THAT PENDING THE DECISIONS OF THAT CONFERENCE

WE SHALL CONTINUE TO SEND SUPPLIES AND MATERIAL AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE PERIOD PARA WE REALIZE FULLY HOW VITALLY IMPORTANT

TO THE DEFEAT OF HITLERISM IS THE BRAVE AND STEADFAST RESISTENCE OF THE SOVIET UNION AND WE FEEL THEREFORE THAT WE MUST NOT IN

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4	ATLANTIC	SQUADRON



Heading:

ANY CIRCUMSTANCES FAIL TO ACT QUICKLY AND IMMEDIATELY IN THIS MATTER OF PLANNING THE PROGRAM FOR THE FUTURE ALLOCATION OF OUR JOINT RESOURCES PERIOD X SIGNED FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT WINSTON S CHURCHILL END QUOTE X SIGNED ROOSEVELT X END PART THREE AND END

WHITE TWENTYTWO

By W. J. Stewart Date EB 4 1972

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Heading:

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CONFIDENTIAL

PRIORITY

WHITE FOURTEEN WAS MESSAGE FROM MR WELLES X HAVE REPEATED
MESSAGE REFERENCE NUMBERS ZERO EIGHT TWENTY TWO ZERO ONE X
THIS IS WHITE SIXTEEN.

DECLASSIFIED
By Deputy Archivist of the U.S.

By W. J. Stewart Date FEB 4 1972

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ATLANTIC	SQUADRON

Heading: \$\psi 9231 \emptyset\$

DONELDEUTIAL

PRIDRITY

ANTIC HAY XX DELIVER TO SECNAV FROM THE PRESIDENT X I HAVE NOTED A DESPATCH RELATIVE TO THE PROPOSED VISIT TO ICELAND BY MEMBERS OF

THE SENATE NAVAL COMMITTEE PERIOD I SUGGEST YOU POINT OUT TO THEM THAT SOME DANGER ATTENDS SUCH A TRIP THAT AN UNDESIRABLE INCIDENT

WIGHT HAPPEN AS SUBMARINES HAVE BEEN OPERATING IN AREAS THROUGH WHICH THE COMMITTEE MUST PASS THAT MOREOVER THE DEFENSES OF

ICELAND ARE A MILITARY SECRET AND ARE PARTLY IN THE HANDS OF THE BRITISH AND THAT AN INSPECTION OF THIS MILITARY OUTPOST WOULD

PROBABLY NOT BE DESIRED EITHER BY THE BRITISH OR BY THE INDEPENDENT ICELAND GOVERNMENT PERIOD I FEEL THAT SUCH A VISIT WOULD BE OF

QUESTIONABLE WISDOM AND NOT IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF OUR GOVERNMENT AT THIS PARTICULAR TIME X WHITE FIFTEEN X ROOSEVELT XX NO MORE TO SAY

Fron	n: PR	ESI	DEN.	Т		1					Da	te:			Origin	ated 1	by:	R	eleased	by:
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Heading:

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OFFICE

PRIDRITY

TO WAYNE COY X WHITE ELEVEN X REF BLACK SERIAL 12 QUESTION ONE DASH AUGUST PRODUCTION P DASH FORTY RESERVED FOR URGENT NEEDS IN PHILIPPINES X ONE SQUADRON PER MONTH OF P DASH FORTY DASH B AUTHORIZED FOR TRANSFER TO RUSSIA DURING SEPTEMBER OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER X DECISION REGARDING FURTHER TRANSFERS TO BE MADE LATER IN LIGHT OF PLANT DELIVERIES X P DASH FORTY B TYPE AUTHORIZED INSTEAD OF D TYPE AS LATTER IS ARMED WITH LARGE NUMBER OF FIFTY CALIBRE GUNS FOR WHICH NO AMMUNITION WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR TRANSFER X CALIBRE THIRTY AMMUNITION FROM US MUST BE RESTRICTED TO FOUR MILLION ROUNDS ALREADY AUTHORIZED X QUESTION TWO DASH USE OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES THROUGH LEND LEASE MECHANISM ON CASH RE-IMBURSEMENT BASIS AUTHORIZED X QUESTION THREE DASH WITHHOLD TEMPORARILY FURTHER DISCUSSION WITH BRITISH FOR ADDITIONAL DELIVERIES FROM THEIR PRODUCTION X ROOSEVELT

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Heading:

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CEORET

PRIDRITY.

ONLY TO INGERSOLL FOR ORAL DELIVERY TO EARLY QUOTE PRESIDENT THINKS PERSONAL APPEAL TO INDIVIDUAL HOUSE MEMBERS BY LEADERS

IS BEST WITH POSSIBLE DELAY IN VOTE UNTIL SENATE HAS ACTED X YOU CAN SAY YOU HAVE RECEIVED MESSAGES FROM PRESIDENT

EXPRESSING URGENT HOPE AND STRESSING SERIOUS SITUATION OF THIS HEMISPHERE IF EUROPE AND AFRICA AND FAR EAST ARE WHOLLY

CONTROLLED BY AGGRESSOR NTAIONS LEAVING UNITED STATES WITH A WEAK ARMY COMPOSED MOSTLY OF VERY NEW RECRUITS X THE FUTURE

OF DEFENSE OF THE AMERICAS MAY DEPEND ON THIS VOTE X IT IS TOO SERIOUS TO TAKE A CHANCE X ROOSEVELT XX WHITE NINE

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OUTGOING

Heading:

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CEADET

PR I ORI TY

WHO HAS XX HERE COMES WHITE SEVEN XX THINK HIGHLY INADVISABLE
MAKE ANY STATEMENT AT THIS TIME X IN MY JUDGEMENT ALL THAT
NEED BE SAID IS THAT PRIME MINISTER IS ON SHORT VACATION XX
REFERENCES TO ACCOMPANYING OFFICERS ESPECIALLY BAD X ANY STATEMENTAL NOW IS DIRECT INVITATION TO GERMANS TO ATTACK HIM AND HIS PARTY
GOING AND RETURNING X WHEN IN DOUBT SAY NOTHING X ROOSEVELT XX
THE MIDDLE GUARD

ECM-30

ICYNL

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Heading:

\$52217

SONF I DENTIL

FOX DOING GOOD XX YOUR BLACK SIX X TELL HULL WILL SIGN PROCLAMATION X THIS IS MY WHITE NUMBER SIX XX SO IS NERK

ECM - 30 XXXXX BYRAB

DECLASSIFIED

By Deputy Archivist of the U.S.

By W. J. Stewart Date FEB 4 1972

From: THE PRESIDENT

Action To:

Operations

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OFFICIAL DISPATCE (ORIGINAL COPY)



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	THE PRESIDENT	PPP	Ń	
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Ø4133Ø

SEE
SAILING SAILING X FOR WELLES X PLEASE/THAT I GET BY END OF WEEK
WITHOUT FAIL PAREN ONE PAREN ACTUAL MANIFESTS SHOWING MATERIAL
ON VESSELS WHICH SINCE JULY ONE HAVE DEPARTED FOR RUSSIA FROM US X
PAREN TWO PAREN IN ADDITION BY WHAT ROUTE AND BEST ESTIMATE OF
MATERIAL TO BE SENT TO RUSSIA IN IMMEDIATE FUTURE
X OVER BOUNDING MAIN

DECLASSIFIED

By Deputy Archivist of the U.S.

By W. J. Stewart Date FEE 1972

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Norfolk Navy Yard-9-12-40-2,000 (Sets of 6)

a08ds01

For additional Atlantic Charter meeting material see Confidential File: State Department: European War folder.

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Ø72214



ROUT INE

ONE U BOAT DOG FOXED NEAR 52 N 21 W AND ANOTHER JUST NORTH OF AZORES X BRITISH PLANE ATTACKED ITALIAN SUB 36 30 N 12 W AFTER-NOON 6 AUGUST X OTHERWISE NO CHANGE

OPERATIONS OFFICER \$24\$ 8TH NSS FOX NR 645

-OPNAV-

AUGUST 8,1941

ALL TASK FORCE COMDRS LANTFLT

CINCLANT

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a 08e 01

ATLANTIC FLEET

120120

COMPARENTAL

PRIORITY

ANACOSTIA PLANE ARRIVING DARTMOUTH AIRPORT HALIFAX
FORENDON TUESDAY THELVE AUGUST X ARRANGE DELIVERY
WHITE HOUSE MAIL NOW AT ARGENTIA TO DARTMOUTH AIRPORT
HALIFAX IN TIME CONTACT PLANE ARRIVING FROM ANACOSTIA
PICK UP NORTH BOUND WHITE HOUSE MAIL X ACTION COMTASKGRP
FOUR POINT SEVEN INFO NAS ANACOSTIA X USS AUGUSTA X
ALUSNA OTTAWA

ACTION:

TOR:

\$355 12TH NSS NR 391

FROM:

VAMSC

Date:

12 AUG

ACTION:

INFORMATION:

COMTASKGRP 4.7

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RESTRICTED

PRIDRITY

FOR CAPTAIN BEARDALL X DELIVERING POUCH TO ADMIRAL INGERSOLL THIS AFTERNOON STOP PLEASE RADIO IF AND WHEN THE PRESIDENT WANT! ANOTHER POUCH STOP HAS PA CAUGHT A FISH STOP REGARDS TO ALL X FORESTER X BLACK SERIAL 18

Ø441 8TH NSS FOX NR 667

FROM: OPNAV		Date:	AUGUST	8,1941
ACTION: PRESIDENT				
INFORMATION:		*		
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INCOMIN

120125

CONFUNCTION

PRIORITY

SEND PLANE WITH WHITE HOUSE MAIL TO ARRIVE HALIFAX FORENCON
TUESDAY 12 AUGUST PILOT CONTACT PLANE FROM ARGENTIA FOR
TRANSFER MAIL AND RETURN X ACTION NAS ANACOSTIA INFO COMTASKGROUP FOUR POINT SEVEN X ALUSNA OTTAWA X USS AUGUSTA

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SESSET

PRIORITY

WHITE ELEVEN FAILS TO BREAK AFTER GROUP SEVENTY X HAVE ASKED WIRE CO FOR REPEAT X NO ANS YET X PLEASE REENCIPHER AND TRANSMIT X THIS IS BLACK SEVENTEEN

REF: TO WAYNE COY X . . . PRODUCTION P DASH 40 RESERVED FOR URGEN'

FROM:	2 945 OPN	NSS NR	817	Date:	AUGUST 8/41
ACTION:	THE	PRESIDE	ENT		
INFORMATION	:)"
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a 08 g 01

120220

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

DELIVERING POUCH TO DUTY OFFICER NAVAL AIR STATION TONIGHT STOP REGARDS TO ALL X FOR NAVAIDE X FORSTER X BLACK TWENTY FOUR

\$427 12TH NSS NR 396

FROM: Date: 12 AUG VAMSO ACTION: PRESIDENT

INFORMATION:

ADMIRAL-00

a 08 99 01

a08h01

X INFORMANT ADDS THAT GERMAN TIME TABLE CALLING FOR DEFEAT OF RED ARMY BY AUGUST 15TH AND OCCUPATION OF EUROPEAN RUSSIA BY SEPTEMBER 35TH HAS NECESSARILY BEEN MODIFIED OWING TO UNFORESEEN STUBBORN SOVIET RESISTANCE X HE CLAIMS DISCOVERY OF 2ND SOVIET DEFENSE LINE OF MORE THAN 100 FRESH DIVISIONS EAST OF STALIN LINE PARTICULARLY DISCONCERTING TO GERMANS AND THAT NEW TIME TABLE PRESCRIBES ONLY TERRITORY WEST OF VOLGA TO BE OCCUPIED THIS WIN-

LER HAVING TURNED OVER CAMPAIGN CONDUCT IN THE EAST TO THE HIGH COMMAND HAS LEFT FOR OBERSALZBERG TO PLAN NEXT GERMAN OPERATIONS

THE PRESIDENT AT SEA X MORRIS REPORTS FROM BERLIN THAT A RESPON-SIBLE SOURCE HITHERTO QUITE ACCURATELY INFORMED ADVISES THAT HIT-

272127

PRIORITY

ATLANTIC FLEET

STRLE X SPECIAL VAM FILL TLAND TO THAT JOINT SPANISH GETTAN

ILY DROPPED X INFORMANT BELIEVES THAT JOINT SPANISH GETTIAN DRIVE OF OR CIERALTER ET CETERA FOR WHICH ARRANGEMENTS SCHELULED BY AUG-

UST 12TH HAVE BEEN DROPPED TEMPORARILY BECAUSE OF EASTERN FRONT STOMATION X HE PERSONALLY BELIEVES HITLER TO BE CONSIDERING EARLY

TER PLAN FOR EASTERN LEDITERANEAN CAMPAIGN ARRANGEMENTS FOR MOST OF MHIGH WERE COMPLETED SEFORE SOVIET MAR X INFORMANT DOES NOT

KNOW ANYTHING OF A RU-ORED INCLINENT MEETING BETGEEN MUSSOLINI AND HITLER X SIGNED HULL X BLACK BERIAL SIXTEEN X

4/32 AUG 8 HSS FOX IIR 625

FROM:

ACTION:

VANEC

PRESIDENT

Date:

vac 8

THE PRESIDENT AT SEA X MOSHIS REPORTS FROM PERLIN THAT A RED OF SIGLE SOCICE HITHERTO CUITE ACCURATELY INFORMED ADVISES THAT I LEG HAVING TORNED OVER CAUPAICN CONDUCT IN THE EACT TO THE HIGH CONTINUE HAS LEFT FOR OBERSALLSBENG TO PLAN HEXT GERNAN DECLATION X INFORMALL AND TAKE SOCIETY OF THE HIGH AND ACCURATE AND THE HIGH AND TOTAL SERVING TO BE SOUTH HAS RECESSARILY BELLY NOBIFIED ON THE TOTAL SERVING THE SOUTH HAS RECESSARILY BELLY NOBIFIED ON THE TOTAL SERVING THE SOUTH HAS RECESSARILY BELLY CLAIMS DISCOVERY OF END COVIET TRANSPORTED LINE OF HOME THAN TO CLAIMS DISCOVERY OF END COVIET TRANSPORTED LINE OF HOME THAN TO CLAIMS DISCOVERY OF END COVIET TRANSPORTED LINE OF HOME THAN TO CLAIMS DISCOVERY OF END COVIET TRANSPORTED IN THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THE TAKE THE TAKE THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THAN THE TAKE THE

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SECRET

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TER AND RUSSIAN RESISTANCE THEREIN TO BE BROKEN AS SOON AS POS-SIBLE X SPECIAL CAMPAIGN PLAN TO BE CAUCASUS AT LEAST TEMPORAR-

ILY DROPPED X INFORMANT BELIEVES THAT JOINT SPANISH GERMAN DRIVE ON GIBRALTER ET CETERA FOR WHICH ARRANGEMENTS SCHELULED BY AUG-

UST 12TH HAVE BEEN DROPPED TEMPORARILY BECAUSE OF EASTERN FRONT SITUATION X HE PERSONALLY BELIEVES HITLER TO BE CONSIDERING EARL

IER PLAN FOR EASTERN MEDITERANEAN CAMPAIGN ARRANGEMENTS FOR MOST OF WHICH WERE COMPLETED BEFORE SOVIET WAR X INFORMANT DOES NOT

KNOW ANTTHING OF A RUMORED IMMINENT MEETING BETWEEN MUSSOLINI AND HITLER X SIGNED HULL X BLACK SERIAL SIXTEEN X

0032 AUG 8 NSS FOX NR 625

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ADMIRAL-00

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INCOMING

ATLANTIC FLEET

112335

SECRET ,

PRIDRITY

YOUR 111820 X REPLY WILL BE MADE AS SOON AS ARRANGEMENTS
COMPLETED

REF:

FORENOON VIA PLANE X PILOT SHOULD CONTACT PLANE FROM ARGENTIA FOR TRANSFER MAIL AND RETURN X INFORM MR FORSTER WHITE HOUSE X . . .

ACTION:

TOR:

OR:

FROM:

OFNAV

Date: 11 AUGUCT

ACTION:

.AUGUSTA

INFORMATION:

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 Admiral	Chief of Staff	Flag Secretary	Operation	War Plan	Asst. for Operation	Flag Lieutenar	Communi	Material	Marine	Gunnery	Aviation	Staff Dut	Special	cwo	

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208101

DRAMATIC CHURCHILL ROOSEVELT CONFERENCE X PRESS HAS DISCOVERED ALSO THAT KNOX, MARSHALL, STARK, ARNOLD ALL MYSTERIOUSLY ABSENT WASHN AND SPECULATED ON POSSIBILITY THEY ARE PROBABLE PARTICI-

OF CONSIDERABLE TURMOIL AND UNEASINESS AMONG MEMBERS X HE ALSO ASKED HELP BY US IN GETTING OPPOSITION AND DOUBTFUL DEMOCRATS IN LINE XX THIS IS 3RD DAY OF CONTINUOUS HEADLINES SPECULATING ON

THOUGHT THAT JOINT OR SEPARATE STATEMENTS FROM YOU AND HULL WOULD
BE MOST HELPFUL XX CHAIRMAN MAY TELEPHONES THAT EXTENSION BILL WILL PROBABLY BE TAKEN UP NOON TODAY X HE SAID THERE IS EVIDENCE

THIS IS BLACK NR 15 X FOR THE PRESIDENT XX STIMSON SAYS AFTER NIGHT OF THINKING HE DOES NOT FEEL RADIO BY HIM WOULD BE HELPFUL X WANTED YOU TO KNOW HIS OPINION AS OF TODAY X THERE IS SOME

Ø71615

RESTRICTED

PRIORITY

ATLANTIC FLEET

PANTS CONFERENCE YOU, CHUMCHILL, HUPKING X HAITING ANDWER TEST TENDAYS REPORT ON HOUSE SITUATION, ETC X ABOVE SIGNED EARLY

1747 7TH HSS FOX MR 533

FROM:

OblivA

ACTION: PRESIDENT

Date:

AUGUST 7,1941

a08/02

AD	MI	RA	L-	00
r	4.4	40.44	-	~~

Date: AUGUST 7,1941

1747 7TH NSS FOX NR 533

FROM:

OPNAV

ACTION: PRESIDENT

INFORMATION:

RESTRICTED \$71615 PELDRITY

PANTS CONFERENCE YOU, CHURCHILL, HOPKINS X WAITING ANSWER YES-TERDAYS REPORT ON HOUSE SITUATION, ETC X ABOVE SIGNED EARLY

THIS IS BLACK NR 45 X FOR THE PRESIDENT XX STIMSON SAYS AFTER

ASKED RELF BY TO IN GETTING OFFOSITION TO DOUBTFUL DEMOCRATS IN LINE XX THIS IS SRD DAY OF CONTINUOUS HE LINE SPECULATING ON

ME WOST HELPFUL XX CHAIRMAN MAY TELEPHONES THAT EXTENSION BILL MILL PROBABLY BE TAKEN UP NOON TODAY X HE SAID THERE IS EVIDENCE

THOUGHT THAT JOINT OR SEPARATE STATEWENTS FROM YOU AND HULL GOUL

MICHT OF THINKING HE DOES NOT FEEL RADIO BY HIM MOULD BE HELPFUL X MANTED YOU TO KNOW HIS OPINION AS OF TODAY X THERE IS SOME

OF CONSIDERABLE TURMOIL AND UNEASINESS AHONG EMBERS X HE ALSO

INCOMING

111916

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

FOR HON ROSS T MCINTYRE X RECURRENCE OF ARTHRITIS RIGHT SHOULDER AND ELBOW WITH MODERATE TEMPERATURE 161. ATTACK LESS SEVERE THAN PREVIOUSLY. COURSE IN GENERAL ENCOURAGING X SIGNED DR HARPER X THIS IS BLACK 23

ACTION:

2254 NSS NR 294

TOR:

VAMIC

Date AUGUST 11

ACTION:

POTOMAC

INFORMATION:

8	10	92	1 s	12 s	13	12	20.	20	86	96	92	86 A		RIN	200
 Admiral	Chief of Staff	Flag Secretary	Operation	War Plan	Asst. for Operation	Flag Lieutenan	Communi	Material	Marine	Gunnery	Aviation	Staff Dut	Special	cwo S	(3)

a081101

Ø71444

RESTRICTED

PRIDRITY

FOR RADM ROSS T MCINTYRE XX PATIENT MORE ALERT X IN GOOD SPIRITS
X TEMPERATURE NORMAL X GOOD PERIOD CONTINUES X SIGNED DUNCAN

Black 14

1537 7TH FOX NR 503

FROM:	VAIISC				Date		AUG	UST 7,194
ACTION	PRESIDE	NT -		art fo				
INFORM	ATION:							
					7		F)	4 14
				ADMIR	RAL-00			
	et at more	1. 1. A. 10	المسالسا	مدين والمعقب		and water	داد داده.	n a la la manada de la

a08jo1

ATLANTIC

111100

CONFIDENTI

PRIORITY

TO MAJOR CRABB THRU CO ARGENTIA SEC OF WAR DIRECTS AS NECESSARY IN PUBLIC SERVICE THAT CAPTAIN ELLIOT ROOSEVELT 398475 SEEC RES

PROCEED BYNMILITARY AIRCRAFT PAREN B DASH 24 AIRCORPS FERRYING COMMAND PAREN ON DR ABOUT AUGUST 13 1941 FROM THE NEWFOUNDLAND.

AIRPORT UNITED KINGDOM ICELAND GREENLAND FOR PURPOSE OF EXECUTING AI AERIAL SURVEY OF FERRY ROUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH PREVIOUS ISSUED INSTRUCTIONS AND UPON COMPLETION OF THIS DUTY TO RETURN TO HIS PROPER STATION NEWFOUNDLAND LAND AIR BASE TRAVEL CHARGEABLE TO

AC 8\$5P11 ON ZA\$\$211-13

SIGNED HARMS

CAPTAIN RODSEVELT

1900

FROM:			Date:		i i
ACTION:				9, 21 6	
1					
INFORMATION:				- *	
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9-500	100	ADMIRAL	00	The state of the s	

\$61918

SECRET

ROUTINE

MARITIME COMMISSION CONTEMPLATES SCHEDULING AMERICAN FLAG TANKERS FROM US TO ICELAND AT

RATE OF TWO OR THREE VESSELS PER WEEK X RE-GARDLESS OF LOADING PORT THESE VESSELS WILL

BE DIRECTED REPORT COMTHREE AND WILLSAIL FROM NEW YORK X HOW OFTEN CAN ESCORTED CONVOYS BE

ARRANGED FOR THESE AND ICELANDIC FLAG SHIPS TO-GETHER XREQUEST ESTIMATE TIME TANKERS TURN AROUND

ICELAND X WILL YOU ARRANGE DETAILS OF HANDLING THESE CONVOYS WITH COMMANDER NORTH ATLANTIC NAVAL COASTAL

FRONTIER

ACTION: OPERATIONS

NSS NR 381

0347

FROM:

OPNAV

Date:

7 AUGUST

ACTION:

CINCLANT

INFORMATION: COMTHREE COM GEN 1ST PROVISIONAL MARBRIG

ADMIRAL-00



a 08 K 01

CAPTAIN BEARDALL FROM COMDR THOMPSON BT HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF NEWFOUNDLAND IS ON BOARD PRINCE OF WALES AND WOULD LIKE TO TAKE THE OPPORTUNITY OF PAYINGGHIS RESPECTS TO THE PRESIDENT IF THE PRESIDENT SO WISHES IF THIS WILL BE CONVENIENT WOULD YOU LET ME KNOW AT WHAT TIME X HIS EXCELLENCY WILL BE ABLE TO LEAVE THE SHIP AT ABOUT ONE FIVE ZERO ZERO BT 1414

FROM:	POW	Date:	11 AUG JS	
ACTION:	AUGUSTA			
INFORMA	TION:			1
				(Le
-				-

ADMIRAL-00

a08 kko1

ACTION: PRESIDERT

FROM:

D- HAV

Date:

AUGUST 7,1941

3/5 7TH MSS FOX MR 379

ON THIS SAM AND I CONCUR X FROM EARLY

STALEMENT BY YOU HILL BE MONE CITEOTT

ATLANTIC FLEET

\$62359

SECRET

PRIDRITY

SD NET FOR THE PRESIDENT X BLACK SERIAL 13 X JOHN MCCORMACK AD-VISES CONFIDENTIALLY HE HAS POLLED HOUSE DEMOCRATS ON DRAFT EXTEN-

SION VOTE AND THAT SITUATION GRAVE X HIS FOLL SHOWS 42 DEMOCRATS OPPOSED X 35 DOUBTFUL AND 14 UNDECIDED X HIS INFORMATION REGARD-

ING REPUBLICANS IS THAT THE BILL WILL GET LESS THAN 20 VOTES X EX-

IN ALL PROBABILITY WILL BE DEFERTED X PRINCIPAL DEMOCRATIC DEFECT-IONS INCLUDE OHIO, PENNSYLVANIA, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, ILLINOIS,

CALIFORNIA AND WASHINGTON DELEGATIONS X ED FLYNN IN REND, NEVADA, BUT IF YOU APPROVE I WILL ASK HIM PUT ALL POSSIBLE PRESSURE ON DE

OCRATIC LEADERS IN STATES ABOVE NAMED X OR I WILL IF YOU APPROVE

a08201

ACTION:

VISES COMPINE THALLY HE HAS PELLED HOUSE DENOGRATS ON TRAFT EXTENSION VOTE AND THAT SITUATION GRAVE X HIS FOLL SHOWS AS DENOGRATS ON TRAFT EXTENSION VOTE AND THAT SITUATION GRAVE X HIS FOLL SHOWS AS DENOGRATS ON TRAFT EXTENSION WELL AS TOUGHT OF THAT THE BILL TILL OFT LESS THAN 24 VOTES X EXPENDED REPORTING AND 14 UNDECIDED X HIS INFORMATION AND EXCIPCION THAN THE BILL TILL OFT LESS THAN 24 VOTES X EXPENDED FINAL TOTE SATURDAY AND SLYS IF THE SENT TRENDS CONTINUE DILL FINAL HOUSE ONTO PENASYLVANIA, HE WESSEN THE YOUNG ON THE COLLEGIOUS ONTO PENASYLVANIA, HE WESSEN TOTAL YORK, ILLINGIS, BUT IF YOU APPROVE I WILL ASK HIM PUT ALL POSITIOLE PRESSENE ON TEXTOR OF THE YOU APPROVE IN STATES ABOVE NAMED X OR I WILL IF YOU APPROVE

kes320

GEORET.

Kilantie Fleet

GO DIRECT TO THEM X ALSO IF YOU APPROVE I CAN GET SECRETARY STIM-SON MAKE NATION WIDE RADIO ADDRESS THURSDAY EVENING STRESSING VI-

TAL IMPORTANCE THIS LEGISLATION AND EXPLAINING ITS NEEDS WITHIN REASONABLE LIMITATIONS X BEFORE DECIDING ON STIMSONS SUGGESTION

URGE CONSIDER EFFECT CABINET OFFICER GOING TO COUNTRY ON BILL WHILE IT IS BEING DEBATED IN CONGRESS X MCCORMACK DECLINES EXPRESS HIM-

SELF AS TO EFFECT OF SUCH A MOVE X RAYBURN TEMPORARILY ASSENT X PERHAPS YOU MIGHT BE WILLING IN PRESS REPORTS AT LEAST EXPRESS HOPE

FAVORABLE CONGRESSIONAL ACTION , THIS IN LIEU OF STIMSON OR TO SUPPLEMENT HIM X PERHAPS ALSO I CAN GET MCCORMACK AND RAYBURN TO

DELAY FINAL VOTE SEVERAL DAYS X SHALL IF BARKLEY SAYS SENATE WILL PASS THE BILL TOMORROW BY A 2 TO 1 VOTE X THIS SHOULD HAVE ITS

a08L02

SOU MAKE MATION WILE CALLO ATTACES TOURDAY EVENTAGE STATES WITH SOUTH AND MAKE MATION WILE CALLO ATTACES TOURDAY EVENTAGE STATES WITH STATES AND ATTACES TO WEEK STATES ATTACES ATTACE

HICHNIIC FLEET

EFFECT ON THE HOUSE MEMBERSHIP X BARKLEY LEANS TO OPINION THAT STATEMENT BY YOU WILL BE MORE EFFECTIVE THAN RADIO BY STIMSON X ON THIS SAM AND I CONCUR X FROM EARLY

Ø3Ø5 7TH NSS FOX NR 37Ø

FROM:	OPNAV	2 1		Date:	AUGUST 7,1941
ACTION:	PRESIDENT				
INFORM	ATION:				
			ADMIR	AL-00	McP 13

a08L03

ATLANTIC SQUADRON

INCOMIN

Heading:

NAA V NEJP NR 3 Z NEJP 101915 SNOW P GR 3

HY 101832 CANCEL

INTERCEPTED ON 8470/10T 1920/N

a 08 LL 01

TO RUSSIA ARE FROM BRITISH ORDERS CAN I INSIST TO ARMY NECESSITY TO SCHEDULE LATE AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER DELIVERIES FROM CURRENT US

BOMBER DELIVERIES TO BE DISCUSSED THURSDAY WITH ARMY AND BRITISH 3 QUESTIONS 1 SINCE ALL OF THE FIGHTER SHIPS BEING MADE AVAILABLE

TATE LIST WILL COMPLETE CARGO FOR FIRST SAILING 2 SHIPS MAY BE R
QUIRED X MARITIME COMMISSION ARRANGING NECESSARY TRANSPORTATION

FOR THE PRESIDENT X BLACK SERIAL 12 X ARRANGEMENTS NEARLY COMPLETO TRANSFER 200 P 408 TO RUSSIA X 140 NOW IN ENGLAND TO BE TRANSFERRED BY WATER 59 NOW IN US TO BE TRANSFERRED VIA NORTH ATLANTION ACCORDANCE WITH REQUEST OF OUMANSKY X OTHER MATERIAL ON IMMED

\$62235



PRIDRITY

ATLANTIC FLEET

IVMEDIATE AID CAN WE SUPPLY PROCURESENT SERVICES THROUGH THE LEND LEASE MECHANISM ON A CASH RELABORCEMENT BASIS X 3 IN LINE

BRITISH FOR FURTHER DELIVERIES IN AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER FROM THE

DADERS IN THIS COUNTRY X IN THE MEANTIME WE WILL PREPARE FOR YOUR COLOUDS ON THE DIVISION OF PRODUCTION

BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES BRITAIN AND RUSSIA FOR AUGUST AND SEL XX SIGNED WAYNE COS

753 7TH HISS FOX HR 369

FROM: SPILAY

Date:

ACTION; RESIDENT

RUSSIA ARE FROM PRITISH OF YERS

PE 10317Y

PRODUCTION I E 2 OR 3 SQUADRONS (28 PLANES TO SQUADRON) PER MONTH FOR NEXT 2 MONTHS X 2 IF NECESSARY TO GET MORE SPEED ON

IMMEDIATE AID CAN WE SUPPLY PROCUREMENT SERVICES THROUGH THE LEND LEASE MECHANISM ON A CASH REIMBURSEMENT BASIS X 3 IN LINE

WITH QUESTION 1 IF ANSWERED AFFIRMATIVELY DO YOU WISH TO PREPARE BRITISH FOR FURTHER DELIVERIES IN AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER FROM THEI

ORDERS IN THIS COUNTRY X IN THE MEANTIME WE WILL PREPARE FOR YOU DECISION TENTATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE DIVISION OF PRODUCTION

BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES BRITAIN AND RUSSIA FOR AUGUST AND SEPT XX SIGNED WAYNE COY

0058 7TH NSS FOX NR 360

FROM: OPHAV		Date:		
ACTION; RESIDENT				
INFORMATION:			11	
			Ney 10	

ADMIRAL-00

a08m02

101832

ROUTINE

FOR PRESS RELEASE BT PRESIDENT SPENT QUIET DAY X HIS SCOTTY

FALLA BECOMING RESTLESS FOR A LITTLE SHORE LEAVE X ALL HANDS

FISHING AND LUCK GOOD INCLUDING GENERAL WATSON WHO KEEPS THE

SCORE

ACTION:

TOR: INTERCEPTED ON 8470 1844

FROM:
Plag Secretary

Operations

Narine & Material

Special

a 08 mm01

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FEMORES

PRIORITY

FOR THE PRESIDENT X STEINHARDT REPORTS GERMANS HAVE MADE LITTLE PROGRESS TOWARD LENINGRAD AND MOSCOW FOR THE PAST 2 WEEKS SEMI-

COLON THAT ANY RESPITE FOR REORGANIZATION WILL HELF RUSSIANS AS MUCH AS GERMANS SEMICOLON AND THAT RENEWAL OF MAJOR ATTACK WILL

ENCOUNTER DETERMINED AND PERHAPS EFFECTIVE RESISTANCE X THIS WILL HAVE MATERIAL BEARING ON (1) ABILITY OF RUSSIANS TO ENGAGE BULK O

GERMAN ARMIES UNTIL WINTER AND (2) RUSSIANS ABILITY TO WITHDRAW IN FORCE AND CONTINUE HOSTILITIES FARTHER EAST X STEINHARDT BELIE

BOTH OBJECTIVES MAY BE ATTAINED AT LEAST IN PART X THIS IS BLACK SERIAL 11 X HULL

2250 6TH NSS FOX NR 333

FROM: 0	PHAV			Date:		AUGUST	6,1941
ACTION:	PRESIDENT		122				
INFORM	ATION:			17.			
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			ADMIRA	KL-00		: .\ _. .	

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\$91859

SECRET ROUTINE

NOTHING DEFINITE TODAY X ADMIRALTY DOGFOXED TWO SUBS LAST NIGHT ONE FIVE ZERO MILES WEST OF CAPE SAINT VINCENT THEY ALSO ESTIMATED SIX IN AREA 60/61-30 NORTH 15/25 WEST AND ABOUT SIX NEAR WESTERN AZORES

OPERATIONS OFFICER

NSS FOX NR 45 AT 2125 FROM: OPHAY	Date:		- 9 AUGUST	
ACTION:ALL TASK FORCE COMDRS LANTFLT		14.4		1
INFORMATIONCLANT				r

ADMIRAL-00

a08nno1

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SECRET

ROUTINE

ARRIVED DESTINATION 1330 GCT 6 AUGUST

OPERATIONS OFFICER 1744 6TH FOX NR 270

FRIM! COMTASKFOR 16

to. CINCLANT: OPNAV

AUGUST 6,1941

Mil

008001

INCOMIN

131525

RESTRICTED

DEFERRED

SECRETARY GENERAL STAFF SENDS FOLLOWING TO GENERAL MARSHALL QUOTE YOURS OF TWELFTH ACKNOWLEDGED AND ACTION UNDERWAY UNQUOTE SIGNED BRYDEN

REF: ...FOR W P D COLON PROCEED WITH PLANS AND DEFINITE PREPARATION FOR INDIGO TWOFOR GENERAL MOORE COLON SHIP TOTAL OF FIFTY LIGHT TANKS...

a \$80001

Ø51715

ROUTINE

BUSHIPS INFORMED OPNAY THAT IT WOULD NOT BECAUSE OF A PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE PROCEED WITH PLACING ARMAMENT ON ANY FURURE AUXILIARIES X NAVAL VESSELS DUE FOR OVERHAUL AND

ARMAMENT INSTALLATIONS IN AUGUST ONE TRANSPORT X SEVEN CARGO SHIPS X ONE MINELAYER X TWO DILERS X ONE REFRIGERATOR SHIP AND A FEW SMALLER VESSELS X UNABLE LOCATE ANY SUCH DIRECTIVE

IN DEPARTMENT X SUGGEST THIS MATTER BE DISCUSSED KXXXK WITH YOU IF OPPORTUNITY OFFERS

Do all work except actual.

FLAG GUNNERY

FOX NR 67 AT 2104

OPNAV

Dewergeting Except actual

5 AUGUST

CINCLANT

fauther territory

a 08p 01

RECEIVED

U. S. S. POTOMAC

OFFICIAL DISPATCH (ORIGINAL COPY)

RECEIVED

HEADING	G: .	*141745#	PART C	NE BLACK	THREE	FIVE		
FROM:	OPNAV				I N			
TO:	PRESIDENT US				F O	2	•	

PRIORITY

MAVE EXHAUSTED EVERY POSSIBLE EFFORT TO PERSUADE FEDERAL SHIP TO ACCEPT MEDIATION BOARD FINDINGS AND RESUME OPERATIONS NOW INTERRUPTED BY STRIKE PRECIPITATED BY COMPANYS REFUSAL TO ABIDE BY MEDIATION BOARDS DECISION. COMPANY OFFERS TURN PLANT OVER TO NAVY BUT WILL NOT RECEDE FROM THEIR POSITION. IT IS OUR COMBINED JUDGEMENT IN ORDER TO RESUME OPERATIONS WITHOUT FURTHER STOPPAGE THAT PLANT BE TAKEN OVER FORTHWITH. COMPANY OFFERS COOPERATION IN RETENTION OF STAFF AND IN OTHER NEEDFUL DIRECTION: APPARENTLY THE BOARD OF U.S. STEEL PARENT COMPANY HAS TAKEN DIRECTION OF AFFAIRS AND FEELS ALARM LEST ACCEPTANCE BY FEDERAL SHIP OF PRINCIPLE OF UNION MEMBER SHIP MAINTENANCE WILL LEAD EVENTUALLY TO CLOSED SHOP THROUGHOUT CORPORATION PLANTS.

Norfolk Navy Yard-9-12-40-2,600 (Sets of 6)

a 08pp01

008901

NO FURTHER STATEMENT CAN BE MADE AT THIS STAGE AS TO THE MATTERS
DISCUSSED AT THE MEETING OR THE DATE OF THE PRIME MINISTERS
RETURN TO THIS COUNTRY ENDQUOTE X BLACK TEN X IF IT IS NECESSARY

TAKING PLACE ON BOARD SHIP SOMEWHERE IN THE ATLANTIC PERIOD NO FURTHER STATEMENT CAN BE MADE AT THIS STAGE AS TO THE MATTERS

CHIEF OF THE IMPERIAL GENERAL STAFF AND THE PERMANENT UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS PERIOD THE MEETING IS

U S AID TO BRITAIN AND MATTERS OF COMMON INTEREST PERIOD THE PRIME MINISTER IS ACCOMPANIED BY THE FIRST SEA LORD COMMA THE

ACCEPTED AN INVITATION TO MEET PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT FOR A DIS-CUSSION OF THE GENERAL COURSE OF THE WAR COMMA THE METHODS OF

PART TWO OF STATE FIVE XX THERE FOLLOWS THE PRIME MINISTERS OWN DRAFT OF STATEMENT MENTIONED QUOTE THE PRIME MINISTER

ATLANTIC FLEET

Ø6Ø3ØØ

S

PRIORITY

A STATEMENT HADE TO THE PEOPLE OF THE CTITED STATES FRIOD EDEN SALD THAT A REPLY AS TO DUR COACURRENCE OR OTHER VIEWS WOULD BE ASST USEFUL IF HE WIGHT HAVE IT DEFORE FOUR OCLOCK TO DEROW AFTERWOOM COMMA LUMDON TIME REGIOD IF THERE IS NO REPLY HE WOULD TELL THE HOUSE THAT HE HAD NOTHING TO EAY AT THE TIME X HOLL

FROM: 095, AN HES NOX NO 463

Date:

6 Aug

TAKING PLACE ON WARD SHIP COMESHERE IN NOT ATLACTIC CORIOD OF FUNDINER STATES AND THE WATTERS

CLUEF OF THE INVENTAL CENERAL STAFF AND THE FERMANENT UNDER-US AID TO BRITAIN AUD MAITERS OF CORNON INTEREST PERIOD THE FRIED MINISTER IC ACCOMPANIED BY THE FIRST SEA LOND COURT THE

AGGEPTED AN INVITATION TO MEET PRESIDENT RODSEVELT FOR A DIS-COSSION OF THE GENERAL COUNCE OF THE WAR COMMA THE METHOUS OF

PART TWO OF STATE FIVE XX THERE FOLLOWS THE PRIME MINISTERS OUR INTEL OF STATEMENT MENTIONED QUOTE THE PRIME MINISTER

669399

SECRET

PRIORITY

TO ISSUE THE ABOVE STATEMENT THE PRESIDENT MIGHT WANT TO HAVE A STATEMENT MADE TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES PERIOD EDEN SAID THAT A REPLY AS TO DUR CONCURRENCE OR OTHER VIEWS WOULD BE MOST USEFUL IF HE MIGHT HAVE IT BEFORE FOUR OCLOCK TOMORROW AFTERNOON COMMA LONDON TIME PERIOD IF THERE IS NO REPLY HE WOULD TELL THE HOUSE THAT HE HAD NOTHING TO SAY AT THE TIME X HULL

0431 6TH NSS FOX NO 168 6 AUG Date: FROM: VAMAC ACTION: PRESIDENT INFORMATION: 10

ADMIRAL-00

008902

INCOMING ATLANTIC FLEET PARAPHRASE COPY OF OPNAV'S 132048 (BLACK 32) TO THE PRESIDENT PRESIDENT > FOR SECKETARY FULLOWING FACM THE WELLES IT IS REPORTED BY MURPHY FROM ALGIERS THAT WEYGAND TOLD HIM ON HIS RETURN FROM VICHY THAT THE FRENCH AFRICAN SITUATION REMAINED UN-CHANGED, NO CONCESSIONS HAVING BEEN MADE TO THE GERMANS X WITHOUT COMMENT, LEAHY REPORTS THAT UNDER DEGREES EFFECTING CHANGES IN FRENCH GOVERNMENT, DARLAN IS NAMED MINISTER OF NATIONAL DEFENSE, DISTRIBUTION, USE AND GENERAL INSPECTION OF THE ARMED FORCES"; THE MINISTRIES OF WAR, NAVY, AVIATION, AND COLONIES ARE PALCED UNDER HIS JURISTICTION; HE RETAINS HIS OFFICES AS MINISTER OF THE NAVY AND OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND DIRECTOR OF PROPAGANDA. CHARGED WITH "THE GENERAL ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL DEFENSE MORRIS REPORTS FROM BERLIN THAT HE HAS BEEN TOLD IN CONFIDENCE BY A RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY THAT RAINY WEATHER IS CAUSING CONSIDERABLE DAMAGE TO GERMANYS CEREAL CROP AND THAT ACCORDING TO PRESENT INDICA-ACTION: TIONS A REDUCTION IN BOTH CEREAL AND MEAT RATIONS WILL BE ANN OUNCED FOLLOWING THE HOPED FOR MILITARY VICTORY IN THE EAS TOR: FROM: ACTION: INFORMATION: 8 Asst. for Operations Staff Duty War Plans Communi-cations 벟 Aviation Material Gunnery Marine Special

INFORMATION:

SECITE ACTION:

6 AUGUST Date: FROM:

TAUS GTH NGS FON NO KES

FOR MAKING THE STATEMENT

DEPUTY COMMA ATLEE COMMA NILL CESTAINLY BE NOTICED AND MAY GIVE RISE TO QUESTIONS COMMA THIS NOCED FURKISH THE DECASION

DONE- COMMA EDEN THINKS IT BEST TO MAKE IT TOMBERSON TO HAUSE. DE COMMAN WHERE THE ABSENCE OF PRIME MINISTER AND HIS

HODES TO AYDID MEDECSITY TO MAKE STATEDED TO THE

ATLANTIC FLEET

060250

PRIDRITY

PART ONE OF STATE FIVE X HULL REQUESTS DELIVERY TO PRESIDENT TO-NIGHT X AMBASSADOR WINANT IN LONDON HAS SENT ME THE FOLLOGING

MESSAGE DATED 3428 AUGUST 5 19 PREP MIKE X THIS AFTERNOON MR EDE SENT FOR ME TO SAY THAT THERE HAD BEEN SOME LEAKAGE, OR ELSE VERY

CLEVER GUESS WORK CONCERNING THE FRIME MINISTERS PRESENT MOVE X THE GERMAN RADIO AT 8:15 LAST NIGHT GAVE THE INTIMATION QUOTING

A REPORT FROM LISBON X NEWSPAPER MEN HERE TODAY HAVE BEEN PUTTI SEVERAL FACTORS TOGETHER AND ARRIVE AT THE SAME CONCLUSION X TH

IS BLACK NINE X THE PRIME MINISTER COMMA BEFORE HE LEFT COMMA PREPARED A STATEMENT TO BE MADE PUBLIC ONLY IN THE EVENT OF A

LEAKAGE X POSSIBILITY FORESEEN BY EDEN THAT SOMETHING MAY HAVE T BE MADE PUBLIC TOMORROW COMMA IF SO THE GOVERNMENT DOES NOT WANT

a08 r 01

a 08 r 07

ADMIRAL-00

TOR 0405 6TH NSS FOX NO 167 VANGE ACTION: PRESIDENT

Date:

6 AUGUST

INFORMATION:

969259 SECRET

FOR MAKING THE STATEMENT

PTIRCING

CLEVER CUESS WORK CONCERNING THE FRIME WINISTERS FRESENT WOVE X-THE GERMAN RADIO AT 8:15 LAST NIGHT GAVE THE INTIMATION CUOTING MESSAGE DATED 3428 AUGUST 5 19 FREP MIKE X THIS AFTERNOON MR EDF SENT. FOR ME TO SAY THAT THERE HAD BEEN SOME LEAKAGE OR ELSE VERY PART ONE OF STATE FIVE X HULL REQUESTS DELIVERY TO PRESIDENT TO-MIGHT X ANBASSADOR WINAMT IN LONDON MAS SENT ME THE FOLLOWING

TO SAY ANYTHING WITHOUT OUR PRIOR APPROVAL X THE GOVERNMENT HOPES TO AVOID NECESSITY TO MAKE STATEMENT BUT IF IT MUST BE

DONE COMMA EDEN THINKS IT BEST TO MAKE IT TOMORROW TO HOUSE OF COMMONS COMMA WHERE THE ABSENCE OF PRIME MINISTER AND HIS

DEPUTY COMMA ATLEE COMMA WILL CERTAINLY BE NOTICED AND MAY GIVE RISE TO QUESTIONS COMMA THIS WOULD FURNISH THE OCCASION

IS BLACK NINE X HE PRIME MINISTER COMMANDEFORE HE LEFT CO.MA. A REPORT FROM LISBON X HEMSPAPER WEN HERE TOLAY MAVE BEEN PUTING SEVERAL FACTORS TOGETHER AND ARRIVE AT THE SALE CONCLUSION X THIS

INCOMING

132331

STRONG T

PRIORITY

ANSWERING TELEGRAM OF THE TWELFTH X I HAVE SEEN THE JAPANESE AMBASSADOR COMMA WHO ASSURES ME THAT HE WILL BE IN WASHINGTON

ON SATURDAY AND SUNDAY X I SHOULD GO OVER THE MATTERS INVOLVED WITH YOU BEFORE YOU MAKE AN ENGAGEMENT WITH HIM X THIS I SHALL

BE PREPARED TO DO WHEN YOU RETURN AND FIND IT CONVENIENT XX BLACK 34 X SIGNED HULL

ACTION:

TOR: 0218 NSS NR 884

THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Date:

ACTION: OPNAV

AV 13 AUGUST

INFORMATION:

Chief of Staff of Staff of Staff of Staff of Staff Operations

Communications

Communications

Asst. for Operations

Communications

Asst. for Operations

Communications

Asst. for Operations

Asst. for Operations

Communications

Special

Special

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a Ofrrol

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SPECET PRIORITY

THE PRESIDENT AT SEA X STEINHARDT REPORTS CRIPPS ADVISES VERY CONFIDENTIALLY IT IS CONTEMPLATED MEMBER BRITISH WAR

CABINET BE SENT MOSCOW X SINCE STALIN ALONE MAKES MAJOR DECISIONS COMMA OUTSTANDING MINISTER LIKE EDEN OR BEAVERBROOK

MAY BE SENT X CRIPPS SUGGESTED ADVISABILITY UNITED STATES SENDING MOSCOW MILITARY AND ECONOMIC MISSION AND MENTIONED

AS HIS SUGGESTION VICE PRESIDENT WALLACE AS EXCELLENT CHOICE HEAD MISSION X BLACK EIGHT X SIGNED HULL

FROM: OPNAV	Date:	5 AUGUST
ACTION: PRESIDENT	is the	
INFORMATION:		

ADMIRAL-00

208501

140110

PEUMET

ROUTINE

FOR CAPT BEARDALL XX REQUIRE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS ON CONTACT .50 POUNDS BREAD 30 DOZEN EGGS 32 POUNDS BUTTER 2 CASES ROASTING CHICKENS 3 LEGS VEAL 6 SHOKED HAMS 6 PORK LOINS 1 BEEF ROUND 20 POUNDS LUNCHEON HEAT 1 CASE CHANGES 1 CASE APPLES 20 POUNDS PORK SAUSACES 3500 GALLONS WATER X REQUEST AUGUSTA INVOICE PROVISIONS TO POTOMAC

AUGUSTA SUPPLY OFFICER

POTOMAC

13 AUGUST

AUGUSTA



M

a 085501

INCOMING

Ø518ØØ

SHORE

PRIORITY

FOLLOWING FROM ADMIRALTY DELIVERED BY ADM LITTLE QUOTE PRINCE OF WALES MAINTAINING RADIO SILENCE EXCEPT IN CASE OF EXTREME EMERG-

ENCY X EXPECT ARRIVE AT \$900 NINE AUGUST LOCAL TIME WEATHER PER-

ISAAC POINT X SUGGEST NO SALUTES BE FIRED AS PRINCE OF WALES HAS NO SALUTING GUNS X PRIME MINISTER WOULD PAY RESPECTS TO THE PRES-

IDENT AS SOON AS SHIPS HAVE EXCHANGED VISITS X PRIME MINISTER HONOURED IF PRESIDENT WILL DINE ON NIGHT OF ARRIVAL UNLESS ANY

OTHER ARRANGEMENT MORE CONVENIENT UNQUOTE X IF ANCHORAGE SUGGESTE IS NOT SATISFACTORY PLEASE GIVE ALTERNATIVE ANY MESSAGES FOR PRINCE

ACTORNWALES SHOULD BE SENT OPNAY FOR ADMIRAL LITTLE TO TRANSMIT

TOR: 1927 5TH NSS FOX NR 59

FROM:

OPNAV

AUGUST 5,1941

ACTION:

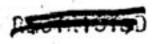
CINCLANT

INFORMATION:

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Admira	Chief o	Flag Secretar	Operati	War Pl	Asst. fo	66.5	Commu	Material	Marine	Gunner	Aviatio	Staff D	Special	CW0	

a08 t 01

132115



PRIORITY

FOR ADM MACUNTYRE X BALCK 33 X PATIENTS TEMPERATURE NORMAL' X ABOUT IN WHEEL CHAIR X PROGRESS VERY ENCOURAGING X SIGNED HARPER

	2234 13111	HOU I CA HIL OU		+		
FROM:	CPHAV	1901 14 E E E		Date:	AUGU	ST 13,1941
ACTION:	PRESIDENT			4.5		
INFORM	ATION:					11.5
					K,	33
		AD	MIRAL-	-00		

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RESTRICTED

PRIORITY

FOR CAPT JOHN R BEARDALL X BLACK 7 X NEWSPAPERS TODAY FEATURE HEADLINES QUOTE CHURCHILL COMMA X FOX X DOG X AND HOPKINS CONFERRING AT SEA UNQUOTE DASH QUOTE CHURCHILL REPORTED FLYING TO

UNITED STATES COMMA MEETING WITH RODSEVELT AT SEA HINTED UNQUOTE CONSEQUENTLY MUCH EXCITEMENT PREVAILS X LONDON PRESS REPORTS STATEMENT PUBLISHED BY DAILY MAIL THAT QUOTE A VERY HIGH PERSONAGE

IS PREPARING TO FLY TO UNITED STATES TO SEE PRESIDENT RODSEVELT X THIS REPORT COUPLED WITH STATEMENT MADE TODAY IN HOUSE OF COMMONS THAT CHURCHILL QUOTE WILL NOT FIND IT CONVENIENT TO QUOTE ATTEND

FORTHCOMING DEBATE ON PROGRESS OF WAR APPARENTLY IS ORIGIN OF PRESS STORIES AND HEADLINES X THIS FOR YOUR INFORMATION X SIGNED EARLY

FROM: DENAV	00		Date:	AUGUST 5	.1941
ACTION: PRESIDENT					
INFORMATION:					7
		ADMIRAI	L—00	My	7

INCOMING

132048



ROUTINE

FOR THE PRESIDENT X BLACK THIRTY TWO XX MURPHY REPORTS FROM ALGIERS THAT WEYGAND TOLD HIM ON HIS RETURN FROM VICHY THAT

THE FRENCH AFRICAN SITUATION REMAINED UNCHANGED COMMA NO CONCESSIONS HAVING BEEN MADE TO THE GERMANS XX PARA LEAHY

REPORTS COMMA SO FAR WITHOUT COMMENT COMMA THAT UNDER DECREES EFFECTING CHANGES IN FRENCH GOVERNMENT COMMA DARLAN IS NAMED

MINISTER OF NATIONAL DEFENSE COMMA CHARGED WITH QUOTE THE GENERAL ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL DEFENSE COMMA THE DIST-

RIBUTION COMMA USE AND GENERAL INSPECTION OF THE ARMED FORCES UNQUOTE SEMICOLON THE MINISTRIES OF WAR COMMA NAVY

COMMA AVIATION AND COLONIES ARE PLACED UNDER HIS JURISDICTTON
ACTION: SEMICOLON AND HE RETAINS HIS OFFICES AS MINISTER OF THE

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CONFIDENTIAL

ROUTINE

FOR THE FRESIDENT X BLACK 6 X EXCHANGE OF NOTES WAS SIGNED WITH SOVIET AMBASSADOR ON AGUST 2 COMMA EXTENDING FOR 1 YEAR COMMERCIAL AGREEMENT WHICH WILL EXFIRE ON AUGUST 6 X IN ORDER TO AVOID POS-

SIBLE LAPSE OF COMMERCIAL AGREEMENT NEW PROCLAMATION WHICH IS READY FOR YOUR SIGNATURE SHOULD BE DATED AUGUST 6 CONTINCENT UPON APPROVAL BY SOVIET COUNCIL OF PEOPLES COMMISSARS ON OR BEFORE THAT DATE X

AS DOCUMENTS CANNOT BE DISPATCHED TO YOU BEFORE THURSDAY I SHOULD APPRECIATE YOUR RADIDING ME THAT YOU WILL SIGN PROCLAMATION DATED AUGUST 6 WHEN LAID BEFORE YOU X SIGNED HULL

FROM: CPNAV		Date:	AUGUST 5
ACTION: THE PRESI	DENT		
INFORMATION:			

ADMIRAL-00

J.K.

a08V01

NAVY AND OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND DIRECTOR OF PROPAGANDA X PARA MORRIS REPORTS FROM BERLIN THAT A RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY HAS STATED IN CONFIDENCE THAT RAINY WEATHER IS CAUSING CONSIDERABLE DAMAGE TO GERMANYS CEREAL CROP AND THAT

ACCORDING TO PRESENT INDICATIONS A REDUCTION IN BOTH CEREAL AND MEAT RATIONS WILL BE ANNOUNCED FOLLOWING THE

HOPED FOR MILITARY VICTORY IN THE EAST XX HULL XX

ACTION:

FROI	и:	259 OPNA		1 N	SS	<u>FU</u>) X	NR 8	00					Date		AU	3
ACTI	ON:		SIDE	ENT				•	5		6.9				-		
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a08VV01

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RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

FOR ADM ROSS T MCINTYRE X BLACK NR FIVE XX PATIENTS TEMPERATURE NORMAL X WHITE COUNT DOWN X GOOD PERIOD CONTINUES X ALERT X SIGNED DOCTOR HARPER

1532 5TH NSS FOX NR 3Ø OPNAV PRESIDENT

AUGUST 5,1941

My 5

a 08 W 01

INCOMIN

13183Ø

SECRET

PRIORITY

FOR THE PRESIDENT X LONDON IS LEAKING X AN OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF YOU AND CHURCHILL ISMBEING OFFERED TO AMERICAN PHOTOGRAPHIC

AGENCIES X HAVE TALKED TO LORD HALIFAX WHO IS ADVISING LONDON. THAT A PHOTOGRAPH IS AS REVEALING AS THE WRITTEN WORD AND SHOULD

BE SUBJECT TO THE SAME SAFE GUARDS UNTIL THE HOUR OF RELEASE X WOULD BE MOST UNFORTUNATE IF AMERICAN PEOPLE GOT THEIR FIRST

NEWS FROM LONDON COMMA WRITTEN OR PHOTOGRAPHIC COMMA AND SO TOLD HALIFAX X OUR PRESS NOW IS IN A STATE OF COMPLETE JITTERS

ACCOUNT PHOTOGRAPHIC OFFERING X SIGNED EARLY X BLACK THIRTYONE

ACTION:

TOR: 1939

FROM: OPNAV

Date: AUGUST 13 1941

ACTION:

PRESIDENT

INFORMATION:

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E	Chief of Staff	etary	ation	Plan	for ation	tena	mun	rial	e e	nery	tion	Da	Ē	YY_	21
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a of wwo1

Ø51515

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

WARM HERE XX FOR ADN ROSS T MCINTYRE X BLACK NR FIVE XX PATIENTS TEMPERATURE NORMAL X WHITE COUNT DOWN X GOOD PERIOD CONTINUES X ALERT X SIGNED DOCTOR HARPER XX NEW FILE TODAY

1532 5TH NSS FOX NR 30

TIDON			.,, ,,					_
FROM:	VANGO		• .	Date:		AUGUST	5,1941	Ċ
ACTION	PRESIDENT	•			*			
INFORM	IATION:	-						_
	**					ī		
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ADMIRAL-00

My 5

a01×01

INCOMIN

132030

COMPANY

PRIORITY

YOUR 131720

REF: REQUEST AMPHIBIAN PLANE IN BLUE HILL BAY

ACTION:

TOR: 2156 AUG 13 NSS NR 834

FROM: OPNAV

ACTION: CINCLANT

INFORMATION:

Admiral 00 Staff of Staff of Staff of Staff Operations 11 Operations 15 Flag Lieutenant Communications 15 Flag Lieutenant 15 Flag Lieutenant 20 Communications 90 Gunnery 90 Staff Duty Special CWO

a Of XXOI

RECEIVED

U. S. S. POTOMAC OFFICIAL DISPATCH

RECEIVED

HEADING	· Ø5Ø215	BLACK # FOUR		0 6	
FROM:	OPNAY		I N	-41 H	
T0:	POTOMAC		o		

-RESTRICTED

FOR CAPTAIN BEARDALL X FOLLOWING RECEIVED FROM NEWSPAPERMEN AT SWAMPSCOTT COLON QUOTE URGENTLY SUGGEST THAT IF AS APPE ARS LIKELY PRESIDENT
WILL VISIT WITH GRANDCHILDREN OR OTHERS OF FAMILY IN GENERAL VICINITY
OF NAHANT YOU GIVE US CLEARANCE TO COVER STORY EITHER DURING VISIT OR
AFTER DEPARTURE PERIOD FYL STARLING HERE AND ALL BOSTON PAPERS AWARE
OF SITUATION PERIOD REYNOLDS DURNO CORNELL AND SPECIALS UNQUOTE PLEASE
ADVISE WHAT THE PRESIDENTS WISHES MAY BE X

SIGNED EARLY

TOR \$450 GCT -AI- 5 AUG.

Norfolk Navy Yard-9-12-40-2,000 (Sets of 6)

a 08 y 01

INCOMIN

131556

RESTRICTED

PRIORITY

THIS IS BLACK THIRTY X FOR PRESIDENT X PACKAGE RECEIVED
OKAY X CONTENTS EXAMINED BY TENNESSEE MOUNTAINEER WHO WAS
DELIGHTED X WILL BE PUBLICLY DISPLAYED TOMORROW MORNING AS
DIRECTED X EARLY

FRO	: Mr.		GCT N	SS NF	767	7						Dete				
FROI	WI:	OPNA										Date	:AU	GUST	13	194
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INCOMIN

ATLANTIC FLEET

121537

-RESTRICTED.

ROUTINE

SECRETARY GENERAL STAFF REQUESTS FOLLOWING BE DELIVERED
LIEUTENANT COLONEL BUNDY QUOTE MOTHER DIED SUNDAY DICK AND I
ARRIVE HOME THURSDAY ON EAST WIND SIGNED HELEN UNQUOTE
INGERSOLL

ACTI	ON:														
TOR	Ø6	46	NSS	NR	639										
FROI	M:		PNA			17							Date 13	AUGUS	T
ACTI	ON:			10 M											
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Admiral	Chief of Staff	Flag 05 Secretary	11 Operations	Mar Plans	Asst. for Operations	Flag Lieutenant	Communi- cations	Material 70	Marine 86	Gunnery 90	95 Aviation	Staff Duty	Special	31×	
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SAFE FILE: Australia

June 1, 1942.

Site Minitiana

AMERICAN LEGATION CANDERRA

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL FOR THE MINISTER

Mill you please deliver personally at the earliest moment the following message to Prime Minister Curtin from the President:

across the Pacific, I think it would be most helpful
if we might have a talk on the war situation some time
after Evett has returned to Australia and you have had
a change to discuss his visit. Would it be possible
for you in the next few months to visit Washington, in
which care I should be very glad to put at your disposal
such transportation facilities as might render your
voyage possible? I should genuinely welcome an
opportunity for such a discussion. Any time will
suit me if you will give me about a week's notice.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

By Depu's Rate 3161

a09a01

Want. - Sigle motion

MMC
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (A)

Pretoria

Dated June 9, 1942

Rec'd 3:23 p.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

TRIPLE PRIORITY
91, June 9, 5 p.m.

By Authority of State

Rept teligram 1-12-72

By Date 2-8-12

In reference to the Department's telegram no. 73 June 1, 5 p.m., the following message is transmitted for the President from Field Marshal Smuts.

"I thank you most sincerely for your invitation and would greatly appreciate opportunity of personal talk on the war situation. I also thank you for kind offer of aviation facilities when called for. In view of present war situation in North Africa and Indian Ocean and vital importance of South Africa as nodal point in our lines of communication I could not leave South Africa at an early date and shall continue to watch for a suitable opportunity for a visit later in regard to which I shall also consult you.

Please accept my cordial congratulations on most

a09 bol

-2- #91, June 9, 5 p.m., from Pretoria

recent success of your navy at Midway, both welcome in itself and as prelude to decisive victories to come."

KEENA

CSB

209602

SAFE FILE: Beaverbrook, Lord

PSF Sale-

> Washington, D.C., 27th December 1941

Dear Mr. President,

I am so anxious to step up the production of war weapons in the United States and Britain that I take the liberty of sending you this letter to support the arguments I put forward yesterday.

You will see in the accompanying document that the combined output of the United States and Britain planned for 1942 is utterly inadequate when you take into account the necessities of the nations.

It is my hope that you will permit Mr. Hopkins to take charge of a committee of production with full powers and entire authority.

Such a committee would not only dispose of the production requirements but would also be responsible for mobilising and distributing the necessary raw materials.

There is no question of a soldier's programme. The soldiers' demand in the United States and Britain can be fully satisfied.

But, thereafter, the need for an arsenal of tanks and anti-tank guns, aircraft and anti-aircraft guns is so very pressing that there should not be any limitation in the production of these four weapons.

And I would ask you to lay down the simple rule that military programmes should be fulfilled and thereafter the weapons I have mentioned should be produced in an increasing degree for the arming and supplying of all the nations fighting on the side of democracy.

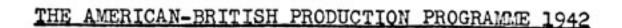
I am, Mr. President,

Yours sincerely,

Beavener

The President of the United States,
The White House,
Washington,
D.C.

a10a02



The production of weapons in the United States, Britain and Canada is entirely inadequate.

The deficits are so considerable that immediate steps must be taken to increase the production programme in all directions.

There can be no delay, as the production of our enemies may, before the year 1942 is over, leave us in a difficult and dangerous situation.

To take one instance. We are told that the Russian tank production is in excess of 25,000 a year. Only a few days ago, Stalin declared that it had now reached a peak since the outbreak of war.

Yet Stalin considers that his output is 16,000 below his requirement. We have every right to suppose, therefore, that enemy tank production must be in excess of the Russian output.

It is reported, with authority, that the Germans have more than 100,000 guns of 40 mm and over.

Already we know only too well the immense naval resources of the three chief powers confronting us.

In the tables below, I make a brief and rough examination of Britain's total requirements for the major weapons, and of Russia's requirements for these weapons from the United States and the British Empire.

These requirements represent the quantities demanded by the constituted authority in each country.

We have no means of knowing the requirements of
the United States. It would be reasonable to suppose that
these exceed the requirements of Britain or Russia. Indeed,
the United States might be expected to require as many
arms/

By Authority of State

By 05 Date 2-8. 7.

a10a03

Ly Authority of

arms as Britain and Russia together.

But it has been assumed in the tables which follow that the United States requirements will be no higher than those of Britain. This assumption is manifestly absurd.

Even so, it will be seen that when the external requirements of Russia, the total requirements of Britain and this purely arbitrary figure for United States requirements are set against the total planned production of the United States, Canada and Britain, the deficits are considerable.

If it would be convenient to supply a list of the actual requirements of the United States, then it would be shown that the deficits are, in fact, overwhelming.

TANKS

1942	Requirements: British Russian United States - assumed figure	19,000 16,500 19,000 54,500
1942	Production: U.S., U.K. & Canada	44,000
	Deficit	10,500
AIRC	RAFT (Bombers, Fighters, etc.)	
1942	Requirements: British Russian United States - assumed figure	34,700 6,000 34,700 75,400
1942	Production: U.S., U.K. & Canada	48,670
	Deficit	26,730

ARTILLERY (Anti-aircraft, Field, Anti-tank)

1942	Requirements: British Russian United States - assumed figur	31,300 9,000* e_31,300 71,600
1942	Production:	

a10 a04

U.S., U.K. & Canada

guns and require no more.

22,600

49,000

Deficit The Russian requirements are confined entirely to antiaircraft and anti-tank guns, as they have 35,000 field

RIFLES

1942 Requirements:

British United States - assumed figure 1,700,000 1,700,000 3,400,000

1942 Production:

U.S., U.K. & Canada

1,800,000

Deficit

1,600,000

27th December, 1941

a10a05

By Authority of State

Aleps teligram 1-14.72

By B Date 2-8-76

Dorothy:

For the President's files.

Lois

Spis

FOR THE PRESIDENT'S FILES.

Leis

PSF 14 sofe: Kransbirg

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

I am asked to say my opinion of the production requirements of the United States for war weapons in 1942.

I confine my recommendations to tanks and antitank guns, to sircraft and anti-aircraft guns.

These are the principal weapons in any programme, whether of defence, attack, or assistance to other countries.

The programmes allied to these projects should of course be stepped up accordingly. But the main purpose must always be the production of these four weapons.

Now the stock of the United States in medium and light tanks appears to have been 631 on October 1st last.

On the other hand, the stock of the United Kingdom on the same date was 5,163 tanks, on account of the generosity of the United States in helping Great Britain. About 500 obsolete light types are included in these figures.

But it is evident that the United States has a duty during the year 1942 not only to replace shortages of existing supplies, but also to secure an output consistent with needs.

I heard Mr. Knudsen's suggestion that the output should be no less than 45,000 medium and light tanks,
including of course a few heavy tanks. This discussion
took place in the Cabinet Room last Friday.

The proportion of tanks should be as suggested:

two-thirds medium and one-third light.

You will see that this programme involves a very considerable increase of 75 mm. guns, which will be a difficulty. But it is possible to require from Great Britain and the Dominion of Canada an increased production of 6-pdr. guns which could be substituted for 75 mm. guns.

Both Britain and Canada would require some assistance in materials and possibly in the permission to place sub-contracts in the United States.

The anti-tank gun is one of the most important productions for defence purposes and also for attack.

On October 1st last Britain possessed three times as many anti-tank guns as the United States. The British necessities for 1942 amount to 15,000 anti-tank guns.

To be on the same basis as Great Britain, it would be necessary to produce here 17,000 guns in the year 1942. But the basis is not at all comparable. United States' necessities far exceed Britain's. And the output capacity of the United States is in every respect greater than that of the United Kingdom. In fact, the British programme is not a complete unit at all. It is a programme which relies entirely on assistance from the United States.

The present United States programme of antitank guns is 7,000 guns, with possibly 4,700 added when the target is increased. It appears to me imperative that a further increase of 6,000 guns should be provided for at once.

The aircraft programme does not surpass the British programme of operational types in any direction, with the exception of light bombers. These are very useful, but other classifications are of more value.

I have already urged that the fighter programme should be doubled. Many difficulties will arise and much argument will take place before such a large target is realised. But it seems to me that the immense possibilities of American industry justify such an expectation.

The need for 24,000 fighters is shown by experience of heavy losses through combat, through flights in war conditions and through operational training exercises.

An examination of British operational experience will convince you of the present necessity for this increased programme.

If the fighter programme is increased by as much as 12,000 in output in the year 1942, then of course other types must also show an increase in output, though not on the same scale as the fighter programme.

In anti-aircraft guns, the United States Government has a very unsatisfactory supply in hand.

The Government is therefore involved in a programme of anti-aircraft weapons not only sufficiently extensive to provide for necessities during the year 1942, but also to build up a reasonable stock

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for the defence of centres of population possibly exposed to enemy attack.

Stalin told me that Moscow is defended by 800 anti-aircraft guns, and my experience in the Russian capital leads me to believe that he did not under-estimate his resources.

If this indication of anti-aircraft necessities is used for the purpose of providing a programme here, then it appears likely that the anti-aircraft project should be based on programmes more than double the present projects, including all increases now contemplates.

The concluding arguments, I regret to say, are based on calculations which can be torn to bits by all those who are experienced in production.

None the less these arguments in support of increased production here should be considered.

I have received from one of the Canadian authorities a statement of output for 1942, which I am assured will be realised.

This Canadian output should be increased fifteen times by the United States, taking into account the national incomes of the two countries. In fact, the resources of the manufacturing community in the United States far exceeds fifteen times the Canadian resources. At the same time Canada gets engines and other parts from the United States.

But on the basis of this multiple of fifteen, the United States output in tanks would

be 45,000, in anti-tank guns, 36,000, and in antiaircraft guns 45,000.

Bewihor

Washington, D.C. 29th December, 1941.

- 5 -

COPY CAPLIFORAM

March 15, 1942

. . . LONION

Number >18% March 15th
Fild OHAL FOR HO KIRE FROI HARRIMAN:

BE VERBROOK HAS FIRELLY DECIDED AFTER CHANGING HIS SIND CHARGED AT A STAR AND AFTER SUCH TRANSURE FROM THE TRIME STATES. WILL HAVE WITHIN A VERY FIT DAYS

MCCLURE

By d.

Stor.

SAFE FILE: Belgium

Lafe: Belgins
THE WHITE HOUSE BF

October 13, 1939.

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE SECRETARY OF STATE

WASHINGTON

To read and return. I do not think this requires any action at the present time.

F. D. R.

allaol

Mary

LEGRAM

The **Mhite House** Washington

King Lighald

530 am Oct 8 1939

The following is a paraphrased code cablegram received at the State Department:

Brussells, Oct 7, 1939, 5:00 p.m. from Mr. Davies.

For the President and Mr. Hull

Here the fear is great that either one or the other of the belligerents may possibly undertake imminently some action that will harden the situation, as it now stands, into a bitter, irrevocable, horrible and really long war. The possibility of an immediate assault by Germany on the Western front is not the only cause of this anxiety, but there is also the fear that the other side might destroy by some precipitous action, the trembling bridge of peace which might yet be afforded by delay. Here people continue to cling desperately to the hope that time, together with the development of some possibly unforeseen events, might cause the catastrophe to be averted before it is definitely and finally established.

I have been requested, in this, their darkest hour, by a high source to state that the President of the United States is the only person in the world who can possibly avert the holocaust. I have likewise been asked to say that they hope that somehow he might find a way of making again an effort of some sort similar to those noble ones which he has made in previous crises and which have so evoked the admiration of all the lovers of liberty throughout the world. A special messenger bearing a dispatch in regard to this is following on the clipper.

(from the Secretary of State's office)

ASION OF COMMUNICATIONS AND RECORD

From: Brussels

Number: 152 Dated: 10-7- 5

Codet

Caption: Farthe Pris.

This telegram has been distributed to

Please advise the Division of Co munications and Records if further di tribution should be made.

C, A-B, Pa/D, Eu, SA Pasovera

alla03

VRH
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (C)

Brussels
Dated October 7, 1939

REC'd. 6:35 p.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

152, October 7, 5 p.m.

FOR THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

There is great fear here that there is possibly imminent some action of either one or the other of the belligerents which will harden the present situation into an irrevocable, bitter, real, long and horrible war. It is directed not only to the possibility of an immediate German assault on the western front but, to the fact that the other side might precipitately do something that would destroy the trembling "bridge of peace" which delay might yet afford. They still cling desperately to the hope that time and development of some possibly unforeseen events might avert the catastrophe before it is hardened into finality. In this, their darkest hour, I have been requested by a high source to say that the only person in the world who can possibly avert the holocaust is the President of the United States and to express their hope that he might find

SOME

a//a04

-2- 152, October 7, 5 p.m. from Brussels some reans of again making some efford similar to the noble ones which commanded the admiration of the liberty loving world in previous crises. Despatch following by special messenger on Clipper.

DAVIES

WWC.

alla05

77. WETAL SENTIAL FOR THE AMBASSADOR ONLY. The President desires you to convey, either directly or through such discreet channels as you deem best, the following personal (underline personal) and unofficial message to the King. He appreciates that under existing conditions it might prove embarrassing to His Majesty if this message were to become known; it is therefore being treated here as highly confidential. Should developing circumstances seem to warrant publicity, this will be a matter for later consideration and discussion. Meanwhile in order to limit the number of persons who have knowledge of the message I suggest that His Majesty may want to send his reply through you. (BEGIN 3PECIAL GRAY) QUOTE To His Majesty King Leopold. In the event of a new invasion of Belgium, and because of our long-time friendship, I hope you will feel free to A11601 send

Safe: Kili in

8 p. m.

November 11, 1939

TELEGRAM SENT

HSM

A portion of this telegram must be closely

paraphrased before being communicated to anyone.

Brussels, (Belgium).

(C & Special Gray).

Amembassy,

77. WERE CONTROL FOR THE AMBASSADOR ONLY. The President desires you to convey, either directly or through such discreet channels as you deem best, the following personal (underline personal) and unofficial message to the King. He appreciates that under existing conditions it might prove embarrassing to His Majesty if this message were to become known; it is therefore being treated here as highly confidential. Should developing circumstances seem to warrant publicity, this will be a matter for later consideration and discussion. Meanwhile in order to limit the number of persons who have knowledge of the message I suggest that His Majesty may want to send his reply through you. (BEGIN 3PECIAL GRAY) QUOTE To His Majesty King Leopold. In the event of a new invasion of Belgium, and because of our long-time friendship, I hope you will feel free to a11601 send

Safe: Milaine

8 p. m.

November 11. 1939

TELEGRAM SENT

HSM

A portion of this tele-

paraphrased before being communicated to anyone.

Brussels, (Belgium).

gram must be closely

(C & Special Gray).

Amembassy,

hsm -2- No. 77, November 11, 8 p. m., to Brussels

send your children and any other members of the family to the United States during the danger period. You can rest assured that Mrs. Roosevelt and I would gladly look after their safety and well-being and that we would regard them as members of our own family. As a matter of precaution it would probably be best for them to go by train and motor to Bilbao or Lisbon and I would gladly send a cruiser there to bring them to Washington or to our country place at Hyde Park.

I am thinking much of you in these grave hours.

Signed FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT UNQUOTE. (END SPECIAL GRAY).

HULL (PM)

Eu:PM

a11602

Pres

PSF safe: Belgium

HSM
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (C).

Brussels

Dated November 13, 1939 Rec'd 7:30 a. m., 14th

Secretary of State,

Washington.

183, November 13, 10 p. m.

ULTRA CONFIDENTIAL FOR THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Immediately upon the receipt of the corrected full text of your telegram No. 77, I personally gave it to the King this afternoon at the Palace. He was visibly affected and expressed himself as most deeply touched and grateful to the President and Mrs. Roosevelt.

I regret the delay in communicating this message but it was due to a garbling of the text which I am utterly unable to understand. The message as first received here on the afternoon of November 12th was dated November 11, 9 p. m., and numbered 76. It was obviously unintelligible because it appeared to be a request that King Leopold should send the text of the message to Her Majesty Queen Wilhelmina which message was addressed and directed entirely to her. I cabled for confirmation and received the corrected text this afternoon which inserted the message to the King and omitted any reference to the

a1/001

Queen.

CSB

DAVTES

Pres

DDM

PSF safe: Belgium

A portion of this message must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (G)

Brussels
Dated November 15, 1939
Rec'd. 10:43 a.m.

Secretary of State

Washington

187, November 15, noon.

ULTRA CONFIDENTIAL FOR THE PRESIDENT AND THE SEC-RETARY OF STATE ONLY.

With reference to the Department's ultra confidential telegram to me, 77, November 11, His Majesty King Leopold has handed to me the following message for President Roosevelt replying to the communication from the President:

· (BEGIN SPECIAL GRAY) "I am dooply touched by your offer and thank you for it cordially.

For the time being, the situation appears to be improved.

If, in case the danger should be renewed and I should be unable to keep my children in a safe place in Europe, it is with gratitude that I would accept the generous offer of you and Mrs. Roosevelt.

I find in your offer a new and infinitely precious proof of your tactful interest. It is a great comfort for us. (Signed) Leopold."

His Majesty's message was written in French and the above translation is my own.

a11d01

SAFE FILE: Bullitt, William C.

Vienna, March 12, 1939.

Sacretary of State Keppler and Director General Vegl have related the following:

"On Wednesday, March Sth, a conference was held at the Fuehrer's which was attended by personalities from the army, economic circles, and the Party.

'Austria' was represented by Gauleiter Buerckel in addition to those mentioned above.

"Certain economic and labor problems were discussed first. Then the Fuehrer spoke. First, he declared that the four-year plan was a last resort. The real problem confronting the German people was to assure for itself the sources from which could be obtained the raw materials necessary for its well being. In addition, in order to enjoy this well being, enemies of the German people must be exterminated radically: Jews, democracies, and the 'international powers'. As long as those enemies had the least vestige of power left anywhere in the world, they would be a menace to the peace of the German people.

"In this connection, the situation in Prague was becoming intolerable. In addition, Prague was needed as a means of access to those raw materials. Consequently, orders have been issued to the effect that, in a few days, not later than the loth of March, Czechoslovakia is to be occupied militarily.

"Poland will follow. We will not have to count on

a very strong resistance from that quarter. German domination over Poland is necessary in order to assure for Germany Polish supplies of agricultural products and coal.

Bullita

"As far as Hungary and Rumania are concerned, - they belong without question to Germany's vital space - the fall of Poland and adequate pressure will undoubtedly bring them to terms. We will then have absolute control over their vast agricultural and petroleum resources. The same may be said for Yugoslavia.

"This is the plan/will be realized until 1940. Even then Germany will be unbeatable.

"In 1940 and 1941 Germany will settle accounts once and for all with her hereditary enemy: France. That country will be obliterated from the map of Europe. England is an old and feeble country, weakened by democracy. With France vanquished, Germany will dominate England easily and will then have at its disposition England's riches and domains throughout the world.

"Thus, having for the first time unified the continent of Europe according to a new conception, Germany will mix itself with the dollars. Even today Americans can insult our people, but the day will come when, too late, they will bitterly regret every word they said against us.

"Among those present, some were very enthusiastic while others seemed much less so."

PAP
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS
Dated May 14, 1940

Rec'd 6:40 p.m.

Secretary of State

Washington

RUSH.

659, May 14, 7 p.m. (SECTION TVO)

The Cerman tanks had crossed the River Meuse as if it did not exist. They had run through the French anti-tank defenses which consisted of railroad rails sunk deep in concrete and protruding from ground as if the rails were straw. They had crossed the anti-tank traps and had completely demolished the concrete fortifications by which the Maginot Line had been extended in that region since the beginning of the war.

Reynaud then said "at this moment there is nothing between those Cerman tanks and Paris".

He stated that the French were attempting a counter attack to cut off the raids made by this German tank advance but he did not know what hope of success remained. Even without the participation of Italy, France faced one of the gravest and most terrible moments in her history. With the participation of Italy the result would be tragic not only for France and England but for every country in the world including the United States.

a12 aa 01

PAP

GRAY

PARIS

Dated June 10, 1940

Rec'd 3:10

Secretary of State

Washington

RUSH

1132, June 10, 6 p.m. (SECTION THREE)

At the same time that you explain this situation to the men and women of America, I beseech you to declare publicly that the United States will give the Allies aid and material support by all means "short of an expeditionary force". I beseech you to do this before it is too late.

I know the gravity of such a gesture. Its very gravity demands that it should not be made too/late.

You said to us yourself on the 5th of October 1937:

'I am compelled and you are compelled to look ahead. The peace, the freedom and the security of 90% of the population of the world is being jeopardized by the remaining 10% who are threatening a breakdown of all international order and law.

BULLITT

CSB

A124401.

CK

GRAY

Paris

Dated June 10, 1940

Rec'd 11:30 p.m.

Secretary of State
Washington

RUSH

1132, June 10, 6 p.m. (SECTION FOUR)

Surely the 90% who want to live in prace under law and in accordance with moral standards that have received almost trusty acceptance through the centuries, can and must find some way to make their will prevail.

The hour has now come for these. Paul Reynaud".

I see no reason why you should not make public this message from Reynaud. He would be only too happy if you should make it public.

BULLITT

EMB

JT

GRAY

PARIS

Dated June 11, 1940

Rec'd 4:40 p.m.

Secretary of State,
Washingtone

DMC DMD

1154, June 11, 6 p.m.

PERSONAL AND SECRET FOR THE PRESIDENT.

Samuel Wiley, our Consul at Le Havre, who reached Paris after having been bombed and machine gunned heavily while crossing the Saine has given me a description which is terrible of the sufferings of the refugees from the upper Saine district who are pouring southwestward.

I implore you either to take the relief of these refugees out of the hands of the Red Cross or to put an admiral instently in charge of the relief with full authority to act under the Red Cross as suggested in my previous telegram transmitted on this subject today.

I sent you that telegram after lunching with Wayne Taylor and Dean Jay, both of whom feel as I do that the Red Cross has not acted with either the speed or the efficiency that must be demanded of every organization today.

Moreover,

-2- #1154, June 11, 6 p.m., from Paris

Moreover, they are both as shocked as I am that the Red Cross has made no arrangements to send other ships immediately to follow the MCKEESPORT. We must have two ships a week immediately each one carrying a million dollars worth of supplies.

BULLITT

HPD

This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS

Dated June 11, 1940 Rec'd 6:10 p.m., 12th

Secretary of State,

Washington.

MU

RUSH

1149, June 11, 3 p.m.

PERSONAL AND SECRET FOR THE PRESIDENT.

The evacuation of Paris has added a million to the number of men, women, and children who are moving into southwestern France whose lives can be saved only by American aid.

You will recall that when I described to you over the telephone about 3 weeks ago the condition of the refugees from Belgium and northern France you said that you would ask Congress immediately for \$20,000,000 to keep them alive.

Later I was informed that at the request of the Red Cross which was putting on a drive for funds you would not ask for this sum or any other from the Congress until the conclusion of the Red Cross drive.

I was furthermore informed by you over the telephone that within three days a ship entirely filled with Red Cross supplies would leave the United States for Bordeaux.

(END SECTION ONE)

BULLITT

a 12ae01

HSM
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris

Dated June 11, 1940

Rec'd 11:35 a. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

1149, June 11,

(SECTION TWO)

Since I was under the illusion that the Red Cross would handle this matter with the urgency and efficiency demanded by the sufferings of the refugees I did not suggest that you ignore the Red Cross and have recourse to the Congress.

The ship whose sailing you promised in three days has not yet left the United States. This ship the MCKEES-PORT I am authoritatively informed is the only ship which has been chartered by the Red Cross. There are now six million persons in southwestern France who will die unless American aid for them is organized immediately with the utmost efficiency.

BULLITT

RR

alZafoi

HSM
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated June 11, 1940
Rec'd 11:35 a. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

1149, June 11,

(SECTION TWO)

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BULLITT

RR

alZafoi

JR
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris

Dated June 11, 1940 Rec'd 10:18 a.m., 12th.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH.

1149, June 11, (SECTION THREE)

This is no time to be a respecter of persons. I consider criminal the negligence of the Red Cross in failing to organize a regular supply line to Bordeaux three weeks ago. I am now convinced that the officials of the Red Cross are incompetent to organize relief on the scale demanded. The problem is as great as the problem of feeding and supplying the entire French Army.

I suggest that today you take the organization of a supply line to Dordeaux out of the hands of the Red Cross and place it in the hands of the most competent Admiral of the United States Navy. Or you might place an Admiral in the Red Cross with complete power to act.

At least two ships a week should reach Bordeaux from this moment on.

You cannot tolerate today the incompetence of any individual or organization which is preventing supplies from reaching dying French men, women and children.

CSE

BULLITT

HSM
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated June 11, 1940

Rec'd 12:25 p. m.

Secretary of State, Washington.

. RUSH

1149, June 11 (SECTION FOUR)

Harry Hopkins telephoned to me about a week ago to ask me the amount I estimated would be needed for the maintenance of life in southwestern France this year.

As he doubtless told you I stated that I thought at least \$100,000,000 would be needed.

I have discussed this question fully with Wayne Taylor and he agrees with me that this sum is not an overestimate. Two ships a week, \$1,000,000 a ship.

Please take action today and do not tolerate for personal or any other reasons continued incompetence in saving lives.

The mere fact that the ship which you promised would arrive on May 30 will not reach France before June 30 should be sufficient evidence to justify your acting in the most drastic manner. (END MESSAGE).

BULLITT

JT

GRAY

PARIS

Dated June 12, 1940

Rec'd 5:08 p.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

1157, June 12, 11 a.m.

PERSONAL AND SECRET FOR THE PRESIDENT.

I was and am deeply grateful for your telegram triple priority 648, June 11, 9 p.m.

I remember an evening with you in the White House about two years and a half ago when I said to you that I felt sure there would be war while I was Ambassador in Paris and that the Germans probably would reach Paris and that since there would be danger that the Department of State would wish to order me to leave Paris and that I would not leave and therefore would prefer not to receive such an order since I should have to disobey it. You said you would see to it that I should not receive such order and I am grateful to you for remembering and handling this matter just the way you have handled it.

As I said to you when you telephoned me the night of Sunday the 9th my deepest personal reason for staying

in

-2- #1157, June 12, 11 a.m., from Paris

in Paris is that whatever I have as character, good or bad, is based on the fact that since the age of four I have never run away from anything however painful or dangerous when I thought it was my duty to take a stand. If I should leave Paris now I would be no longer myself.

(END SECTION ONE)

BULLITT

CSB

JR

GRAY

Paris

Dated June 11, 1940 Rec'd 2:33 p.m., 12th.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH .

1157, June 11 (SECTION TWO)

I am certain it is my duty to stay here.

This Embassy is the only official organization still functioning in the City of Paris except the Headquarters of the military forces, Governor and the Prefecture of Police.

Thousands of people of all nationalities, French,
Canadian, English, Belgian, Rumanian and even Italian
are turning to us in despair for advice and comfort.
The fact that I am here is a strong element in preventing
a fatal panic.

Furthermore, a moment will come soon when I hope to be of even more use. The military Governor of Paris, General Hering, has just repeated to me the request previously made by Reynaud, Mandel and Langeron, the Prefect of Police.

BULLITT

TFV: CSB

a12aj01

JT

GRAY

PARIS

Dated June 12, 1940. .

Rec'd 5:10 p.m.

Secretary of State, Washington.

RUSH

1157, June 12, 11 a.m. (SECTION THREE)

The Military Governor, with his army, will at a given moment leave Paris in retreat. He will leave in Paris General Dentz as Commander of the Paris region. Owing to danger of fires and mobs, they have decided to leave the police and the firemen of the city at their posts until the Germans shall have occupied the city fully. They have stated to me that at a given moment — not far off — they will ask me in writing, as representative of the diplomatic corps in Paris, to act as guardian of the civil authority of this community during the transition from French Covernment to German military occupation, and to treat with the General commanding the German forces for the orderly occupation of the city.

I propose therefore at the appropriate moment to have broadcast a radio message stating that at a given time an automobile of the American Embassy in Paris properly

allakol

-2- #1157, June 12, 11 a.m. (SEC THREE) from Paris properly marked will move slowly along the road to Chantilly to the German line.

BULLITT

CSB

JR

GRAY

Paris

Dated June 12, 1940

Rec'd 11:55 a.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH.

1157, June 12

(SECTION FOUR)

I propose to send my Military Attache and my Naval
Attache to the German General commanding the forces in the
Paris area to explain the situation and return with the
suggestions of the German command as to methods of
facilitating the orderly transition of government. I
believe that this procedure may save thousands of lives and
I hope that you will not object to it.

The French are still holding the line of the Nonette in my garden at Chantilly but the Germans have crossed the little river near Senlis and the position is difficult. The French all along the line are fighting with the same incredible courage in the face of four times their numbers. The Germans have crossed the Seine in force and are approaching Evreux.

There was a little shooting in the streets of Paris last night but not much.

BULLITT

KLP

9/2aL01

GRAY

PARIS

Dated June 11, 1940 Rec'd 3:56 p.m., 12th

Secretary of State, Washington.

RUSH

1157, June 11, (SECTION FIVE)

In conclusion I am absolutely confident of the ability of Tony Biddle to handle the contacts with the French Covernment which is dispersed throughout Touraine. I have sent him a strong staff and he has promised me to make H. Freeman Matthews, who is one of the ablest and finest foreign service officers, his chief adviser.

I have said nothing in this cable about the tradition that the American Ambassador does not leave Paris.

Remember Gouverneur Morris and his wooden leg in the
terror, Washburne in the Commune, Herrick. It will
mean something always to the French and the Foreign
Service to remember that we do not leave though others do.

FOLLOWING IN FRENCH (J'y suis. J'y retainers) END FRENCH.

Love to you all. (END MESSAGE)

BULLITT

LMS: MPL

allamol

GRAY

PARIS

Dated June 11, 1940 Rec'd 3:56 p.m., 12th

Secretary of State, Washington.

RUSH

1157, June 11, (SECTION FIVE)

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terror, Washburne in the Commune, Herrick. It will
mean something always to the French and the Foreign
Service to remember that we do not leave though others do.

FOLLOWING IN FRENCH (J'y suis. J'y retainers) END FRENCH.

Love to you all. (END MESSAGE)

BULLITT

LMS: MPL

allamol

- 2 - "65, Time 13, 2 p.m. from Bern

as the representative of the diplomatic corps. Mr. Bullitt hopes to be of any assistance possible in seeing to it that the transfer of the Government of the city takes place without loss of human life. This entire communication is made at the personal request of General Fentz."

I have telephoned the foregoing to Embassy at Berlin.

In addition to transmitting this message to the American Embassy at Berlin Mr. Bullitt requested that it be repeated to the Department with an explanation that this action replaces the action indicated that he might take in a long telegram to the President yesterday.

Mr. Bullitt said that there was no more radio or telephone communication with the United States.

He also particularly requested that the Department should be informed that after the occupation of the city there will be enough food in the city to keep the population now estimated by him at two million people alive for two weeks and that after that there will be nothing whatsoever to eat unless something is done about it.

HARRISON

PSF Safe: Bullit

HOTCHKISS CAIRO

OPNAV

PPPPPPPP

21 DECEMBER 1941

1429/21

SMITH

REGEADED UNCLASSIFIED

REISS

1923ØØ CR Ø177

CECIE -

FOLLOWING STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL FOR THE PRESIDENT FROM BULLITT-

INDICATED BY THE REPORTS RECEIVED IN WASHINGTON BEFORE MY DEPARTURE.

I BELIEVE THAT LITTLETON AUCHINLECK AND THE REST ARE DOING AS GOOD A JOB AS CAN BE EXPECTED WITH THE INADEQUATE MEANS AT THEIR DISPOSAL

AGAINST A DETERMINED ENEMY LED BY A SOLDIER OF GENIUS ROMEL. ROMEL HAS AGAIN ESCAPED AN EXCELLENT TRAP SET FOR HIM BUT THERE ARE AT

THIS MOMENT NOT MORE THAN 30 GERMAN TANKS IN CONDITION TO FIGHT. IN ADDITION ROMMEL HAS APPROXIMATELY 30 ITALIAN TANKS AND A NUMBER OF

ARMOURED VEHICLES AND APPROXIMATELY 60,000 INFANTRY. ROMMELS FORCES ARE ALL ON THIS SIDE OF GENGHAZI EXCEPT ONE ITALIAN DIVISION IN

TRIPCLI WHICH IS REPORTED TO BE LOW IN HEALTH AND MORALE. IF THE BRITISH CAN GET TO BENGHAZI AS THEY EXPECT THEY HOPE TO BE ABLE TO

PUSH ON TO TRIPOLI AND THE TUNISIAN FRONTIER, BUT IT IS 1450 MILES BY THE ONLY ROAD FROM THE BRITISH BASE IN CAIRO TO THE FRONTIER OF

TUNISIA. 27 DIFFERENT LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS ARE USED BY THE SOLDIERS OF AUCHINLECKS ARMY AND A BRIGADE OF FREE FRENCH FROM SYRIA IS ABOUT TO BE ADDED...CONTINUED

DISTRIBUTION MIX....ACTION

SEALED SECRET FILE

CECIPLY

HOTCHKISS, CAIRO

OPNAY

PI

DEC. 21, 1941.

SMITH/PITKIN

SCORET

R.V.ROBINSON

1923## (CONTINUED) PART 2- 192315 CR #178 PART 3- 19233# CR #178 PART 4- 192345 CR #18#

AS YOU ARE AWA RE, BUT FEW PERSONS IN WASHINGTON REALIZE, THE FIGHTIMS IN THIS AREA IS BEING CARRIED ON BY COMPARITIVELY TINY FIGHTING FORCE: THEREFORE A SLIGHT INCREASE OR DIMU-NITION IN THE FORCE HERE MAKES THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN DEFEAT AND VICTORY. IN VIEW OF THE VITAL IMPORTANCE OF NORTH AFRICA FOR AN ULTIMA-TE ATTACK ON ITALY AND GERMANY, AND IN VIEW OF THE IMPORTANCE OF HAVING A BRITISH A-RMY ON THE EASTERN BORDED OF TUNISIA RATHER THAN A GERMAN ARMY, AND IN VIEW OF THE EXAMPLE FA-CT THE ENEMY IS NOW ON THE RUN I BELIEVE THAT (1) IT WOULD BE FOLLY TO WITHDRAW FORCES OF ANY KIND FROM THIS AREA NOW. (2) THAT THE FORCES NOW HERE SHOULD BE STRENGTHENED IN ANY WAY THAT WILL NOT REDUCE FORCE: WHICH ARE VITALLY NEEDED AT OTHER POINTS. IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT THE ESTABLISHED PROGRAM FOR DELIVERIES HERE OF AIRCRAFT, AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENTS.

BOSTONS A-20 A ND BALTIMORES MARTIN BOMBERS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED.

IT IS ALSO IMPORTANT THAT THE PROJECTS WHICH WERE STARTED BY GENERAL BRETT SHOULD BE CARRIED THROUGH. IN VIEW OF SERIOUS GERMAN ATTEMPTS

TO REINFORCE THIS THEATRE OF WAR NOTABLY BY THE TRANSFER OF THE ENTIRE 2ND GERMAN AIR CORPS FROM THE MOSCOW FRONT TO ITALY AND FLIGHTS OF PLANES WE OF THIS AIR CORPS TO LIBYA. IT IS MY BELIEF THAT THE SUCCESS

PORT SHOULD BE MAINTAINED AND THAT THERE SHOULD BE NO DIVERSION TO OT

AREAS. IT IS VITAL THAT THE PROGRAM FOR DELIVERY OF KITTY-HANK SP-49"

(CONTINUED ON SHEET 2)

SECRET

HOTCHKISS CAIRO

OPNAY CLASSICA

DEC 21, 1941.

ROBINSON

- USUME!

192300 (CONTINUED) PARTS 2, 3 & 4 - SHEET 2.

OF THE BRITISH PLANS TO PUSH ON TO THE FRONTIER OF TUNISIA DEPENDS ON THE PROMPT IMPROVEMENT OF BRITISH TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS. THE BRITISH ARE SHOCKINGLY SHORT OF COMPETENT TRUCK-DRIVERS. THEIR SYSTEM OF TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION HAS BEEN STRETCHED TO THE BREAKING POINT. AS AN EXAMPLE, WHEN I ATTENDED WITH LITTLETON AND AUCHINLEK A MEETING OF ALL THE STAFFS YESTERDAY FOR THE EXCHANGE OF INFO. NO NEWS HAD COME FOR 24 HOURS FROM THE FIGHTING FRONT. LYTTLETON. AUCHINLEK. AND AIR MARSHAL TEDDER HAVE ALL PROPOSED TO ME IN WRITING THAT WE SHOULD TAKE OVER WITH OUR OWN ARMY UNITS UNDER COMMANDS OF GEN. MAXWELL CERTAIN PORTION OF THE TRANSPORTATION BURDEN AS WELL AS THE INSTALLATION MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF A SYSTEM OF TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATIONS. I AM SENDING IN AMERICAN EQUIVALENTS THE WRITTEN REQUESTS PRESENTED TO ME BY THE BRIT YESTERDAY BY A SEPARATE MESSAGE THROUGH GEN. MAXWELL TO THE WAR DEPT. I HOPE THAT YOU WILL BE ABLE TO SEND AT LEAST THE TRUCK DRIVERS IMMEDIATELY. COOPERATION BETWEEN THE BRITISH AND GEN. MAXWELL IS EXCELLENT AND HE CONCURS IN MY OPINION THAT THE BRITISH ARE DOING AS GOOD A JOB AS THE INADEQUATE MEANS AND THE IMMENSE TERRAIN WILL PERMIT. PLEASE SHOW THIS MESSAGE TO MARSHALL, STIMSON, AND HOPKINS.

(END)

NAVAL MESSAGE NAVY DEPARTME MESSAGE PHONE EXTENSION NUMBER ADDRESSEES PRECEDENCE ACT I ON PPSPP OPNAY FROM HOTCHKISS CARRO ROUTINE RELEASED BY FOR DEFERRED DA!E 23 DEC 1941 NFORMATION TOR CODEROOM 1942 PRIORITY DECODED BY -TIERS ROUTINE DEFERRED PARAPHRASED BY PURDY

INDICATE BY ASTERISK ADDRESSEES FOR WHICH MAIL DELIVERY IS SATISFACTORY 22330 CR0677

2.12315 CRØ678

UNLESS OTHERWISE DESIGNATED THE PRECEDENCE.

ORIGINATOR FILL IN DATE AND TIME FOR DEFERRED AND MAIL DELIVERY

DATE

TIME

GCT

TEXT

(PART ONE 202300 CR0677) FOLLOWING FOR THE PRESIDENT FROM BULLITT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL: - QUITE THE BRITISH BOTH ON THE WEST COAST OF AFRICA WHERE I CONFERENCED WITH GENERAL GIFFARD AND HIS STAFF AND IN

CAIRO BELIEVE THAT THEY HAVE ABSOLUTE INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO THE FOLLOWING POINTS. (1) THERE ARE ONLY TWO GERMAN DIVISIONS ON THE SPANISH FRONTIER F THE PYRENEES. (2) ALL BRITISH INFORMATION INDICATES

THAT THERE ARE LO CERMANAIRCRAFT IN EITHER MORROCCO, ALGIERS TUNIS OR THE DAKAR FEGION. MOREOVER THERE ARE NO GERMAN SUGMARINES BASED AND DAKAR OR ON THE PORTUGUESE POSSESSIONS ON THE WEST COAST OF AFRICA.

GENERAL GIFFARD STATED THAT HE HAD A CAREFUL INVESTIGATION MADE OF THE-ENTIRE COAST AND ES (ENEMY SHIPS?) OPERATING IN THE SOUTH ATLANTIC ARE REFUELED BYSUPPLY SHIPS AND NOT FROMSHORE BASES. (3) THE BRITISH HERE

BELIEVE THAT THE WEATHER AND THE CONCENTRATION OF TURKISH TROOPS IN THRACE WILL CAUSE THE GERMANS TO PUT OFF ANY POSSIBLE ATTACK AGAINST TURKEY UNTIL THE EARLY SPRING."

PARTTWO (202315 CR0678)

MY 202300 FOR THE PRESIDENT FROM BULITT CONTINUES QUOTE*THE BRITISH AND MARSHALL IN CAIRO TEDDER DISTRED E TO CALL TO YOUR ATTENTION THAT THE GERMAN FAILURE TO GET THROUGH TO THE OIL WELLS OF THE CAUCASUS HAS MADE THE OIL WELLS OF THE PLOESTI REGION IN RUMANIA VITAL TO GERMANY

SEE ART 76 (4)

MAKE ORIGINAL ONLY, DELIVER TO COMMUNICATION WATCH OFFICER IN PERSON

1.5

NAVAL MESSAGE	NA VY DEPARTMENT		
PHONE EXTENSION NUMBER	ADDRESSEES	MESSAGE	
FROM	NO. T	PRIORITY	
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INDICATE BY ASTERISK ADDRESSEES FOR WHICH MAIL DELIVERY IS SATISFACTORY

202300 CR0677 202315 CR0678

SHEET TWO OF 1 202330 CROSTO BE TRANSMITTED WITH DEFERRED PRECEDENCE.

ORIGINATOR FILL IN DATE AND TIME FOR DEFERRED AND MAIL DELIVERY

DATE TIME

GCT

TEXT

HE BELIEVES THAT THREE SQUADRONS OF LIBERATORS BASED IN CAIRO COULD DESTROY THIS OIL FIELD IN AN ATTACKTO BE SUSTAINED OVER A PERIOD OF TWO MONTHS. I TOLD THE AIR MARSHALL AND GENERAL BUCHINLECK THAT WE

WERE EXTREMLY SHORT OF LIBERATORS AND THAT I FELT ALMOST CERTAIN THAT WE SHOULD HAVE NONE TO SPARE FOR THIS PURPOSE. HE WAS NEVER-THE-LESS MOST INSISTANT THAT I SHOULD PRESENT THIS POSSIBILITY TO YOUAS THE

VITAL LINK IN THE WHOLE STATEGIC PICTURE.

PART THREE (202330 CR0676)

MY 202315 FOR THE PRESIDENT FROM BULLITT. CONTINUES QUOTE THE BRITISH AIR FORCE OPERATING IN LIBYA IS STILL STRONGER THAN THE GERMAN. THIS IS DUE TO SHORTAGE ON THE GERMAN SIDE OF AVIATION GASOLINE AND MAIN-

TENANCE FACILITIES. THE GERMANS SAID ITALIANS ARE MAKING MOST DETERMINED EFFORTS TO GET THROUGH GASOLINT AND OIL AND TANKS AS WELL AS AIRPLANES TO LIBYA. IF THEY SHOULD SUCCEED IN DELIVERING A FEW LARGE CARGOES THE

ENTIRE PICTURE IN THIS AREA WOULD CHANGE AT ONCE. SPEED IS THERFOR ESSENTIAL. LYTTLETON HAS INFORMED ME THAT AUCHINLECK IS TO BE GIVEN COMMAND NOT ONLY OVER NORTH AFRICA PALESTINE AND SYRIA BUT ALSO OVER

TRAQ AND TRAN. WAVELL IS TO COMMAND IN INDIA AND BURMA. GENERAL WHEELER'S MISSION IN TRAQ AND TRAN WILL THEREFOR IN THE RXXXXX NEAR



SEE ART 76(4) NAV REGS

MAKE ORIGINAL ONLY, DELIVER TO COMMUNICATION WATCH OFFICER IN PERSON

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NAVAL MESSAGE	NA VY DEPARTMENT		
PHONE EXTENSION NUMBER	ADDRESSEES		MESSAGE PRECEDENCE
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INDICATE BY ASTERISK ADDRESSEES FOR W	000745	CRØ677	TORY
SHEET THREE UNLESS OTHERWISE DESIGNATED THIS DISP	202330	CRØ676	DEFERRED PRECEDE
ORIGINATOR FILL IN DATE AND TIME FOR	EFERRED AND MA	AIL DELIVERY	

TEXT

FUTURE BE OPRATING IN AN AREA COMMANDED NOT FROM DELHI BUT FROM CAIRO BULLITT" UNQUOTE ENDS.



DISTRIBUTION:

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES ACTION. PERSONAL FILE.



SEE ART 76 (4)

NAV REGS

MAKE ORIGINAL ONLY, DELIVER TO COMMUNICATION WATCH OFFICER IN PERSON

PrF - Sale

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FROM BULLITT, CAIRO, GEGRET TO THE PRESIDENT. WHEN I FIRST REACHED CAIRO, I SUGGESTED TO LYTTLETON THAT IT SHOULD NOT BE IMPOSSIBLE TO GET THE FRENCH FLEET IN ALEXANDRIA (1 BATTLE-SHIP, 3 HEAVY CRUISERS, 1 LIGHT CRUISER, 4 DD'S, AND 1 SUB) TO COME OVER TO OUR SIDE. HE SAID THAT THE DIFFICULTY WAS THAT THERE WAS MUCH TOO MUCH MOSTILITY ON THE PART OF THE FRENCH OFFICERS & MEN BOTH TO THE BRITISH AND TO THE FREE FRENCH TO BE WILLING TO JOIN EITHER OF THOSE FORCES. IT WAS MY SUCCESTION THAT PERHAPS THEY WOULD DE WILLING TO JOBS THE AMERICAN FLEET. LYTTLETON WAS IMPRESSED WITH THE IDEA AND TELEGRAPHED TO CHURCHILL BUT HAS HAD AS YET NO REPLY. WHEN I RETURNED TO CAIRO VESTERDAY | AGAIN DISCUSSED THE MATTER WITH LYTTLETON. HE IS STILL OF THE OPINION THAT IT COULD BE PUT THROUGH IF YOU AND CHURCHILL SO DESIRE. I SHOULD LIKE TO MINUTELY EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITIES AND SUGGEST THAT YOU AND I USE AS A PRIVATE CODE "JOHN PAUL JONES" AND REFER TO IT IN FUTURE COMMUNICATIONS MERELY BY THE WORL "JOHN" "PAUL" OR "JONES" .. THE FRENCH SHIPS ARE IN BAD CONDITION; AND I MAY FIND DIFFICULTIES WHICH WOULD MAKE ANY ACTION UNDESTRABLE. IT IS OBVIOUS THAT SHOULD OUR CAUSE BE JOINED BY THE FRENCH FLEET AT ALEXANDIRA IT WOULD BRING ABOUT THE DANGER OF AN ERUPTION FROM DARLAN AND THE GERMANS. I SHOULD BE INCLINED TO TAKE A CHANCE ON THAT. HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT IT. WOULD YOU HAVE ANY OBJECTIONS TO FRENCH FLEET HERE RUNNING UP THE AMERICAN FLAG? UNTIL I HEAR FROM YOU I SHALL DO NOTHING.

ACTION: PRES. U.S.....

PERSONAL FILE.....

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75 F Safe: Bullitt

ALUSNA CAIRO

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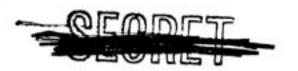
OPNAV

2 JANUARY 1942

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ALLENSWORTH

V TUCKER



Ø123ØØ CRØ584

FOLLOWING SECRET FOR THE PRESIDENT FROM BULLITT.

I HOPE THAT YOU AND CHURCHILL IN YOUR PLANNING ARE KEEPING IN MIND THE VITAL NEED TO RETAIN EGYPT AS A SECURE BASE NOT ONLY FOR

OPERATIONS IN LIBYA TUNISIA PALESTINE THE LEBANON SYRIA AND TURKEY BUT ALSO FOR TRANSIT OF PLANES TO INDIA AND THE FAR EAST.

AS I HAVE NOTED IN PREVIOUS MESSAGES THE DISTANCES IN THIS AREA ARE SO IMMENSE AND THE FORCES ENGAGED RELATIVELY SO SMALL THAT A

COMPARATIVELY SLIGHT INCREASE IN FORCE ON THE GERMAN SIDE MIGHT CHANGE THE PICTURE ENTIRELY. FOR EXAMPLE ONE LARGE CONVOY FROM ITALY

TO TRIPOLI WITH SUFFICIENT AVIATION GASOLINE TO FURNISH THE GERMAN SECOND FLYING CORPS NOW WAITING IN SICILY AND ITALY WOULD ENABLE

THAT CORPS TO OPERATE IN LIBYA AND TAKE CONTROL OF THE AIR FROM THE BRITISH. IN VIEW OF THE PRESENT STATE OF THE BRITISH NAVAL FORCES

BASED ON ALEXANDRIA OF WHICH CHURCHILL HAS CERTAINLY INFORMED YOU THE STOPPING OF CONVOYS TO TRIPOLI WILL NOT BE EASY. TO DRAW FORCES

AWAY FROM THIS AREA OR TO FAIL TO REENFORCE THIS AREA BECAUSE OF DEMANDS FROM THE FAR EAST MIGHT LEAD TO A REPETITION OF EVENTS IN

LIBYA WHEN FORCES WERE WITHDRAWN TO GO TO GREECE. THE SUCCESSES WHICH THE BRITISH HAVE GAINED IN LIBYA HAVE BEEN DEARLY BOUGHT AND WILL

LEAD TO NO DECISIVE RESULT UNLESS TRIPOLI SHOULD BE OCCUPIED. SOME DAYS AGO I WAS SHOWN THE TELEGRAM IN WHICH THE BRITISH COMMAND HERE

State Dept. Letter, 1-11-12

PAGE 2 OF Ø123ØØ



STATED ITS REQUIREMENTS. CHURCHILL DOUBTLESS HAS ALREADY COMMUNICATED THIS TO YOU. I WISH TO ADD ONLY THAT THE CHIEF ASSET OF THE BRITISH IN THIS AREA IS THEIR QUALITY OF BEING WITHOUT FEAR. I THINK THEY NEED IN ADDITION AT THIS MOMENT REENFORCEMENTS IN NAVAL VESSELS AIRCRAFT TANKS AND TRANSPORT AND SIGNAL UNITS. BULLITT.

State Dept. Letter, 1-11-72

By J. Schauble Date | 3 1972

PSF SARE BUILD

HOTCHKISS CAIRO

OPNAY

RRRRRRRRRR

2 JANUARY 1942

SMITH V TUCKER

311331 CRØ659

By d. Schauble Love EEB

FOLLOWING BECRET FOR THE PRESIDENT FROM BULLITT.

QUOTE(ONE)LYTTLETON HAS ASKED ME TO JOIN HIM IN A STATEMENT OF OUR VIEWS WHICH ARE IN AGREEMENT ON THE POSSIBILITY OF AN INVASION OF TUNISIA IN CASE AUCHINLECKS FORCES SHOULD REACH THE TUNISIAN FRONTIER. AS HIS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION AND CODES ARE MUCH MORE RAPID THAN OUR OWN HE IS TELEGRAPHING TONIGHT TO THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR FOR YOU AND CHURCHILL A DRAFT WHICH WE HAVE PREPARED TOGETHER. (TWO) I CONSIDER IT IMPORTANT THAT YOU SHOULD GIVE THE ORDERS REQUESTED IN MY TELEGRAM OF DECEMBER 20TH AND IN MY TELEGRAM I SENT ON THE SAME DATE THROUGH GENERAL MAXWELL TO THE WAR BEPARTMENT. THE PROBLEM OF TRANSPORTATION AND TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS IN THIS AREA IS BECOMING MORE SERIOUS WITH EACH STEP THAT THE BRITISH ADVANCE. BULLITT. UNQUOTE.

PERSONAL FOR THE PRESIDENT
SEALED SECRET FILE

PSF
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 2, 1942

MAMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT:

4

Has Bullitt been answered relative to the French fleet, Alexandria?

You will recall that he, in effect, asked for instructions and I gather that the joint view of the British and ourselves is that Bullitt should not stir that up at the moment.

HARRY L. HOPKINS

alZatol

January 2, 1942

TO: CATRO

FROM THE PRESIDENT FOR BULLITT

HAVE RECEIVED YOUR LIBERT IS SHICH HAVE BEEN READ BY THE PRICE MINISTER AND ME LITH GREAT INTEREST.

APROPOS OF YOUR OR 0584 OF JANUARY 2 SUPPLIES ARE POVING OTHER POSSESSED AND FULL APPRECIATION HERE OF NEED FOR THE JR CONTINUED AND PROMPT DISPATCH.

ROOSSVELT



a12at02

BAY

JAN 14 1942

CR Ø515

FROM BULLITT

ACTION THE PRESIDENT

I HAVE STUDIED THE SITUATION IN IRAQ, IRAN, SYRIA, THE LEBANON, PALESTINE AND EGYPT. UNLESS YOU HAVE WORK FOR ME TO DO IN INDIA OR CHINA OR SOME OTHER COUNTRY IN THIS AREA, I BELIEVE THAT I SHOULD RETURN TO WASHINGTON AT ONCE TO REPORT TO YOU ON THE PRESENT FACTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS IN THIS AREA AS THE ENTIRE WORLD SITUATION HAS CHANGED SINCE MY LEAVING. PLEASE REPLY AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AS IT IS DIFFICULT TO MAKE TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS.

ACTION ... THE PRESIDENT

DRAFTER	EXTENSION NUMBER	ADDRESSE.	· PRECEDENCE
FROM HOTCHKISS CAIRO	ACTION	Bullitt	PRIORITY
DATE 21 JAN 42	For	OPNAV .	DEFERRED
TOR CODEROOM 1845/21ST	ORMATION		PRIORITY
PARAPHRASED BY GLTUCKER	INFO		DEFERRED

INDICATE BY ASTERISK ADDRESSEES FOR WHICH MAIL DELIVERY IS SATISFACTORY.

2Ø193Ø CR Ø55Ø

UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED THIS DISPATCH WILL BE TRANSMITTED WITH DEFERRED PRECEDENCE.

ORIGINATOR FILL IN DATE AND TIME

DATE

TIME

GCT

TEXT

FROM BULLETT.

FOR THE PRESIDENT (PERSONAL)

I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM A 4 DAY VISIT TO THE LIBYAN FIGHTING FRONT. AS I HAVE NO WORD FROM YOU INDICATING THAT YOU WISH ME TO PROCEED TO ANY OTHER POINT I AM PLANNING TO LEAVE CAIRO FOR WASHINGTON ON FRIDAY MORNING JANUARY 23RD VIA LIBERATOR.

PRESIDENT U.S.....ACT.

PERSONAL FILE

DUMMY.

DECLASSIFIED State Dept. Letter, 1-11-72

By J. Schouble Date_FEB 3 1972



Make original only. Deliver to communication watch officer in person. (See Art. 76 (4) NAVREGS.)

a12 av01

Lafe: Eullitt



Paris, September 16, 1939.

Personal and

Dear Mr. President:

I sent a telegram today which you have probably seen, describing the manner in which the German Air Force destroyed nine-tenths of the Polish Air Force at noon on the first of September. I assume that you saw the telegram and I want to let you know a number of related facts which I did not put in it.

My informant was the French Minister for Air, Guy La Chambre, who had just talked with a French officer who left Poland three days ago and personally witnessed the Polish débacle.

In the course of our conversation, La Chambre added a number of facts about air fighting on the western front which I did not consider it wise to put in my cable. He said that there had been a number

The Honorable

Franklin D. Roosevelt,

President of the United States of America, Washington, D. C.

a12601

number of air engagements between the Curtiss pursuit planes, which the French bought last year in the United States, and the German Messerschmidts. In the opinion of the French pilots, the Curtiss planes were definitely superior to the German Messerschmidts. On one occasion, three Curtiss planes had been attacked by six Messerschmidts and had beaten off the six and destroyed two of the six.

La Chambre said that he feared that the German espionage service was as well organized in France as it had been in Poland. The French, therefore, had to fear that at some given moment the German bombardment planes flying so high as to be out of sight would suddenly descend on the French air fields in an attempt to destroy the French air force before it could take the air. He had, therefore, taken the utmost precautions to distribute and conceal the French planes.

He felt that as long as the French pursuit planes should remain in existence, which would not be very long, they could prevent German bombardment, by day, of Paris and other vital centers. The truth was, however, that the French did not have sufficient planes

to hold the air for more than a couple of months at the outside, and he feared that the British could not be counted on for any effective action.

La Chambre added that he now had the exact figures with regard to the number of planes that the British could put in the air at this moment. The British had told tall stories about their production. The truth was that the British had today of the most modern types only 480 pursuit planes and about 500 bombers. Furthermore, the British pilots, with comparatively few exceptions, were so ill-trained that he did not know how effective they would be. He stated that in the raid against the Kiel Canal, a dozen British bombers had taken part. Two had been shot down; but four had got lost flying to Kiel and had crashed in Germany. Moreover, two of the air raid warnings in Paris had been caused by British planes which had lost their way and had flown over the city.

There were two vital questions for French aviation. First, whether or not the French pursuit planes could prevent the bombardment of French plane factories; second, whether or not the French could produce sufficient motors. He was doubtful about both points.

Daladier, a couple of days ago, expressed a much more pessimistic view to me. He said that he felt

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that

that his political life and probably his personal life as well could not last more than three months. He expected Hitler, as soon as the Polish attack should have been completed, to launch the entire German Air Force against France. The bombardments of France would be so terrible that the French people would blame him for the lack of French planes and would drive him from political life and indeed would probably kill him. He did not consider that the lack of planes was his fault but he would be blamed for it.

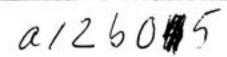
I do not know whether these pessimistic views will be justified by the event, but it is certain that, if they should be justified and if Germany after someweeks of combat should be able to drive the French and British Air Forces from the air, the bombardments of French land communications and the bombardments of British shipping might be as effective as the bombardments of Polish communications during the past two weeks.

Under the circumstances, I think you ought to have studied now in all its aspects the military and naval problem that will face the United States in case France and England should be defeated during the next eight months. I am convinced that if Hitler should be able to win during this period, he would be able to obtain the support of the Italians and the Japanese and would

be in a position to make the attack on South America which he announced to the leaders that he convoked on the eighth of March last. I now have in written form the statement which I telegraphed to you on that subject some months ago. The report was handed me by Otto of Hapsburg. It comes from one of his most trusted agents in Vienna who is in the center of the Nazi movement, and I consider it absolutely authentic.

I realize that it will probably be impossible for you to convince the people of the United States that they are menaced by Hitler. I can not express to you too strongly my conviction that we are menaced in the most terrible manner by Hitler. If we do not change at once the Neutrality Act and supply France and England immediately with all the weapons of war that we can produce, we shall be insane. It is the considered opinion not only of our own Military and Naval Attachés in Paris, but also of the French General Staff that if the United States should continue to refuse to supply airplanes, arms, and ammunition to France and England, France and England unquestionably would be defeated. It would be our turn next.

I



I intend to telephone to you later this evening to ask you whether or not you feel that it might not be worth while for me to telegraph to Bob La Follette and Tinkham on this subject. Any American who opposes the sale of arms and ammunition to France and England today must be either blind to the realities of the situation or no patriot.

Your Aunt Dora came to the Chancery to call on me this afternoon and again evoked not only my affection but my admiration. In her customary quiet manner, she announced that she had now given up her passage on the 18th and had taken passage on the 29th and then, with a twinkle in her eye, said: "But you know, I am rather tenacious". In other words, she hasn't the slightest intention of leaving her apartment until she is blown out of it. She is really superb.

Love to you all and good luck.



Enclosure.

FAP
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone (D)

PARIS
Dated May 14, 1940

Rec'd 6:43 p.m.

Secretary of State

Washington

RUSH

.659, May 14, 7 p.m. (SECTION THREE)

We were at one of the most terrible moments in human history. France would fight on but the French soldiers, brave as they were, could not stand against simultaneous attacks by tanks on the ground and bombs and machine gun bullets from the air.

Reynaud then implored me to obtain additional aeroplanes from the United States. I told him I feared there were none to be had.

He then said that the war with Italy would involve
Italian submarine attacks on all shipping in the Mediterranean.
The British and French had an inadequate number of destroyers.
He knew that the United States had a large number of old
destroyers which could be used effectively against submarines. He implored me if possible to have the Government
of the United States declare these destroyers to be without
military value and sell them to the French and British
Governments.

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Sæfe: Bulli

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This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D) Paris

Dated September 16, 1939 Rec'd 8:40 a.m.

Secretary of State
Washington

1998, September 16, 11 a.m.

PERSONAL AND FOR THE PRESIDENT.

I hope that you have decided to make no protest if the same rules of blockade should be applied now by the British and French as those which were applied by ourselves in conjunction with the British and French in the summer of 1918. The only effective weapon now in the hands of the democracies is the blockade.

Since we participated in the preparation and application of the blockade rules of 1918 there is no reason why we should object to their application today.

fou have probably already given instructions in this sense. If not please do, and please inform

Lothian and Saint Quentin. I have written you with regard to this subject and many others; but the mails are so slow and irregular, and this question is so important, that I feel obliged to telegraph.

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Better Better

THE COUNSELOR



DEPARTMENT OF STATE WASHINGTON

September 16, 1939.

Dear Mr. President:

I have thought that for convenient reference you may wish to have the enclosures that pertain to the so-called neutrality legislation:

- (1) The pamphlet marked "A" is the present law, except that Section 2 expired by limitation on last May first;
- (2) The pamphlet marked "B" contains all of the measures that were pending in the Senate Committee on March 31, 1939. I believe that the Pittman Resolution, which is printed first in the list, was regarded as more satisfactory than any of the others. You will notice that its Section 2 makes unlawful, after a proclamation is issued, the transportation on American vessels of passengers or any articles or materials directly or indirectly to any state named in the proclamation. This would, of course, apply to American vessels carrying goods of any kind to localities that might be entirely free of danger, as for example Canada, Vancouver, Australia and New Zealand. There are senators and others who advocate the "cash and carry" or "come and get it" plan, and I mention

The President
The White House.

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the

[Public Resolution—No. 27—75TH Congress] [Chapter 146—1st Session] [S. J. Res. 51]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution providing for the prohibition of the export of arms, ammunition, and implements of war to belligerent countries; the prohibition of the transportation of arms, ammunition, and implements of war by vessels of the United States for the use of belligerent states; for the registration and licensing of persons engaged in the business of manufacturing, exporting, or importing arms, ammunition, or implements of war; and restricting travel by American citizens on belligerent ships during war", approved August 31, 1935, as amended.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution providing for the prohibition of the export of arms, ammunition, and implements of war to belligerent countries; the prohibition of the transportation of arms, ammunition, and implements of war by vessels of the United States for the use of belligerent states; for the registration and licensing of persons engaged in the business of manufacturing, exporting, or importing arms, ammunition, or implements of war; and restricting travel by American citizens on belligerent ships during war", approved August 31, 1935, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"EXPORT OF ARMS, AMMUNITION, AND IMPLEMENTS OF WAR

"Section 1. (a) Whenever the President shall find that there exists a state of war between, or among, two or more foreign states, the President shall proclaim such fact, and it shall thereafter be unlawful to export, or attempt to export, or cause to be exported, arms, ammunition, or implements of war from any place in the United States to any belligerent state named in such proclamation, or to any neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such belligerent state.

"(b) The President shall, from time to time, by proclamation, extend such embargo upon the export of arms, ammunition, or implements of war to other states as and when they may become involved in such war.

"(c) Whenever the President shall find that a state of civil strife exists in a foreign state and that such civil strife is of a magnitude or is being conducted under such conditions that the export of arms, ammunition, or implements of war from the United States to such foreign state would threaten or endanger the peace of the United States, the President shall proclaim such fact, and it shall thereafter be unlawful to export, or attempt to export, or cause to be exported, arms, ammunition, or implements of war from any place in the United States to such foreign state, or to any neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, such foreign state.

"(d) The President shall, from time to time by proclamation, definitely enumerate the arms, ammunition, and implements of war,

the export of which is prohibited by this section. The arms, ammunition, and implements of war so enumerated shall include those enumerated in the President's proclamation Numbered 2163, of April 10, 1936, but shall not include raw materials or any other articles or materials not of the same general character as those enumerated in the said proclamation, and in the Convention for the Supervision of the International Trade in Arms and Ammunition and in Implements of War, signed at Geneva June 17, 1925.

"(e) Whoever, in violation of any of the provisions of this Act, shall export, or attempt to export, or cause to be exported, arms, ammunition, or implements of war from the United States shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both, and the property, vessel, or vehicle containing the same shall be subject to the provisions of sections 1 to 8, inclusive, title 6, chapter 30, of the Act approved June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 223-225; U. S. C.,

1934 ed., title 22, secs. 238-245).

"(f) In the case of the forfeiture of any arms, ammunition, or implements of war by reason of a violation of this Act, no public or private sale shall be required; but such arms, ammunition, or implements of war shall be delivered to the Secretary of War for such use or disposal thereof as shall be approved by the President of the United

"(g) Whenever, in the judgment of the President, the conditions which have caused him to issue any proclamation under the authority of this section have ceased to exist, he shall revoke the same, and the provisions of this section shall thereupon cease to apply with respect to the state or states named in such proclamation, except with respect to offenses committed, or forfeitures incurred, prior to such revocation.

"EXPORT OF OTHER ARTICLES AND MATERIALS

"Sec. 2. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act and he shall thereafter find that the placing of restrictions on the shipment of certain articles or materials in addition to arms, ammunition, and implements of war from the United States to belligerent states, or to a state wherein civil strife exists, is necessary to promote the security or preserve the peace of the United States or to protect the lives of citizens of the United States, he shall so proclaim, and it shall thereafter be unlawful, except under such limitations and exceptions as the President may prescribe as to lakes, rivers, and inland waters bordering on the United States, and as to transportation on or over lands bordering on the United States, for any American vessel to carry such articles or materials to any belligerent state, or to any state wherein civil strife exists, named in such proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 of this Act, or to any neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such belligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists. The President shall by proclamation from time to time definitely enumerate the articles and materials which it shall be unlawful for American vessels to so transport.

"(b) Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act and he shall thereafter find that the placing of restrictions on the export of articles or materials from the United States to belligerent states, or to a state wherein civil strife exists, is necessary to promote the security or preserve the peace of the United States or to protect the lives or commerce of citizens of the United States, he shall so proclaim, and it shall thereafter be unlawful, except under such limitations and exceptions as the President may prescribe as to lakes, rivers, and inland waters bordering on the United States, and as to transportation on or over land bordering on the United States, to export or transport, or attempt to export or transport, or cause to be exported or transported, from the United States to any belligerent state, or to any state wherein civil strife exists, named in such proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 of this Act, or to any neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such belligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists, any articles or materials whatever until all right, title, and interest therein shall have been transferred to some foreign government, agency, institution, association, partnership, corporation, or national. The shipper of such articles or materials shall be required to file with the collector of the port from which they are to be exported a declaration under oath that there exists in citizens of the United States no right, title, or interest in such articles or materials, and to comply with such rules and regulations as shall be promulgated from time to time by the President. Any such declaration so filed shall be a conclusive estoppel against any claim of any citizen of the United States of right, title, or interest in such articles or materials. Insurance written by underwriters on any articles or materials the export of which is prohibited by this Act, or on articles or materials carried by an American vessel in violation of subsection (a) of this section, shall not be deemed an American interest therein, and no insurance policy issued on such articles or materials and no loss incurred thereunder or by the owner of the vessel carrying the same shall be made a basis of any claim put forward by the Government of the United States.

"(c) The President shall from time to time by proclamation extend such restrictions as are imposed under the authority of this section to other states as and when they may be declared to become belligerent states under proclamations issued under the authority of section 1 of this Act.

"(d) The President may from time to time change, modify, or revoke in whole or in part any proclamations issued by him under the

authority of this section.

"(e) Except with respect to offenses committed, or forfeitures incurred, prior to May 1, 1939, this section and all proclamations issued thereunder shall not be effective after May 1, 1939.

"FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

"Sec. 3. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act, it shall thereafter be unlawful for any person within the United States to purchase, sell, or exchange bonds, securities, or other obligations of the government of any belligerent state or of any state wherein civil strife exists, named in such proclamation, or of any political subdivision of any such state, or of any person acting for or on behalf of the government of any such state, or of any faction or asserted government within any such state wherein civil strife exists, or of

any person acting for or on behalf of any faction or asserted government within any such state wherein civil strife exists, issued after the date of such proclamation, or to make any loan or extend any credit to any such government, political subdivision, faction, asserted government, or person, or to solicit or receive any contribution for any such government, political subdivision, faction, asserted government, or person: Provided, That if the President shall find that such action will serve to protect the commercial or other interests of the United States or its citizens, he may, in his discretion, and to such extent and under such regulations as he may prescribe, except from the operation of this section ordinary commercial credits and shorttime obligations in aid of legal transactions and of a character customarily used in normal peacetime commercial transactions. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the solicitation or collection of funds to be used for medical aid and assistance, or for food and clothing to relieve human suffering, when such solicitation or collection of funds is made on behalf of and for use by any person or organization which is not acting for or on behalf of any such government, political subdivision, faction, or asserted government, but all such solicitations and collections of funds shall be subject to the approval of the President and shall be made under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe.

"(b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a renewal or adjustment of such indebtedness as may exist on the date of the

President's proclamation.

"(c) Whoever shall violate the provisions of this section or of any regulations issued hereunder shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$50,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both. Should the violation be by a corporation, organization, or association, each officer or agent thereof participating in the violation may be liable to the penalty herein prescribed.

"(d) Whenever the President shall have revoked any such proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 of this Act, the provisions of this section and of any regulations issued by the President hereunder shall thereupon cease to apply with respect to the state or states named in such proclamation, except with respect to offenses

committed prior to such revocation.

"EXCEPTIONS-AMERICAN REPUBLICS

"Sec. 4. This Act shall not apply to an American republic or republics engaged in war against a non-American state or states, provided the American republic is not cooperating with a non-American state or states in such war.

"NATIONAL MUNITIONS CONTROL BOARD

"SEC. 5. (a) There is hereby established a National Munitions Control Board (hereinafter referred to as the 'Board') to carry out the provisions of this Act. The Board shall consist of the Secretary of State, who shall be chairman and executive officer of the Board, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of Commerce. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, or by other law, the administration of this Act is vested in the Department of State. The Secretary of State shall promulgate such rules and regulations with regard to the enforcement of this section as he may deem necessary to carry out its provisions. The Board shall be convened by the chairman and shall

hold at least one meeting a year.

"(b) Every person who engages in the business of manufacturing, exporting, or importing any of the arms, ammunition, or implements of war referred to in this Act, whether as an exporter, importer, manufacturer, or dealer, shall register with the Secretary of State his name, or business name, principal place of business, and places of business in the United States, and a list of the arms, ammunition, and implements of war which he manufactures, imports, or

exports.

"(c) Every person required to register under this section shall notify the Secretary of State of any change in the arms, ammunition, or implements of war which he exports, imports, or manufactures; and upon such notification the Secretary of State shall issue to such person an amended certificate of registration, free of charge, which shall remain valid until the date of expiration of the original certificate. Every person required to register under the provisions of this section shall pay a registration fee of \$500, unless he manufactured, exported, or imported arms, ammunition, and implements of war to a total sales value of less than \$50,000 during the twelve months immediately preceding his registration, in which case he shall pay a registration fee of \$100. Upon receipt of the required registration fee, the Secretary of State shall issue a registration certificate valid for five years, which shall be renewable for further periods of five years upon the payment for each renewal of a fee of \$500 in the case of persons who manufactured, exported, or imported arms, ammunition, and implements of war to a total sales value of more than \$50,000 during the twelve months immediately preceding the renewal, or a fee of \$100 in the case of persons who manufactured, exported, or imported arms, ammunition, and implements of war to a total sales value of less than \$50,000 during the twelve months immediately preceding the renewal. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to refund, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$400 to every person who shall have paid a registration fee of \$500 pursuant to this Act, who manufactured, exported, or imported arms, ammunition, and implements of war to a total sales value of less than \$50,000 during the twelve months immediately preceding his registration,

"(d) It shall be unlawful for any person to export, or attempt to export, from the United States to any other state, any of the arms, ammunition, or implements of war referred to in this Act, or to import, or attempt to import, to the United States from any other state, any of the arms, ammunition, or implements of war referred to in this Act, without first having obtained a license therefor.

"(e) All persons required to register under this section shall maintain, subject to the inspection of the Secretary of State, or any person or persons designated by him, such permanent records of manufacture for export, importation, and exportation of arms, ammunition, and implements of war as the Secretary of State shall prescribe. "(f) Licenses shall be issued to persons who have registered as herein provided for, except in cases of export or import licenses where the export of arms, ammunition, or implements of war would be in violation of this Act or any other law of the United States, or of a treaty to which the United States is a party, in which cases such licenses shall not be issued.

"(g) Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act, all licenses theretofore issued under this Act shall ipso facto and immediately upon the issuance of such proclamation, cease to grant authority to export arms, ammunition, or implements of war from any place in the United States to any belligerent state, or to any state wherein civil strife exists, named in such proclamation, or to any neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such belligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists; and said licenses, insofar as the grant of authority to export to the state or states named in such proclamation is concerned, shall be null and void.

"(h) No purchase of arms, ammunition, or implements of war shall be made on behalf of the United States by any officer, executive department, or independent establishment of the Government from any person who shall have failed to register under the provisions of this Act.

"(i) The provisions of the Act of August 29, 1916, relating to the sale of ordnance and stores to the Government of Cuba (39 Stat. 619, 643; U. S. C., 1934 ed., title 50, sec. 72), are hereby repealed as of December 31, 1937.

"(j) The Board shall make an annual report to Congress, copies of which shall be distributed as are other reports transmitted to Congress. Such reports shall contain such information and data collected by the Board as may be considered of value in the determination of questions connected with the control of trade in arms, ammunition, and implements of war. The Board shall include in such reports a list of all persons required to register under the provisions of this Act, and full information concerning the licenses issued hereunder.

"(k) The President is hereby authorized to proclaim upon recommendation of the Board from time to time a list of articles which shall be considered arms, ammunition, and implements of war for the purposes of this section.

"AMERICAN VESSELS PROHIBITED PROM CARRYING ARMS TO BELLIGERENT STATES

"Sec. 6. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act, it shall thereafter be unlawful, until such proclamation is revoked, for any American vessel to carry any arms, ammunition, or implements of war to any belligerent state, or to any state wherein civil strife exists, named in such proclamation, or to any neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such belligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists.

"(b) Whoever, in violation of the provisions of this section, shall take, or attempt to take, or shall authorize, hire, or solicit another to take, any American vessel carrying such cargo out of port or from the jurisdiction of the United States shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both; and, in addition, such vessel, and her tackle, apparel, furniture, and equipment, and the arms, ammunition, and implements of war on board, shall be forfeited to the United States.

"USE OF AMERICAN PORTS AS BASE OF SUPPLY

"SEC. 7. (a) Whenever, during any war in which the United States is neutral, the President, or any person thereunto authorized by him, shall have cause to believe that any vessel, domestic or foreign, whether requiring clearance or not, is about to carry out of a port of the United States, fuel, men, arms, ammunition, implements of war, or other supplies to any warship, tender, or supply ship of a belligerent state, but the evidence is not deemed sufficient to justify forbidding the departure of the vessel as provided for by section 1, title V, chapter 30, of the Act approved June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 217, 221; U. S. C., 1934 ed., title 18, sec. 31), and if, in the President's judgment, such action will serve to maintain peace between the United States and foreign states, or to protect the commercial interests of the United States and its citizens, or to promote the security or neutrality of the United States, he shall have the power and it shall be his duty to require the owner, master, or person in command thereof, before departing from a port of the United States, to give a bond to the United States, with sufficient sureties, in such amount as he shall deem proper, conditioned that the vessel will not deliver the men, or any part of the cargo, to any warship, tender, or supply ship of a belligerent state.

"(b) If the President, or any person thereunto authorized by him, shall find that a vessel, domestic or foreign, in a port of the United States, has previously cleared from a port of the United States during such war and delivered its cargo or any part thereof to a warship, tender, or supply ship of a belligerent state, he may prohibit the departure of such vessel during the duration of the war.

"SUBMARINES AND ARMED MERCHANT VESSELS

"Sec. 8. Whenever, during any war in which the United States is neutral, the President shall find that special restrictions placed on the use of the ports and territorial waters of the United States by the submarines or armed merchant vessels of a foreign state, will serve to maintain peace between the United States and foreign states, or to protect the commercial interests of the United States and its citizens, or to promote the security of the United States, and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall thereafter be unlawful for any such submarine or armed merchant vessel to enter a port or the territorial waters of the United States or to depart therefrom, except under such conditions and subject to such limitations as the President may prescribe. Whenever, in his judgment, the conditions which have caused him to issue his proclamation have ceased to exist, he shall revoke his proclamation and the provisions of this section shall thereupon cease to apply.

"TRAVEL ON VESSELS OF BELLIGERENT STATES

"Szc. 9. Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act it shall thereafter be unlawful for any citizen of the United States to travel on any vessel of the state or states named in such proclamation, except in accordance with such rules and regulations as the President shall prescribe: Provided, however, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to a citizen of the United States traveling on a vessel whose voyage was begun in advance of the date of the President's proclamation, and who had no opportunity to discontinue his voyage after that date: And provided further, That they shall not apply under ninety days after the date of the President's proclamation to a citizen of the United States returning from a foreign state to the United States. Whenever, in the President's judgment, the conditions which have caused him to issue his proclamation have ceased to exist, he shall revoke his proclamation and the provisions of this section shall thereupon cease to apply with respect to the state or states named in such proclamation, except with respect to offenses committed prior to such revocation.

"ARMING OF AMERICAN MERCHANT VESSELS PROHIBITED

"Szc. 10. Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1, it shall thereafter be unlawful, until such proclamation is revoked, for any American vessel engaged in commerce with any belligerent state, or any state wherein civil strife exists, named in such proclamation, to be armed or to carry any armament, arms, ammunition, or implements of war, except small arms and ammunition therefor which the President may deem necessary and shall publicly designate for the preservation of discipline aboard such vessels.

"REGULATIONS

"Sec. 11. The President may, from time to time, promulgate such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, as may be necessary and proper to carry out any of the provisions of this Act; and he may exercise any power or authority conferred on him by this Act through such officer or officers, or agency or agencies, as he shall direct.

"GENERAL PENALTY PROVISION

"Sec. 12. In every case of the violation of any of the provisions of this Act or of any rule or regulation issued pursuant thereto where a specific penalty is not herein provided, such violator or violators, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

"DEFINITIONS

"SEC. 13. For the purposes of this Act-

"(a) The term 'United States', when used in a geographical sense, includes the several States and Territories, the insular possessions of the United States (including the Philippine Islands), the Canal Zone, and the District of Columbia.

"(b) The term 'person' includes a partnership, company, associa-

tion, or corporation, as well as a natural person,

"(c) The term 'vessel' means every description of watercraft (including aircraft) or other contrivence used, or capable of being used, as a means of transportation on, under, or over water.

"(d) The term 'American vessel' means any vessel (including aircraft) documented under the laws of the United States.

"(e) The term 'vehicle' means every description of carriage (including aircraft) or other contrivance used, or capable of being used, as a means of transportation on or over land.

"(f) The term 'state' shall include nation, government, and country.

"SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS

"Sec. 14. If any of the provisions of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

"APPROPRIATIONS

"Sec. 15. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated from time to time, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions and accomplish the purposes of this Act."

Approved, May 1, 1937, 6.30 p. m., Central Standard Time.

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PAP
This telegrom must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS Dated May 14, 1940

REC'd 8:10 p.m.

Secretary of State

Mashington

RUSH

659, May 14, 7 p.m. (SECTION FOUR)

He then went on to say that he had just talked with the British Prime Hinister on the telephone. The British had been obsessed by the idea that the seizure of Belgium and the Netherlands was merely a preparation for air attacks on England. He had convinced Churchill at last that the real objective of the German army was the destruction of the French army and Churchill had agreed to send all the British planes available to assist the French in the Hontmedy Sedan sector.

Reynaud again referred to the overwhelming effect of the attack of heavy tanks combined with incessant bombing from the air.

In conclusion he thanked me with genuine gratitude for having given him the information I had communicated and said once more that at this moment we faced the enclavement not only of Europe and of Africa, but also the rest of the world by a barbarism which would crush twenty centuries of Christian civilization.

(END OF HESSAGE)

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TOTH CONGRESS S. J. RES. 97

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 20 (legislative day, MARCH 16), 1939

Mr. Pittman introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JOINT RESOLUTION

To be known as the "Peace Act of 1939."

1	Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
2	of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
4	PROCLAMATION OF ARMED CONFLICT BETWEEN FOREIGN
5	STATES
6	SECTION 1. (a) That whenever any foreign state or
7	states declare a state of war to exist between or among two
8	or more foreign states, the President shall issue a proclama-
9	tion naming the states involved. Whenever the Congress
10	shall by concurrent resolution find, or whenever the President
11	shall find that there exists an undeclared state of war be-

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1 tween or among two or more foreign states the President

- 2 shall forthwith proclaim such fact, naming the states involved.
- 3 The President shall from time to time, by proclamation,
- 4 name other states as and when they may become involved in
- 5 such war.
- 6 (b) Whenever the conditions which have caused the
- 7 President to issue any proclamation under the authority of
- 8 this section have ceased to exist, he shall revoke the same by
- 9 proclamation.
- O COMMERCE WITH STATES ENGAGED IN ARMED CONFLICT
- SEC. 2. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued
- a proclamation under the authority of section 1 (a) it shall
- 3 thereafter be unlawful for any American vessel to carry
- any passengers or any articles or materials, directly or
- indirectly, to any state named in the proclamation.
 - (b) Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation or proclamations under the authority of section 1 (a) it shall thereafter be unlawful to export or transport, or attempt to export or transport, or cause to be exported or transported, from the United States, directly or indirectly, to any state named in the proclamation or proclamations, any articles or materials until all right, title, and interest therein shall have been transferred to some foreign government, agency, institution, association, partnership, corporation, or national. The shipper of such articles or materials shall be

- 1 required to file with the collector of the port from which they
- 2 are to be exported a declaration under oath that there exists
- 3 in citizens of the United States no right, title, or interest in
- 4 such articles or materials, and to comply with such rules and
- 5 regulations as shall be promulgated from time to time by the
- 6 President. Any such declaration so filed shall be a conclu-
- 7 sive estoppel against any claim of any citizen of the United
- 8 States of right, title, or interest in such articles or materials.
- 9 (c) Insurance written by underwriters on articles or
- 10 materials included in shipments which are subject to restric-
- 11 tions under the provisions of this Act, and on vessels carrying
- 12 such shipments shall not be deemed an American interest
- 13 therein, and no insurance policy issued on such articles or
- 14 materials, or vessels, and no loss incurred thereunder or by
- 15 the owners of such vessels, shall be made the basis of any
- 16 claim put forward by the Government of the United States.
- 17 (d) Whenever the President shall have revoked any
- 18 proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 (a) the
- 19 provisions of this section shall thereupon cease to apply in
- 20 respect to the state or states named in such proclamation,
- 21 except with respect to offenses committed prior to such
- 22 revocation.

AREAS OF COMBAT OPERATIONS

- 24 SEC. 3. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued
- 25 a proclamation or proclamations under the authority of ---

ı	tion 1 (a), and he shall thereafter find that the protection
2	of citizens of the United States so requires, he shall issue a
3	proclamation, whereupon it shall be unlawful, except under
	such limitations and exceptions as the President may pre-
5	scribe, for citizens of the United States or vessels flying the
	flag of the United States to proceed through any areas defined
	from time to time by the President to be areas of combat
	operations and so specified in his proclamation.
9	
10	extend his proclamation or proclamations, and when the con-

9 (b) The President may from time to time monly of 10 extend his proclamation or proclamations, and when the con-11 ditions which have caused him to issue his proclamation or 12 proclamations have ceased to exist he shall revoke the same 13 and the provisions of this section shall thereupon cease to 14 apply.

15 RED CROSS AND OTHER EXCEPTIONS

SEC. 4. The provisions of sections 2 and 3 shall not apply to travel and trade on or over lands, lakes, rivers, and inland waters bordering on the United States where no armed conflict exists as herein defined. Furthermore, these provisions shall not prohibit the transportation by vessels under charter or other direction and control of the Red Cross, proceeding under safe conduct granted by States engaged in armed conflict, of officers and Red Cross personnel, medical personnel and medical supplies, food, and clothing, for the relief of human suffering.

l	TRAVEL	ON VESSELS	OF FOREIGN	STA	TES	
2	SEC. 5. (a)	Whenever th	e President	shall	have	issued
3	a proclamation u	nder the author	city of secti	on 1	(a) i	t shall

4 thereafter be unlawful for any citizen of the United States to

5 travel on any vessel of the state or states named in such

6 proclamation: Provided, however, (1) That the provisions

7 of this section shall not apply to a citizen of the United States

8 traveling on a vessel whose voyage was begun in advance of

9 the date of the President's proclamation, and who had no

10 opportunity to discontinue his voyage after that date; (2)

11 that they shall not apply under ninety days after the date of

12 the President's proclamation to a citizen of the United States

13 returning from a foreign state to the United States; and (3)

14 that they shall not apply to officers, agents, and employees

5 of the Government of the United States traveling on official

16 business under specific authorization by the President.

17 Whenever the President shall have revoked any procla-

18 mation issued under the authority of section 1 (a), the pro-

19 visions of this section shall thereupon cease to apply with

20 respect to the state or states named in such proclamation,

21 except with respect to offenses committed prior to such

22 revocation.

23 ARMING OF AMERICAN MERCHANT VESSELS PROHIBITED

SEC. 6. Whenever the President shall have issued a

25 proclamation under the authority of section 1, it shall there-

after be unlawful, until such proclamation is revoked, for any
American vessel, engaged in commerce with any foreign
state, or in any combat area, to be armed or to carry any
armament, arms, ammunition, or implements of war, except
small arms and ammunition therefor, which the President
may deem necessary and shall publicly designate for the

8 FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

preservation of discipline aboard such vessels.

SEC. 7. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued 9 a proclamation under the authority of section 1 (a), it shall thereafter be unlawful for any person within the United States to purchase, sell, or exchange bonds, securities, or other obligations of the government of any state named in such proclamation, or of any political subdivision of any such state, or of any person acting for or on behalf the government of any such state, issued after the date such proclamation, or to make any loan or extend any 17 credit to any such government, political subdivision, or person: Procided, That if the President shall find that such 19 action will serve to protect the commercial or other interests the United States or its citizens, he may, in his discretion, and to such extent and under such regulations as he may prescribe, except from the operation of this section ordi-24 pary commercial credits and short-time obligations in aid

- 1 of legal transactions and of a character customarily used in
- 2 normal peacetime commercial transactions.
- 3 (b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a
- 4 renewal or adjustment of such indebtedness as may exist
- 5 on the date of the President's proclamation.
- 6 (c) Whoever shall violate the provisions of this section
- 7 or of any regulations issued hereunder shall, upon conviction
- 8 thereof, be fined not more than \$50,000 or imprisoned for
- 9 not more than five years, or both. Should the violation be
- 10 by a corporation, organization, or association, each officer
- 11 or agent thereof participating in the violation may be liable
- 12 to the penalty herein prescribed.
- 13 (d) Whenever the President shall have revoked any
- 14 proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 (a).
- 15 the provisions of this section and of any regulations issued
- 16 by the President hereunder shall thereupon cease to apply
- 17 with respect to the state or states named in such proclama-
- 18 tion, except with respect to offenses committed prior to such
- 19 revocation.
- 20 SOLICITATION AND COLLECTION OF FUNDS
- 21 SEC. 8. Whenever the President shall have issued a
- 22 proclamation or proclamations under the authority of sec-
- 23 tion 1 (a), it shall thereafter be unlawful for any person
- 24 within the United States to solicit or receive any contribu-

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1	tion for or on b	behalf	of the	government	of	any	state or agent
0	inctmemorate lite	7 07	summor	eter named	in	the	proclamation

Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the solicitation or collection of funds to be used for medical aid and assistance, or for food and clothing to relieve human suffering, when such solicitation or collection of funds is made on behalf of and for use by any person or organization which is not acting for or on behalf or in aid of any such govern-

ment, but all such solicitations and collections of funds shall

0 be subject to the approval of the President and shall be

1 made under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe.

(b) Whenever the President shall have revoked any proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 (a), the provisions of this section and of any regulations issued by the President hereunder shall thereupon cease to apply with respect to the states named in such proclamation, except with respect to offenses committed prior to such revocation.

AMERICAN REPUBLICS

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19 Sec. 9. This Act shall not apply to an American repub-20 lie or republics engaged in war against a non-American 21 state or states, provided the American republic is not coop-22 erating with a non-American state or states in such war.

23 USE OF AMERICAN PORTS AS BASE OF SUPPLIES

24 SEC. 10. (a) Whenever, during any war in which the 25 United States is neutral, the President, or any person there1 unto authorized by him, shall have cause to believe that any vessel, domestic or foreign, whether requiring clearance or 3 not, is about to carry out of a port of the United States, fuel, men, arms, ammunition, implements of war, or other sup-5 plies to any warship, tender, or supply ship of a belligerent state, but the evidence is not deemed sufficient to justify 7 forbidding the departure of the vessel as provided for by section 1, title V, chapter 30, of the Act approved June 15, 9 1917 (40 Stat. 217, 221; U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 18, sec. 31), and if, in the President's judgment, such action will serve to maintain peace between the United States and foreign states, or to protect the commercial interests of the United States and its citizens, or to promote the security or neutrality of the United States, he shall have the power and it shall be his duty to require the owner, master, or person in command thereof, before departing from a port of the United States, to give a bond to the United States, with sufficient sureties, in such amount as he shall deem proper, conditioned that the vessel will not deliver the men, or any part of the cargo, to any warship, tender, or supply ship of a belligerent state.

(b) If the President, or any person thereunto authorized by him, shall find that a vessel, domestic or foreign, in a port of the United States, has previously cleared from a port of the United States during such war and delivered its

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- I cargo or any part thereof to a warship, tender, or supply
- 2 ship of a belligerent state, he may prohibit the departure of
- 3 such vessel during the duration of the war.
- 4 SUBMARINES AND ARMED MERCHANT VESSELS
- 5 SEC. 11. Whenever, during any war in which the
- 6 United States is neutral, the President shall find that special
- 7 restrictions placed on the use of the ports and territorial
- 8 waters of the United States by the submarines or armed
- 9 merchant vessels of a foreign state, will serve to maintain
- 10 peace between the United States and foreign states, or to
- 11 protect the commercial interests of the United States and its
- 12 citizens, or to promote the security of the United States,
- 13 and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall thereafter be
- 14 unlawful for any such submarine or armed merchant vessel
- 15 to enter a port or the territorial waters of the United States
- 16 or to depart therefrom, except under such conditions and
- 17 subject to such limitations as the President may prescribe.
- 18 Whenever, in his judgment, the conditions which have
- 19 caused him to issue his proclamation have ceased to exist,
- 20 he shall revoke his proclamation and the provisions of this
- 21 section shall thereupon cease to apply.
- 22 NATIONAL MUNITIONS CONTROL BOARD
- 23 Sec. 12. (a) There is hereby established a National
- 24 Munitions Control Board (hereinafter referred to as the
- 25 "Board"). The Board shall consist of the Secretary of State.

- 1 who shall be chairman and executive officer of the Board,
- 2 the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the
- 3 Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of Commerce.
- 4 Except as otherwise provided in this Act, or by other law,
- 5 the administration of this Act is vested in the Department
- 6 of State. The Secretary of State shall promulgate such rules
- 7 and regulations with regard to the enforcement of this section
- 8 as he may deem necessary to carry out its provisions. The
- 9 Board shall be convened by the chairman and shall hold at
- 10 least one meeting a year.
- 1 (b) Every person who engages in the business of
- 12 manufacturing, exporting, or importing any of the arms,
- 13 ammunition, or implements of war referred to in this Act,
- 14 whether as an exporter, importer, manufacturer, or dealer,
- 15 shall register with the Secretary of State his name, or busi-
- 16 ness name, principal place of business, and places of business
- 17 in the United States, and a list of the arms, ammunition,
- 18 and implements of war which he manufactures, imports,
- 19 or exports.
- 20 (c) Every person required to register under this sec-
- 21 tion shall notify the Secretary of State of any change in the
- 22 arms, ammunition, or implements of war which he exports,
- 23 imports, or manufactures; and upon such notification the
- 24 Secretary of State shall issue to such person an amended
- 25 certificate of registration, free of charge, which shall remain

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- I valid until the date of expiration of the original certificate.
- 2 Every person required to register under the provisions of
- 3 this section shall pay a registration fee of \$100. Upon
- 4 receipt of the required registration fee, the Secretary of State
- 5 shall issue a registration certificate valid for five years, which
- 6 shall be renewable for further periods of five years upon
- the payment for each renewal of a fee of \$100.
- 8 (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to export, or
- 9 attempt to export, from the United States to any other
- 10 state, any of the arms, ammunition, or implements of war
- 11 referred to in this Act, or to import, or attempt to import,
- 12 to the United States from any other state, any of the arms,
- 13 ammunition, or implements of war referred to in this Act,
- 14 without first having obtained a license therefor.
- 15 (e) All persons required to register under this section
- 16 shall maintain, subject to the inspection of the Secretary of
- 17 State, or any person or persons designated by him, such per-
- 18 manent records of manufacture for export, importation, and
- 19 exportation of arms, ammunition, and implements of war as
- 20 the Secretary of State shall prescribe.
- 21 (f) Licenses shall be issued to persons who have regis-
- 22 tered as herein provided for, except in cases of export or
- 23 import licenses where the export of arms, ammunition, or
- 24 implements of war would be in violation of this Act or any
- 25 other law of the United States, or of a treaty to which the

- 1 United States is a party, in which cases such licenses shall
- 2 not be issued.
- 3 (g) No purchase of arms, ammunition, or implements
- 4 of war shall be made on behalf of the United States by any
- 5 officer, executive department, or independent establishment
- 6 of the Government from any person who shall have failed to
- 7 register under the provisions of this Act.
- 8 (h) The provisions of the Act of August 29, 1916, re-
- 9 lating to the sale of ordnance and stores to the Government of
- 10 Caba (39 Stat. 619, 643; U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 50,
- 11 sec. 72), are hereby repealed as of December 31, 1937.
- 12 (i) The Board shall make an annual report to Congress,
- 3 copies of which shall be distributed as are other reports trans-
- 14 mitted to Congress. Such reports shall contain such infor-
- 5 mation and data collected by the Board as may be considered
- 6 of value in the determination of questions connected with the
- 17 control of trade in arms, ammunition, and implements of war.
- 18 The Board shall include in such reports a list of all persons
- 19 required to register under the provisions of this Act, and full
- 20 information concerning the licenses issued hereunder.
- 1 (j) The President is hereby authorized to proclaim
- 22 upon recommendation of the Board from time to time a list
- 23 of articles which shall be considered arms, ammunition, and
- 24 implements of war for the purposes of this section.

J. 138502----9

1 REGULATIONS

- 2 SEC. 13. The President may, from time to time, pro-
- 3 mulgate such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law,
- 4 as may be necessary and proper to carry out any of the provi-
- 5 sions of this Act; and he may exercise any power or authority
- 6 conferred on him by this Act through such officer or officers,
- 7 or agency or agencies, as he shall direct.
- 8 GENERAL PENALTY PROVISION
- 9 SEC. 14. In every case of the violation of any of the
- 10 provisions of this Act or of any rule or regulation issued pur-
- 11 suant thereto where a specific penalty is not herein provided,
- 12 such violator or violators, upon conviction, shall be fined not
- 13 more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more than five years,
- 14 or both.
- 15 DEFINITIONS
- 16 Sec. 15. For the purposes of this Act—
- 17 (a) The term "United States", when used in a geo-
- 18 graphical sense, includes the several States and Territories,
- 19 the insular possessions of the United States (including the
- 20 Philippine Islands), the Canal Zone, and the District of
- 21 Columbia.
- 22 (b) The term "person" includes a partnership, com-
- 23 pany, association, or corporation, as well as a natural person.
- 24 (c) The term "vessel" means every description of
- 25 watercraft (including aircraft) or other contrivance used, or

- 1 capable of being used, as a means of transportation on, under,
- 2 or over water.
- 3 (d) The term "American vessel" means any vessel
- 4 (including aircraft) documented under the laws of the United
- 5 States.
- 6 (e) The term "vehicle" means every description of car-
- 7 riage (including aircraft) or other contrivance used, or
- 8 capable of being used, as a means of transportation on or
- 9 over land.
- 10 (f) The term "state" shall include nation, government,
- 11 and country.
- 12 SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS
- 13 Sec. 16. If any of the provisions of this Act, or the
- 14 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 15 invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of such
- 16 provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be
- 17 affected thereby.
- 18 APPROPRIATIONS
- 19 Sec. 17. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated
- 20 from time to time, out of any money in the Treasury not
- 21 otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary
- 22 to carry out the provisions and accomplish the purposes of
- 23 this Act.

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REPEAL OF ACTS OF 1935, 1936, 1937

- 2 Sec. 18. The Act of August 31, 1935 (Public Resolu-
- 3 tion Numbered 67, Seventy-fourth Congress), as amended
- 4 by the Act of February 29, 1936 (Public Resolution Num-
- 5 bered 74, Seventy-fourth Congress), and the Act of May 1,
- 6 1937 (Public Resolution Numbered 27, Seventy-fifth Con-
- 7 gress), and the Act of January 8, 1937 (Public Resolution
- 8 Numbered 1, Seventy-fifth Congress), are hereby repealed.

76TR CONGRESS 18T SERSION

S. J. RES. 106

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 28, 1939

Mr. Nyz (for himself, Mr. Boxz, and Mr. Clark of Misseuri) introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution providing for the prohibition of the export of arms, ammunition, and implements of war to belligerent countries; the prohibition of the transportation of arms, ammunition, and implements of war by vessels of the United States for the use of belligerent states; for the registration and licensing of persons engaged in the business of manufacturing, exporting, or importing arms, ammunition, or implements of war; and restricting travel by American citizens on belligerent ships during war", approved August 31, 1935, as amended.

- 1 Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
- 2 of the United States of America in Congress assembled.
- 3 That subsection (a) of section 1 of the joint resolution
- 4 entitled "Joint resolution providing for the prohibition of

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- 1 the export of arms, ammunition, and implements of war
- 2 to belligerent countries; the prohibition of the transportation
- 3 of arms, ammunition, and implements of war by vessels of
- 4 the United States for the use of belligerent states; for the
- 5 registration and licensing of persons engaged in the business
- 6 of manufacturing, exporting, or importing arms, ammunition,
- 7 or implements of war; and restricting travel by American
- 8 citizens on belligerent ships during war", approved August
- 9 31, 1935, as amended, is amended to read as follows:
- 10 "Section 1. (a) Whenever the Congress shall by joint
- 11 resolution find or whenever the President shall find that
- 12 there exists a state of war between, or among, two or more
- 13 foreign states, the President shall forthwith proclaim such
- 14 fact, and it shall thereafter be unlawful to export, or attempt
- 5 to export, or cause to be exported, arms, ammunition, or
- 6 implements of war from any place in the United States to
- 17 any belligerent state named in such proclamation, or to any
- 18 neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any
- 19 such belligerent state."
- 20 SEC. 2. Subsection (c) of section 1 of such joint reso-
- 21 lution of August 31, 1935, as amended, is amended to read
- 22 as follows:
- 23 "(c) Whenever the Congress shall by joint resolution or
- 24 whenever the President shall find that a state of civil strife
- 25 exists in a foreign state and that such civil strife is of a mag-

- 1 nitude or is being conducted under such conditions that the
- 2 export of arms, ammunition, or implements of war from the
- 3 United States to such foreign state would threaten or en-
- 4 danger the peace of the United States, the President shall
- 5 forthwith proclaim such fact, and it shall thereafter be un-
- 6 lawful to export, or attempt to export, or cause to be ex-
- 7 ported, arms, ammunition, or implements of war from any
- 8 place in the United States to such foreign state, or to any
- 9 neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, such
- 10 foreign state."
- 11 Sec. 3. Section 2 of such joint resolution of August 31.
- 12 1935, as amended, is amended to read as follows:
- 13 "Sec. 2. Whenever the President shall have issued a
- 14 proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act
- 15 it shall thereafter be unlawful, except under such limitations
- 16 and exceptions as the President may prescribe as to lakes,
- 17 rivers, and inland waters bordering on the United States.
- 18 and as to transportation on or over lands bordering on the
- 19 United States, to export or transport, or attempt to export
- 20 or transport, or cause to be exported or transported, from the
- 21 United States to any belligerent state, or to any state wherein
- 22 civil strife exists, named in such proclamation, or to any
- 23 neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such
- 24 belligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists,
- 25 any articles or materials whatever until all right, title, and

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interest therein shall have been transferred to some foreign government, agency, institution, association, partnership, corporation, or national. Every person who exports or transports any articles or materials from the United States to any such state shall be required to file with the collector of the port from which they are to be exported or transported a declaration under oath that there exists in citizens of the United States no right, title, or interest in such articles or materials, and to comply with such rules and regulations as shall be promulgated from time to time by the President. Any such declaration so filed shall be a conclusive estoppel against any claim of any citizen of the United States of right, title, or interest in such articles or materials. Insurance written by underwriters on any articles or materials the export of which is prohibited by this Act, or on any articles or materials exported or transported in violation of this section, or on any vessel or vehicle carrying any such articles or materials, shall not be deemed an American interest therein, and no insurance policy issued on any such articles or materials or on any such vessel or vehicle, and no loss incurred under any such insurance policy or by the owner of the vessel or vehicle carrying any such articles or materials, shall be made a basis of any claim put forward by the Government of the United States." a12d13 SEC. 4. Subsection (a) of section 6 of such joint resolution of August 31, 1935, as amended, is amended to read
as follows:

"(a) Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act, it shall
thereafter be unlawful, until such proclamation is revoked,
for any American vessel to carry any arms, ammunition, or
miplements of war, or any other articles or materials whatever, to any belligerent state, or to any state wherein civil
strife exists, named in such proclamation, or to any neutral
state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such belligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists."

SEC. 5. Section 9 of such joint resolution, as amended,

2 ligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists."
3 SEC. 5. Section 9 of such joint resolution, as amended,
4 is amended by striking out the following: ", except in
5 accordance with such rules and regulations as the President
6 shall prescribe".

17 Sec. 6. Section 10 of such joint resolution of August 18 31, 1935, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 10. Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act, it shall thereafter be unlawful, until such proclamation is revoked, for any American vessel engaged in commerce to be armed or to carry any armament, arms, ammunition, or implements of war, except small arms and ammunition

- therefor which the President may deem necessary and shall
- publicly designate for the preservation of discipline aboard
- such vessels."

TOTH CONGRESS S. J. RES. 21

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 4, 1989

Mr. Nrn introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JOINT RESOLUTION

To prohibit the shipment of arms, ammunition, and implements of war from any place in the United States.

- Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
- of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- That from and after the approval of this joint resolution it
- shall be unlawful to export, or attempt to export, or cause
- to be exported, arms, ammunition, or implements of war
- from any place in the United States, except to nations on
- the American continents engaged in war against a non-
- American state or states.
- SEC. 2. The President may, from time to time, promul-
- gate such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, as
- may be necessary and proper to carry out any of the pro-

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1 visions of this joint resolution; and he may exercise any

2 power or authority conferred on him by this joint resolu-

3 tion through such officer or officers, or agency or agencies,

4 as he shall direct.

5 Sec. 3. Any arms, ammunition, or implements of war

6 exported or attempted to be exported from the United States

7 in violation of any of the provisions of this joint resolution

8 and any vessel or vehicle containing the same shall be sub-

9 ject to the provisions of sections 1 to 8, inclusive, title 6,

10 chapter 30, of the Act approved June 15, 1917 (40 Stat.

11 223-225; U. S. C., title 22, secs. 238-245).

12 In the case of the forfeiture of any arms, ammunition,

13 or implements of war by reason of a violation of this joint

14 resolution, no public or private sale shall be required; but

15 such arms, ammunition, or implements of war shall be

16 delivered to the Secretary of War for such use or disposal

17 thereof as shall be approved by the President of the United

18 States.

19 SEC. 4. In every case of the violation of any of the

20 provisions of this joint resolution or of any rule or regulation

21 issued pursuant thereto where a specific penalty is not herein

22 provided such violator or violators, upon conviction, shall be

23 fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than

24 five years, or both.

Sec. 5. If any of the provisions of this joint resolution,

2 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance,

3 is held invalid, the remainder of the joint resolution, and

4 the application of such provisions to other persons or cir-

5 cumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 6. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated

7 from time to time, out of any money in the Treasury not

8 otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary

9 to carry out the provisions and accomplish the purposes of

10 this joint resolution.

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76rn CONGRESS 1st Session

S. J. RES. 67

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 13, 1939

Mr. Thomas of Utah introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the Neutrality Act.

- 1 Resolved by the Scnate and House of Representatives
- 2 of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That section 2 of the Neutrality Act, approved August 31,
- 4 1935, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof
- 5 the following new subsection:
- 6 "(f) Whenever the President shall have issued a proc-
- 7 lamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act and
- 8 he shall thereafter find that the placing of restrictions on
- 9 the export of certain articles or materials of use in war, in
- 10 addition to arms, ammunition, and implements of war, from
- 11 the United States to belligerent states, or to a state wherein
- 12 civil strife exists, is necessary to promote the security or

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1 preserve the peace of the United States, he shall so proclaim,

2 it shall thereafter be unlawful, except under such limitations

3 and exceptions as the President may prescribe, to export, or

4 attempt to export, or cause to be exported, such articles or

5 materials from any place in the United States to belligerent

6 states or to any state wherein civil strife exists, named in

7 such proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 of

8 this Act, or to any other state for transshipment to, or for

9 the use of, any such belligerent state or any such state

10 wherein civil strife exists,"

11 SEC. 2. Such Act is further amended by adding after

12 section 3 the following new section:

13 "SEC. 3A. Whenever the President shall find that one or

4 more states signatory to a treaty to which the United States

15 is a party is engaged in war with another state in violation

6 of such treaty, he may, with the approval of a majority of

17 each House of Congress, exempt such other state, in whole

18 or in part, from the provisions of any proclamation issued by

19 him under the authority of this Act, if such other state is

20 not engaged in war in violation of such treaty. The President

21 may, from time to time, charge, modify, or revoke, in whole

22 or in part, any exemption issued by him under the authority

23 of this section."

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TOTH CONGRESS 1st Session

S. 203

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 4, 1939

Mr. King introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To repeal the Neutrality Act of August 31, 1935, as amended.

- Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution provid-
- 4 ing for the prohibition of the export of arms, ammunition,
- 5 and implements of war to belligerent countries; the pro-
- 6 hibition of the transportation of arms, ammunition, and
- 7 implements of war by vessels of the United States for the
- 8 use of belligerent states; for the registration and licensing
- 9 of persons engaged in the business of manufacturing, export-
- 10 ing, or importing arms, ammunition, or implements of war;
- and restricting travel by American citizens on belligerent J. 138502—3

- 1 ships during war", approved August 31, 1935, as amended,
- 2 is hereby repealed.
- 3 Sec. 2. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect
- 4 in any manner any proceedings instituted prior to the date
- 5 of enactment of this Act with respect to any offenses com-
- 6 mitted or forfeitures incurred under such joint resolution of
- 7 August 31, 1935, as amended, prior to the date of enactment
- S of this Act.

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76TH CONGRESS 18T SERVICE

S. 1745

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 8, 1939

Mr. Lawrs introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

- To repeal the specific Acts known as neutrality laws passed in the years 1935, 1936, 1937, and 1938, and to reestablish the doctrine of the United States that neutrality in all foreign conflicts is the policy of the United States and to be enforced according to such regulations as the Executive in charge of the national defense of the country and the protection of our citizens, from time to time will be called upon to apply.
- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That the Acts of Congress designated as neutrality statutes
- 4 of the dates of the years of 1935, 1936, 1937, and 1938, and
- 5 the amendments and additions thereto be each hereby
- 6 repealed.

- 1 SEC. 2. That the policy of neutrality of the United States
- 2 of America as concerns conflicts in foreign lands that bear
- 3 no relation to the United States, of interest to its citizens or
- 4 defense to its Nation is to be executed from time to time by
- 5 appropriate Executive orders by the President of the United
- 6 States and enforced in such branches of the Government as
- 7 shall be directed.
- 8 SEC. 3. That the regulations for the enforcement of
- 9 neutrality in the different forms of political subjects are to
- 10 be carried out by such provisions and orders, and substitute
- 11 orders, as from time to time will be called for by the needs
- 12 of the United States and the proper defense of the interests
- 13 of its people.
- 14 All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with this Act are
- 15 hereby repealed.

76TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. CON. RES. 8

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 20 (legislative day, March 16), 1939

Mr. Surgram submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Whereas recent expressions from the administration here in Washington and by constituted authorities of certain other nations make it appropriate at this time to bend every effort to avoid another general war during the present generation because such a conflict would be so deadly and such a burden for all nations that eminent authorities agree modern civilization in its present form could not survive such a catastrophe for even a few years; and

Whereas the United States of America has long pursued the policy of contributing to the furtherance of peaceful relations between various nations through its activities in the establishment of The Hague Tribunal, the furthering of the success of the Washington Conference called in this city in 1921, in its participation in the London Conference in 1930, and in addition to other attempts, its action in the First General Conference for the Limitation of Armaments held in Geneva in 1932; and

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Whereas the Secretary of State should be commended for his efforts through Geneva recently in advocating a reduction of armaments on the part of the great powers as a part of the program for peace advocated by the present administration, which said reduction in armaments will not only promote the mutual safety of all nations, but also will avoid further vast expenditures of tax money for armaments by the governments of peoples already poverty-stricken and tax-ridden; and

Whereas the experience of the World War as expressed at Versailles soon thereafter demonstrates that peace is also endangered most seriously by the inadequate restriction and control of the manufacture and sale of munitions of war, which matter was properly investigated by the Special Committee on Investigation of the Munitions Industry, authorized by the Senate; and

Whereas it is to the interest of the safety of society and the avoidance of another world war in the near future that the program of the administration for peace mentioned above should include the problem of restriction of the manufacture and sale of munitions of war: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives
- 2 concurring), That the Secretary of State be, and hereby is,
- 3 respectfully urged to include in his commendable program
- 4 for peace the matter of a mutual restriction and control of the
- 5 manufacture and sale of munitions of war; and be it further
- 6 Resolved, That the Secretary of State be, and hereby is,
- 7 further respectfully requested to secure treaties with all the

- 1 great powers under which there will be effected among other
- 2 needed provisions a reduction in all phases of armaments
- 3 and all types of armed forces and a concerted restriction on
- 4 the manufacture and sale of munitions of war so that this
- 5 industry will be strictly regulated in the interest of preserv-
- 6 ing peace.

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TELEGRAM RECEIVED

NPL
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone (D)

FROM PARIS

Dated May 16, 1940

UNCLAR.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
WASHINGTON.

706, May 16, 6 p.m.

PERSONAL AND FOR THE PRESIDENT.

I should like to speak what follows into your most pricate ear at the White House and to have no record of it. It is the sort of hypothesis that we often discuss but never put on paper. However, I cannot talk with you so here goes.

It seems obvious that unless God grants a miracle as at the time of the battle of the Marne, the French army will be crushed utterly. The British, who have not yet sent to France the quantities of pursuit planes that they have in England to protect their factories, (they have exactly two squadrons in France) are already beginning to be pritical and contemptuous of the French.

That was the tone of the British Ambassador when he spoke to me this morning.

I think that it may possibly be of the utmost importance for the future of the United States that you
should have in mind the hypothesis that, in order to
escape from the ultimate consequences of absolute defeat,

2 706 May 16, 6 p.m. from Paris

the British may install a government of Oswald Mosley and the union of British fascists which would cooperate fully with Hitler. That would mean that the British navy would be against us.

I think that, perhaps by way of a conversation with Mackenzie King or some direct arrangement with the officers of the British fleet, you ought to try to make certain that in case the war goes as badly as it may, the British fleet would base itself on Canada for the defense of the dominion which might become the refuge of the British crown.

NPL BULLITT

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76rn CONGRESS 1st Session

S. 2320

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 4, 1939

Mr. Vandenberg introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To reenact the provisions of section 2 of the joint resolution of August 31, 1935, as amended.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That the provisions of section 2 of the joint resolution of
- 4 August 31, 1935, as amended by the joint resolution of May
- 5 1, 1937, except subsection (e) of such section, are hereby
- 6 reenacted, as follows:
- 7 "EXPORT OF OTHER ARTICLES AND MATERIALS
- 8 "Sec. 2. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued
- 9 a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act
- 10 and he shall thereafter find that the placing of restrictions
- 11 on the shipment of certain articles or materials in addition

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1 to arms, ammunition, and implements of war from the 2 United States to belligerent states, or to a state wherein civil strife exists, is necessary to promote the security or preserve the peace of the United States or to protect the lives of citizens of the United States, he shall so proclaim, and it shall thereafter be unlawful, except under such limitations and exceptions as the President may prescribe as to lakes, rivers, and inland waters bordering on the United States, and as to transportation on or over lands bordering on the United States, for any American vessel to carry such articles or materials to any belligerent state, or to any state wherein civil strife exists, named in such proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 of this Act, or to any neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such belligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists. The President shall by proclamation from time to time definitely enumerate the articles and materials which it shall be unlawful for American vessels to so transport. 19

it shall be unlawful for American vessels to so transport.

"(b) Whenever the President shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act and he shall thereafter find that the placing of restrictions on the export of articles or materials from the United States to belligerent states, or to a state wherein civil strife exists, is necessary to promote the security or preserve the peace of the United States or to protect the lives or commerce of

a12e02

1 citizens of the United States, he shall so proclaim, and it shall thereafter be unlawful, except under such limitations and exceptions as the President may prescribe as to lakes, rivers, and inland waters bordering on the United States. and as to transportation on or over land bordering on the United States, to export or transport, or attempt to export or transport, or cause to be exported or transported, from the United States to any belligerent state, or to any state wherein civil strife exists, named in such proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 of this Act, or to any neutral state for transshipment to, or for the use of, any such belligerent state or any such state wherein civil strife exists, any articles or materials whatever until all right, title, and interest therein shall have been transferred to some foreign government, agency, institution, association, partnership, corporation, or national. The shipper of such articles or materials shall be required to file with the collector of the port from which they are to be exported a declaration under oath that there exists in citizens of the United States no right, title, or interest in such articles or materials, and to comply with such rules and regulations as shall be promulgated from time to time by the President. Any such declaration so filed shall be a conclusive estoppel against any claim of any citizen of the United States of right, title, or interest in such articles or materials. Insurance written by underwriters on

- 1 any articles or materials the export of which is prohibited by
- 2 this Act, or on articles or materials carried by an Ameri-
- 3 can vessel in violation of subsection (a) of this section,
- 4 shall not be deemed an American interest therein, and no
- 5 insurance policy issued on such articles or materials and no
- 6 loss incurred thereunder or by the owner of the vessel
- 7 carrying the same shall be made a basis of any claim put
- 8 forward by the Government of the United States.
- 9 "(c) The President shall from time to time by proclama-
- 10 tion extend such restrictions as are imposed under the author-
- 11 ity of this section to other states as and when they may be
- 12 declared to become belligerent states under proclamations
- 13 issued under the authority of section 1 of this Act.
- 14 "(d) The President may from time to time change,
- 15 modify, or revoke in whole or in part any proclamations is-
- 16 sued by him under the authority of this section."

TOTH CONGRESS
18T SESSION

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S. 2320

A BILL

To reenact the provisions of section 2 of the joint resolution of August 31, 1935, as amended.

By Mr. VANDENBERG

MAY 4, 1939

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations



STATE DEPARTMENT

190530CR1

19 MAY 1940

TO : \PRESIDENT U.S.
VIA : NAVAL RADIO WASHINGTON

AMBASSADOR BULLITT SAYS REGARDING A CONVERSATION HE HAD LAST NIGHT WITH PREMIER REYNAUD THAT THE PREMIER FEELS THAT THE SITUATION IS EXTREM-LY MAKKE SERIOUS. GERMAN DRIVE IS DIRECTED TOWARDS CHANNEL PORTS TO INT-ERCEPT FRENCH TROOPS IN BELGIUM AND TO SECURE BASES FOR ATTACKS ON GREAT BRITAN . IF GERMANY IS SUCCESSFUL , BECAUSE OF HER GREATER IMMEDIATE STRENGTH , AND GAINS THESE OBJECTIVES , THE ALLIES MIGHT BE BEATEN INSIDE OF SIXTY PREMIER REYNAUD WANTS THE PRESIDENT TO MAKE A DECLARATION DAYS. THAT THIS COUNTRY'S INTERSTS WILL NOT ALLOW IT TO PERMIT THE ALLIES TO BE BULLITT TOLD HIM THAT SUCH A DECLARATION WOULD HAVE NO GREAT VALUE BECAUSE OF CONGRESS. REYNAUD SAID HE COULD NOT UNDERSTAND ATTITUDE OF CONGRESS WHEN ULTIMATE DEFEAT OF U.S. IS AT STAKE. BULLITT REAFFIRMED THAT PUBLIC OPINION IN AMERICA IS NOT READY FOR SUCH A STEP. REYNAUD RE-PLIED THAT IT AT LEAST WOULD ENCOURAGE ALLIES AND DISCOURAGE THE ENEMIES

AMBASSADOR BULLITT IS TRANSMITTING REQUEST RECUEST FOR PREMIER WHO WANTS AN EARLY REPLY TO HIS PLEA.

AMBASSADOR AGREES WITH ESTIMATE OF GRAVITY OF SITUATION BUT DOESNT BELIEVE SUCH A STATEMENT WOULD HAVE THE DESIRED EFFECT.

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PRESIDENT....ACTION

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70rm CONGRESS 1st Session

S. 2402

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 11 (legislative day, May 8), 1939

Mr. GHARTE introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

Providing for certain proclamations by the President in the case of war between two or more foreign states, and for other purposes.

- Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That whenever any foreign state shall declare that a state
- of war exists between it and any other foreign state or states,
- or whenever the President, or the Congress by concurrent
- resolution, shall find that there exists an undeclared state
- of war between or among two or more foreign states, the
- President shall forthwith proclaim such fact and the names
- of the states involved. He shall also, by proclamation, im-
- mediately name any other state which becomes involved in
- 11 any such war, and he shall, by proclamation, revoke any

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ġ 2402

and referred to the Foreign Relations Committee

MAY II (buishilve day, May 8), 1929

By Mr. GHARTER

foreign states, and for other purposes

certain proclamations

of war between

a 12 for

- proclamation issued under the authority of this section when-
- 2 ever the conditions which caused him to issue the same shall
- 3 cease to exist.
- 4 AREAS OF COMBAT OPERATIONS
- 5 SEC. 2. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued
- 6 a proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act,
- he shall, by proclamation, define the areas of combat
- S operations of the states named in the proclamation so issued
- 9 under the authority of section 1, and thereafter any citizen
- 10 of the United States or any American vessel that enters or
- 11 proceeds through any area so defined shall do so at his or
- 12 its own risk: Procided, That the provisions of this section
- 13 shall not apply to any class of such citizens or vessels which
- 14 the President, under such conditions as he may by regulation
- 15 prescribe, shall specifically exempt from the operation of this
- 16 section.
- 17 (b) The President may from time to time modify or
- 18 extend any proclamation issued under the authority of this
- 19 section, and he shall, by proclamation, revoke any procla-
- 20 mation so issued when the conditions which caused him to
- 21 issue the same shall cease to exist.
- 22 FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS
- 23 SEC. 3. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued a
- 24 proclamation under the authority of section 1 of this Act, it
- 25 shall thereafter be unlawful for any person within the United

1 States to purchase, sell, or exchange bonds, securities, or other

2 obligations of the government of any State named in such

3 proclamation, or of any political subdivision of any such State,

4 or of any person acting for or on behalf of the government

5 of any such State, issued after the date of such proclamation,

6 or to make any loan or extend any credit to any such govern-

7 ment, political subdivision, or person: Provided, That if the

8 President shall find that such action will serve to protect the

9 commercial or other interests of the United States or its

10 citizens, he may, in his discretion, and to such extent and

11 under such regulations as he may prescribe, except from the

12 operation of this section ordinary commercial credits and

13 short-time obligations in aid of legal transactions and of a

14 character customarily used in normal peacetime commercial

15 transactions. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed

16 to prohibit the solicitation or collection of funds to be used

17 for medical aid and assistance, or for food and clothing to

18 relieve human suffering, when such solicitation or collection

19 of funds is made on behalf of and for use by any person or

20 organization which is not acting for or on behalf of any such

21 government, political subdivision, or person, but all such

22 solicitations and collections of funds shall be subject to the

23 approval of the President and shall be made under such rules

24 and regulations as he shall prescribe.

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1 (b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to
2 a renewal or adjustment of such indebtedness as may exist
3 on the date of the President's proclamation or to an Ameri4 can republic or republics engaged in war against a non5 American state or states, if the American republic is not co6 operating with a non-American state or states in such war.
7 (c) Whoever shall violate the provisions of this section
8 or of any regulations issued hereunder shall, upon convic9 tion thereof, be fined not more than \$50,000 or imprisoned

for not more than five years, or both. Should the violation

be by a corporation, organization, or association, each officer

or agent thereof participating in the violation may be liable

13 to the penalty herein prescribed.

14 (d) Whenever the President shall have revoked any
15 proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 of
16 this Act, the provisions of this section and of any regulations
17 issued by the President hereunder shall thereupon cease to
18 apply with respect to the state or states named in such
19 proclamation, except with respect to offenses committed
20 prior to such revocation.

21 NATIONAL MUNITIONS CONTROL BOARD

SEC. 4. (a) There is hereby established a National Munitions Control Board (hereinafter referred to as the "Board"). The Board shall consist of the Secretary of State, who shall be chairman and executive officer of the Board,

- 1 the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the
- 2 Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of Commerce.
- 3 Except as otherwise provided in this Act, or by other law,
- 4 the administration of this Act is vested in the Department
- 5 of State. The Secretary of State shall promulgate such rules
- 6 and regulations with regard to the enforcement of this section
- 7 as he may deem necessary to carry out its provisions. The
- 8 Board shall be convened by the chairman and shall hold
- 9 at least one meeting a year.
- 10 (b) Every person who engages in the business of manu-
- 11 facturing, exporting, or importing any arms, ammunition, or
- 12 implements of war, whether as an exporter, importer, manu-
- 13 facturer, or dealer, shall register with the Secretary of State
- 14 his name, or business name, principal place of business, and
- 15 places of business in the United States, and a list of the arms,
- 16 ammunition, and implements of war which he manufactures,
- 17 imports, or exports.
- 18 (c) Every person required to register under this section
- 19 shall notify the Secretary of State of any change in the arms,
- 20 ammunition, or implements of war which he exports, imports,
- 21 or manufactures; and upon such notification the Secretary
- 22 of State shall issue to such person an amended certificate of
- 23 registration, free of charge, which shall remain valid until
- 24 the date of expiration of the original certificate. Every per-

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1 son required to register under the provisions of this section shall pay a registration fee of \$500, unless he manufactured, exported, or imported arms, ammunition, and implements of 4 war to a total sales value of less than \$50,000 during the 5 twelve months immediately preceding his registration, in which case he shall pay a registration fee of \$100. Upon 7 receipt of the required registration fee, the Secretary of State shall issue a registration certificate valid for five years, which shall be renewable for further periods of five years upon the payment for each renewal of a fee of \$500 in the case of persons who manufactured, exported, or imported arms, ammunition, and implements of war to a total sales value of more than \$50,000 during the twelve months immediately preceding the renewal, or a fee of \$100 in the case of persons who manufactured, exported, or imported arms, ammunition, and implements of war to a total sales value of less than \$50,000 during the twelve months immediately preceding the renewal. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to refund, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$400 to every person who shall have paid a registration fee of \$500 pursuant to this Act, who manufactured, exported, or imported arms, ammunition, and implements of war to a total sales value of less than \$50,000 during the twelve months immediately preceding his registration. a12+09

- 1 (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to export, or
- 2 attempt to export, from the United States to any other
- 3 state, any arms, ammunition, or implements of war, or to
- 4 import, or attempt to import, into the United States from any
- 5 other state, any arms, ammunition, or implements of war,
- 6 without first having obtained a license therefor.
- 7 (e) All persons required to register under this section
- S shall maintain, subject to the inspection of the Secretary of
- 9 State, or any person or persons designated by him, such
- 10 permanent records of manufacture for export, importation,
- 11 and exportation of arms, ammunition, and implements of war
- 12 as the Secretary of State shall prescribe.
- 13 (f) Licenses shall be issued to persons who have reg-
- 14 istered as herein provided for, except in cases of export or
- 15 import licenses where the export of arms, ammunition, or
- 16 implements of war would be in violation of law, or of a treaty
- 17 to which the United States is a party, in which cases such
- 18 licenses shall not be issued.
- (g) No purchase of arms, ammunition, or implements
- 20 of war shall be made on behalf of the United States by any
- 21 officer, executive department, or independent establishment
- 22 of the Government from any person who shall have failed to
- 23 register under the provisions of this Act.
- 24 (h) The Board shall make an annual report to Congress,
- 5 copies of which shall be distributed as are other reports trans-

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1	mitted to Congress. Such reports shall contain such infor-
2	mation and data collected by the Board as may be considered
3	of value in the determination of questions connected with
4	the control of trade in arms, ammunition, and implements
5	of war. The Board shall include in such reports a list of
6	all persons required to register under the provisions of this
7	Act, and full information concerning the licenses issued
8	hereunder.
9	(i) The President shall, by proclamation, definitely
0	enumerate from time to time, upon recommendation of the
9	

enumerate from time to time, upon recommendation of the
Board, the articles which shall be considered arms, ammunition, and implements of war for the purposes of this section,
but the articles so enumerated shall include the arms,
ammunition, and implements of war enumerated in the
President's Proclamation Numbered 2163, of April 10,
1936, but shall not include raw materials or any other
articles or materials not of the same general character as
those enumerated in the said proclamation, and in the
Convention for the Supervision of the International Trade
in Arms and Ammunition and in Implements of War, signed
at Geneva June 17, 1925.

21 at Geneva June 17, 1925.

22 (j) Whoever shall violate the provisions of this section
23 or of any regulations issued hereunder shall, upon conviction
24 thereof, be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not
25 more than five years, or both.

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REGULATIONS

Sec. 5. The President may, from time to time, promulgate such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law,
as may be necessary and proper to carry out any of the
provisions of this Act; and he may exercise any power or
authority conferred on him by this Act through such officer
or officers, or agency or agencies, as he shall direct.

DEFINITIONS

- Sec. 6. For the purposes of this Act-
- (a) The term "United States", when used in a geographical sense, includes the several States and Territories,
- 12 the insular possessions of the United States (including the
- 13 Philippine Islands), the Canal Zone, and the District of
- 14 Columbia,
- (b) The term "person" includes a partnership, company, association, or corporation, as well as a natural person.
- (c) The term "vessel" means every description of
- 18 watercraft (including aircraft) or other contrivance used,
- 19 or capable of being used, as a means of transportation on,
- 20 under, or over water.
- 21 (d) The term "American vessel" means any vessel
- 22 (including aircraft) documented under the laws of the
- 23 United States.
- 24 (e) The term "vehicle" means every description of

carriage (including aircraft) or other contrivance used, or

- 1 capable of being used, as a means of transportation on or over
- 2 land.
- 3 (f) The term "state" shall include nation, government,
- 4 and country.
- 5 SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS
- 6 Sec. 7. If any of the provisions of this Act, or the
- 7 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 8 invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of
- 9 such provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not
- 10 be affected thereby.
- 11 APPROPRIATIONS
- 12 Sec. 8. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated
- 13 from time to time, out of any money in the Treasury not
- 14 otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary
- 15 to carry out the provisions and accomplish the purposes of
- 16 this Act.
- 17 REPEALS
- 18 SEC. 9. The joint resolution of August 31, 1935, as
- 19 amended, and the joint resolution of January 8, 1937, are
- 20 hereby repealed; but nothing in this section shall be con-
- 21 strued to affect in any manner any proceedings instituted
- 22 prior to the date of enactment of this Act with respect to
- 23 any offenses committed or forfeitures incurred under either
- ²⁴ of such joint resolutions prior to the date of enactment of
- 25 this Act.

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REB

GRAY

Paris

Dated May 20, 1940 Rec'd 2:20 p. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

772, May 20, 5 p. m. (SECTION ONE)

As I said to the President by telephone this afternoon at four o'clock there are on the roads of France today moving southwestward from three to five millions refugees. So little can be done to help them, that French women and children literally are dying of starvation on the roads.

Whenever possible the German aviators bomb these columns of refugees and machine gun them.

Last night by chance I met the wife of the Minister of Blockade Madame Georges Monnet who had been at Soissons attempting to evacuate small children. They were walking on the road toward Paris since they had nomeans of transportation and she was trying to keep them singing to help their little feet to move. Two German aeroplanes came down and machine gunned them and the road was filled with little bodies.

The same story I have from fifty witnesses French and American4

BULLITT

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Neutrality Act of 1939.

H. J. RES. 306

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 5, 1939

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JOINT RESOLUTION

Neutrality Act of 1939.

Whereas the policy of the United States in foreign wars not affecting the defense of the United States is a policy of neutrality in accordance with the rules of international law; and

Whereas the United States stands for restating and strengthening the rights of neutrals at the earliest practicable time; and

Whereas it seems advisable, until these rights can be restated, to diminish the risk of this Nation becoming involved in foreign wars by restricting the exercise of certain neutral rights of our citizens: Therefore be it

- Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
- of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 period of not more than ninety days without renewals ordi-

2 nary commercial credits and short-time obligations in aid

of legal transactions and of a character customarily used in

4 normal peacetime commercial transaction; the President

shall make public every ninety days any and all exceptions

6 granted under this proviso, together with the amounts of

credits involved.

8 (b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a

9 renewal or adjustment of such indebtedness as may exist

10 on the date of the President's proclamation.

11 (c) Whoever shall violate the provisions of subsection

12 (a) of this section or of any regulations issued thereunder

3 shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than

4 \$50,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or

15 both. Should the violation be by a corporation, organization,

16 or association, each officer or agent thereof participating in

17 the violation may be liable to the penalty herein prescribed.

18 (d) Whenever the President shall have issued a procla-

mation under the authority of section 1 (a) it shall there-

o after be unlawful, except in accordance with such rules

21 and regulations as the President shall prescribe, to export or

22 transport, or attempt to export or transport, or cause to be

23 exported or transported, from the United States directly or

24 indirectly to any state named in the proclamation, any

25 articles or materials until all right, title, and interest therein

og shall have been transferred to some foreign government,

1 agency, institution, association, partnership, corporation, or

2 national. The shipper of such articles or materials shall be

3 required to file with the collector of the port from which

4 they are to be exported a declaration under oath that there

5 exists in citizens of the United States no right, title, or

6 interest in such articles or materials, and to comply with such

7 rules and regulations as shall be promulgated from time

8 to time by the President. Any such declaration so filed shall

9 be a conclusive estoppel against any claim of any citizen

10 of the United States of right, title, or interest in such articles

11 or materials. Insurance written by underwriters on such

12 articles or materials shall not be deemed an American interest

13 therein, and no insurance policy issued on such articles or

14 materials, and no loss incurred thereunder, shall be made

15 the basis of any claim put forward by the Government of

16 the United States. The provisions of this subsection shall

17 not apply to trade on or over lands, lakes, rivers, and inland

18 waters bordering on the United States.

19 (e) Whenever the President shall have revoked any

proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 (a),

21 the provisions of this section and of any regulations issued

22 by the President hereunder shall thereupon cease to apply

3 with respect to the state or states named in such proclama-

24 tion, except with respect to offenses committed prior to such

25 revocation.

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SOLICITATION AND COLLECTION OF FUNDS

SEC. 5. (a) Whenever the President shall have issued 2 a proclamation under the authority of section 1 (a), it shall thereafter be unlawful for any person within the United States to solicit or receive any contribution for or on behalf of the government of any small state named in the proclamation or of any association, organization, or person acting for or on behalf of such government. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the solicitation or collection of contributions to be used for medical aid and assistance, or for food and clothing to relieve human suffering, when such solicitation or collection of contributions is made on behalf of and for use by any person or organization which is not acting for or on behalf or in aid of any such government, but all such solicitations and collections of contributions shall be subject to the approval of the President and shall be made under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe.

(b) Whenever the President shall have revoked any proclamation issued under the authority of section 1 (a), the provisions of this section and of any regulations issued by the President hereunder shall thereupon cease to apply with respect to the small states named in such proclamation, except with respect to offenses committed prior to such revocation.

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AMERICAN REPUBLICS

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- 2 Sec. 6. The foregoing provisions of this joint resolution
- 3 shall not apply to any American republic.
- USE OF AMERICAN PORTS AS BASE OF SUPPLY
- 5 Sec. 7. (a) Whenever, during any war in which the
- 6 United States is neutral, the President, or any person there-
- 7 unto authorized by him, shall have cause to believe that
- 8 any vessel, domestic or foreign, whether requiring clear-
- 9 ance or not, is about to carry out of a port of the United
- 10 States, fuel, men, arms, ammunition, implements of war,
- 11 or other supplies to any warship, tender, or supply ship
- 2 of a belligerent state in violation of the laws, treaties or obli-
- 13 gations of the United States under the law of nations and the
- 14 supreme law of the land, but the evidence is not deemed
- 5 sufficient to justify forbidding the departure of the vessel as
- 16 provided for by section 1, title V, chapter 30, of the Act
- 17 approved June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 217, 221; U. S. C.,
- 18 1934 edition, title 18, sec. 31), and if, in the President's
- 19 judgment, such action will serve to maintain peace between
- 20 the United States and foreign states, or to protect the com-
- 20 the Chiled States and foreign states, or to protect the com-
- 21 mercial interests of the United States and its citizens, or to
- 22 promote the security or neutrality of the United States,
- 23 he shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to require
- 24 the owner, master, or person in command thereof, before
- 25 departing from a port of the United States, to give a bond

- 1 to the United States, with sufficient sureties, in such amount
- 2 as he shall deem proper, conditioned that the vessel will
- 3 not deliver the men, or any part of the cargo, to any war-
- 4 ship, tender, or supply ship of a belligerent state.
- 5 (b) If the President, or any person thereunto author-
- ized by him, shall find that a vessel, domestic or foreign,
- 7 in a port of the United States, has previously cleared from
- 8 a port of the United States during such war and delivered
- 9 its cargo or any part thereof to a warship, tender, or
- 10 supply ship of a belligerent state, he may prohibit the
- 1 departure of such vessel during the duration of the war.
- 12 SUBMARINES AND ARMED MERCHANT VESSELS
- 13 SEC. 8. Whenever, during any war in which the United
- 14 States is neutral, the President shall find that special restric-
- 5 tions placed on the use by the submarines or armed merchant
- 6 vessels of a belligerent state of the ports and territorial waters
- 7 of the United States will serve to maintain peace between
- 8 the United States and belligerent states, or to protect the
- 9 commercial interests of the United States and its citizens.
- or to promote the security of the United States, and shall
- make proclamation thereof, it shall thereafter be unlawful
- 22 for any such submarine or armed merchant vessel to enter
- 23 a port or the territorial waters of the United States or to
- 24 depart therefrom, except under such conditions and subject
- 25 to such limitations as the President may prescribe. When-

- 1 ever, in his judgment, the conditions which have caused him
- 2 to issue his proclamation have ceased to exist, he shall re-
- 3 voke his proclamation and the provisions of this section
- 4 shall thereupon cease to apply.

NATIONAL MUNITIONS CONTROL BOARD

- 6 SEC. 9. (a) There is hereby established a National
- 7 Munitions Control Board (hereinafter referred to as the
- 8 "Board"). The Board shall consist of the Secretary of
- 9 State, who shall be chairman and executive officer of the
- 10 Board, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War,
- 11 the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of Commerce.
- 12 Except as otherwise provided in this joint resolution, or by
- 13 other law, the administration of this joint resolution is vested
- 14 in the Department of State. The Secretary of State shall
- 15 promulgate such rules and regulations with regard to the
- 16 enforcement of this section as he may deem necessary to
- 7 carry out its provisions. The Board shall be convened
- s by the chairman and shall hold at least one meeting a year.
- 19 (b) Every person who engages in the business of manu-
- facturing, exporting, or importing any of the arms, ammuni-
- 21 tion, or implements of war referred to in this joint resolution,
- 22 whether as an exporter, importer, manufacturer, or dealer,
- 23 shall register with the Secretary of State his name, or busi-
- 24 ness name, principal place of business, and places of business
- 25 in the United States, and a list of the arms, ammunition,

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and implements of war which he manufactures, imports,
 or exports.

- (c) Every person required to register under this section shall notify the Secretary of State of any change in the
 arms, ammunition, or implements of war which he exports,
 imports, or manufactures; and upon such notification the
 Secretary of State shall issue to such person an amended
 certificate of registration, free of charge, which shall remain
 valid until the date of expiration of the original certificate.

 Every person required to register under the provisions of
 this section shall pay a registration fee of \$100. Upon
 receipt of the required registration fee, the Secretary of State
 shall issue a registration certificate valid for five years, which
 shall be renewable for further periods of five years upon
 the payment for each renewal of a fee of \$100.
- (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to export, or attempt to export, from the United. States to any other state, any of the arms, ammunition, or implements of war referred to in this joint resolution, or to import, or attempt to import, to the United States from any other state, any of the arms, ammunition, or implements of war referred to in this joint resolution, without first having obtained a license therefor. In the application for license the applicant shall set forth a description of such exports or imports together with the terms of sale as to credit or payment.

(e) All persons required to register under this section

2 shall maintain, subject to the inspection of the Secretary of

- 3 State, or any person or persons designated by him, such per-
- 4 manent records of manufacture for export, importation, and
- 5 exportation of arms, ammunition, and implements of war as
- 6 the Secretary of State shall prescribe.
- 7 (f) Licenses shall be issued to persons who have regis-
- 8 tered as herein provided for, except in cases of export or
- 9 import licenses where the export of arms, ammunition, or
- 10 implements of war would be in violation of this joint reso-
- 11 lution or any other law of the United States, or of a treaty
- 12 to which the United States is a party, in which cases such
- 13 licenses shall not be issued.
- (g) No purchase of arms, ammunition, or implements
- 5 of war shall be made on behalf of the United States by any
- officer, executive department, or independent establishment
- 17 of the Government from any person who shall have failed
- 18 to register under the provisions of this joint resolution.
- 19 (h) The provisions of the Act of August 29, 1916,
- o relating to the sale of ordnance and stores to the Govern-
- 21 ment of Cuba (39 Stat. 619, 643; U. S. C., 1934 edition,
- 22 title 50, sec. 72), are hereby repealed as of December 31,
- 23 1937.
- 24 (i) The Board shall make an annual report to Congress,
- 25 copies of which shall be distributed as are other reports

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1	transmitted to Congress. Such reports shall contain such
2	information and data collected by the Board as may be con
3	sidered of value in the determination of questions connecte
4	with the control of trade in arms, ammunition, and imple
5	ments of war. The Board shall include in such reports
6	list of all persons required to register under the provision
7	of this joint resolution, and full information concerning th
8	licenses issued hereunder: Provided, That, if the Presider
9	shall have issued a proclamation under the authority of
10	section 1 (a), the Board shall thereupon make public a
1	immediate report containing all the information herein pro-
2	vided, and shall make public a similar report each ninety day
13	thereafter so long as such proclamation shall be in force.
14	(j) The President is hereby authorized to proclain
15	upon recommendation of the Board from time to time a lis
16	of articles which shall be considered arms, ammunition, an
17	implements of war for the purposes of this section.
18	REGULATIONS
19	SEC. 10. The President may, from time to time, pro
20	mulgate such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law
21	as may be necessary and proper to carry out any of th
22	provisions of this joint resolution; and he may exercise an
23	power or authority conferred on him by this joint resolutio
24	through such officer or officers, or agency or agencies, as h
25	shall direct.
	,

	GENERAL PENALTY PROVISION
	Sec. 11. In every case of the violation of any of the
	provisions of this joint resolution or of any rule or regula-
	tion issued pursuant thereto where a specific penalty is not
,	herein provided, such violator or violators, upon conviction,
;	shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more
ī	than five years, or both.
3	DEFINITIONS
9	Sec. 12. For the purposes of this joint resolution-
0	(a) The term "United States", when used in a geo-
ı	graphical sense, includes the several States and Territories,
2	the insular possessions of the United States (including the
3	Philippine Islands), the Canal Zone, and the District of
1	Columbia.
5	(b) The term "person" includes a partnership, com-
6	pany, association, or corporation, as well as a natural person.
7	(c) The term "vessel" means every description of
8	watercraft (including aircraft) or other contrivance used,
9	or capable of being used, as a means of transportation on.
0	under, or over water.
1	(d) The term "state" shall include nation, government
2	and country.
3	SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS
4	SEC. 13. If any of the provisions of this joint resolu-

tion, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of the joint resolution, and the

- 1 application of such provision to other persons or circum-
- 2 stances, shall not be affected thereby.

3 APPROPRIATIONS

- 4 SEC. 14. There is hereby authorized to be appropri-
- 5 ated from time to time, out of any money in the Treasury
- 6 not otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be neces-
- 7 sary to carry out the provisions and accomplish the purposes
- 8 of this joint resolution.
- 9 REPEAL OF ACTS OF 1935, 1936, 1937
- 10 Sec. 15. The Act of August 31, 1935 (Public Reso-
- 11 lution Numbered 67, Seventy-fourth Congress), as amended
- 2 by the Act of February 29, 1936 (Public Resolution Num-
- 13 bered 74, Seventy-fourth Congress), and the Act of May 1,
- 14 1937 (Public Resolution Numbered 27, Seventy-fifth Con-
- 15 gress), and the Act of January 8, 1937 (Public Resolution
- 16 Numbered 1, Seventy-fifth Congress), are hereby repealed:
- 17 Provided, That such repeal shall not affect the validity of
- 18 the Proclamation Numbered 2237 of May 1, 1937 (50 Stat.
- 19 1834), defining the term "arms, ammunition, and imple-
- 20 ments of war" or of certificates of registration or licenses
- 21 issued pursuant to the provisions of section 5 of the Act of
- 22 May 1, 1937.

Passed the House of Representatives June 30, 1939.

Attest:

SOUTH TRIMBLE,

Clerk.

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REB

GRAY

Paris

Dated May 20, 1940

Rec'd 3:06 p. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

772, May 20, 5 p. m. (SECTION TWO)

For exemple, Mr. Barton Hall succeeded in getting through to Paris last night from Compiegne. He said that although the train service is running the Germans appear to be well informed of the departure of every train for Paris and immediately the train leaves the station it is subjected to attack. Other means of transportation no longer exist and the streets of Compiegne are filled with dead horses and human corpses. According to Mr. Hall no one in Compiegne expected that town to be subjected to attack from air since it had been transformed into a sanitary center and a large number of wounded had been brought to its hospitals.

The hospitals as well as all the rest of the city have been the object of almost continuous bombardment for the last 10 days.

Chautemps

9129901

FACE Safe Ruh. #

REB -2- #772, From Paris, May 20, 5 p. m. (SECTION TWO)

Chautemps, who is in charge of the terrible problem of handling the refugees, said to me today that he estimated that there were at least three million old men, women and children on the roads. He could not possibly find means to care for them. The most terrible thing was that in France, French women and children were dying of starvation. He implored me to try to obtain immediate help.

BULLITT

CSB

a 129907

76TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. J. RES. 186

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 5 (legislative day, August 2), 1939

Mr. Nye introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing that the United States should maintain a policy of strict neutrality in Asia.

Whereas it is charged openly and the facts would seem to demonstrate that the United States has a secret alliance with Great Britain in relation to both Europe and Asia; and

Whereas such an alliance must inevitably mean war for the United States; and

Whereas by a succession of newspaper dispatches it is disclosed that the Department of State is actively participating through communications and conferences in relation to the support of the Chinese Nationalist currency, in a conflict between Great Britain and Japan, and in relation to Chinese silver in the British banks in Tientsin, as well as in other matters which affect Great Britain; and

\$\alpha \left(12 \left \hbare \left(1) \right)\$

Whereas such conduct by the Department of State in the war in Asia is political intervention in Asia and is wholly unneutral; and

Whereas such conduct cannot but involve the United States on the side of Great Britain in its differences with Japan and must ultimately lead the United States into war: Therefore be it

- 1 Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
- 2 of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That the United States should maintain a policy of strict
- 4 neutrality in relation to the war now taking place between
- 5 China and Japan and disassociate itself from Great Britain,
- 6 whose political and economic interests in China are para-
- 7 mount and are now in conflict with the interests of Japan,
- 8 and that war with Japan in support of British interests would
- 9 mean disaster for the United States.

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Tett Session 2. J. RES. 186

JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing that the United States should maintain a policy of strict neutrality in Asia.

By Mr. Yre

Averer 5 (legislative day, Averer 2), 1939
Read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

FS

GRAY

Paris

Dated May 20,1940

Rec'd 1:55 p.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

772, May 20, 5 p.m. (SECTION THREE).

I talked with Wayne Taylor, representative of the Red Cross in Paris, and he stated that what I have reported above did not give one-tenth of the truth. The barbarities of the Germans and the sufferings of the French were ten times more horrible. He estimated that there were at least five million persons on the road and that a vast number of these would die of starvation and illness unless they could be cared for by American help.

I asked you over the telephone to try to get Congress to vote today twenty million dollars for the succor of these refugees. In the opinion of Wayne Taylor this sum would not be sufficient. He believes that whatever should be given could be expended most efficiently through the French Red Cross.

and beds which the furnished in kind from the United States.

FS 2-No, 772, May 20, 5 p.m. from Paris(SECTION THREE)

I implore you to attempt to obtain the vote from Congress today. It is our duty to ourselves and to humanity to try to save as many lives as we can save from the onslaughts of barbarism.

(END OF MESSAGE).

CSB

BULLITT

and to try to

TGTH CONGRESS S. J. RES. 123

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 11 (legislative day, July 10), 1939
Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations and ordered to be printed

AMENDMENT

(IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE)

Intended to be proposed by Mr. PITTMAN to the joint resolution (S. J. Res. 123) relative to violation of a treaty, viz: Strike out all after the resolving clause and insert in lieu thereof the following:

- 1 That whenever the President shall find that any foreign
- 2 state which is a party to the treaty known as the Nine
- 3 Power Pact between the United States, Belgium, the British
- 4 Empire, China, France, Italy, Japan, The Netherlands,
- 5 and Portugal, regarding principles and policies to be followed
- 6 in matters concerning China, signed at Washington, Febru-
- 7 ary 6, 1922, is endangering the lives of citizens of the United
- 8 States, or depriving such citizens of their legal rights and
- 9 privileges, through the commission of acts, or the failure to

7-11-39---E

a12/01

- 1 perform required acts, in violation of the express provisions
- 2 and guaranties in said treaty, the President is authorized
- 3 by proclamation to restrict or prohibit the export from the
- 4 United States to such foreign state and to any other place
- 5 under the physical or political control thereof of any of the
- 6 following articles and materials: "Arms, ammunition, im-
- 7 plements of war", as defined in the Act approved May 1,
- 8 1937 (Public Resolution Numbered 27, Seventy-fifth Con-
- 9 gress, first session), and iron, steel, oil, gasoline, scrap-iron,
- scrap-steel, and scrap-metal containing a combination of
- iron or steel and other metals or any combination of metals.
- 12 Sec. 2. (a) Each proclamation issued by the President
- 13 under section 1 shall definitely enumerate the articles and
- 14 materials referred to in such section the export of which is
- 15 to be restricted or prohibited by such proclamation, and shall
- 16 name the foreign state or states and the places under the
- 17 physical or political control thereof to which such procla-
- 18 mation is to apply.
- (b) Each such proclamation shall take effect upon the
- 20 thirtieth day after the date such proclamation is issued, and
- 21 shall remain in effect until changed, modified, or revoked
- 22 as hereinafter provided.
- 23 (c) The President may from time to time by procla-
- 24 mation change, modify, or revoke, in whole or in part, any
- 25 such proclamation, and he is authorized to prescribe such

a12/02

1 rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the

- 2 provisions of this joint resolution.
- 3 (d) Whenever in the judgment of the President the
- 4 conditions which caused him to issue any such proclamation
- bave ceased to exist, he shall revoke the proclamation and
- 6 the provisions of this joint resolution shall thereupon cease
- 7 to apply with respect to the foreign state or states and the
- 8 places under the physical or political control thereof named
- 9 in such proclamation, except with respect to offenses com-
- 10 mitted, or forfeitures incurred, prior to such revocation.
- SEC. 3. (a) It is hereby declared to be the intent of
- 12 Congress that the authority granted to the President by this
- 13 joint resolution shall be exercised only to the extent neces-
- 14 sary for the protection of the lives of citizens of the United
- 15 States and the rights and privileges guaranteed to them
- 16 under the treaty referred to in section 1, and that such
- 17 authority shall not be exercised until after the President shall
- 18 have made every reasonable effort to induce the foreign
- 19 state or states concerned in any violation of said treaty to
- 20 comply with the terms of said treaty in order to protect the
- 21 lives of such citizens and the rights and privileges so
- 22 guaranteed.
- (b) In carrying out the provisions of this joint resolu-
- 24 tion there shall be no discrimination between foreign states
- 25 which are parties to and so violating said treaty.

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AMENDMENT

(IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE)

Intended to be proposed by Mr. Pittman to the joint resolution (S. J. Res. 123) relative to violation of a treaty.

JULY 11 (legislative day, JULY 10), 1939
Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations and
ordered to be printed

212104

JT

PLAIN

PARIS

Dated May 20, 1940

Rec'd 3:46 p.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

778, twentieth.

I have just received a letter from Chautemps, Vice Prime Minister, who is in charge of the problem of refugees, giving a description of the suffering of the French civilian refugees in the course of which he estimates that three million refugees are now on the roads. He concludes by the statement "Many among them are women and children wounded by the enemy machine guns. In one little village which is not a military objective and is known only for the splendor of its historical monuments, a hospital containing twelve hundred beds was set up at the beginning of the war. Yesterday that hospital alone took in 3200 wounded civilians of whom two-thirds had to remain standing because there were no beds for them and no room for them to lie down. This pathetic horde because of the lack of transport can receive less than the minimum of food necessary to sustain life."

BULLITT

Hold

HSM
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated May 22, 1940
Rec'd 6:25 a. m.

Secretary of State, Washington.

802, May 22, 10 a. m.

Your 430, May 21, 7 p. m.

Please inform Secretary Early that the description I telephoned is contained in my RUSH 772, May 20, 5 p.m., and in my 778, May 20.

BULLITT

RR

76TH CONGRESS 1st Session

S. J. RES. 143

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 1 (legislative day, MAY 31), 1939

Mr. Schwellenbach introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for retaining in the United States, and denying export therefrom, articles or materials to be used in violation of the sovereignty, independence, or territorial or administrative integrity of any nation, contrary to the treaty engagements of the United States.

- 1 Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
- 2 of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That in compliance with our treaty engagements, and to
- 4 conserve our resources for national-defense purposes, there
- 5 shall be retained within the United States, and denied export
- 6 therefrom, all goods, wares, merchandise, munitions, mate-
- 7 rials, and supplies of every kind and character, except agri-
- 8 cultural products, which there is reason to believe will, if
- 9 exported, be used, directly or indirectly, in violation of the

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1 sovereignty, or the independence, or the territorial or admin-

- 2 istrative integrity of any nation, whose sovereignty, inde-
- 3 pendence, and territorial and administrative integrity the
- 4 United States is obligated by treaty to respect.
- 5 Sec. 2. The President shall issue from time to time as
- 6 may be necessary public proclamations specifying articles
- 7 and materials to be retained within the United States and
- 8 denied export therefrom under this Act, and the extent to
- 9 which and the terms and conditions under which such articles
- 10 and materials shall be so retained and denied export. Any
- 11 such proclamation shall become effective on the date specified
- 12 therein.
- 13 Sec. 3. Any proclamation issued under section 2 of this
- 14 Act, together with a statement of the facts upon which it
- 15 is based, shall be transmitted by the President to the Con-
- 16 gress forthwith, or, if the Congress is not in session, at the
- 17 beginning of the next session. If the Congress shall there-
- 18 after disapprove of such proclamation by concurrent resolu-
- 19 tion, such proclamation shall not be effective after the date
- 20 of such concurrent resolution.
- 21 Sec. 4. The President may, from time to time, pro-
- 22 mulgate such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with
- 23 law, as may be necessary and proper to carry out any of
- 24 the provisions of this joint resolution; and he may exercise
- 25 any power or authority conferred on him by this joint reso-

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- 1 lution through such officer or officers, or agency or agencies,
- 2 as he shall direct.

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- 3 SEC. 5. It shall be unlawful to export, or attempt to
- 4 export, or in any manner contribute to the export of, any
- 5 article or material from the United States in violation of
- 6 the terms or conditions of any proclamation issued under
- 7 section 2. Any person violating the provisions of this joint
- 8 resolution or any rule or regulation issued hereunder shall,
- 9 upon conviction, be fined not more than \$50,000 or im-
- 10 prisoned not more than five years, or both.

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for retaining in the United States, and denying export therefrom, articles or materials to be used in violation of the sovereignty, independence, or territorial or administrative integrity of any nation, contrary to the treaty engagements of the United States.

By Mr. Schwellenbach

JUNE 1 (legislative day, Max 31), 1939

Read twice and referred to the Committee on
Foreign Relations

a12,04

MP
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated ro anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated Hay 22, 1040
Rec'd 3:05 p. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington

RUSH.

823, May 22, 6 p. m.

PERSONAL AND FOR THE PRESIDENT:

Take the shortest line from 1914 angels to a shelled cathedral and remember taxicabs and hope.

BULLITT

HPD

RECEPTOEDED

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S. RES. 166

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 18, 1939

Mr. Vandenberg submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

RESOLUTION

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that the 1 Government of the United States should give Japan the 2 six months' notice required by the treaty of 1911 for its 3 abrogation so that the Government of the United States may be free to deal with Japan in the formulation of a new 5 treaty and in the protection of American interests as new 6 necessities may require; and be it further 7 Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that the 8 Government of the United States should ask that the Con-9 ference of Brussels of 1937, now in recess, should be reas-10 sembled to determine, pursuant to the express provisions of 11

the Nine-Power Treaty of Washington of 1922, whether

Japan has been and is violating said treaty and to recom-

mend the appropriate course to be pursued by the signatories.

a12K01

76TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. RES. 166

RESOLUTION

Favoring the notification of Japan of the intention of the United States to abrogate the treaty of 1911.

By Mr. VANDENBERG

JULY 18, 1039

Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

From: Or COMMUNICATIONS AND RECOR

Number: 825 Dated: 5-23-9

Caption:

This telegram has been distributed

Please advise the Division of C munications and Records if further of tribution should be made.

Paris, October 4, 1939.

· · 5-FK

Personal and

Dear Mr. President:

I enclose herewith three documents that will interest you.

The long one beginning, "Dear Sir Edward" is
the communication on behalf of the French Government,
written by Jean Monnet, to the British Government,
in the person of Sir Edward Bridges, Secretary of
the War Cabinet, concerning the organization for
practical collaboration between the French and British
Governments.

You will note that it follows the lines established in 1918. It is entirely sensible, I think; and I plead guilty to getting the idea started and to getting Daladier to put the matter in Monnet's hands.

Monnet

The Honorable

Franklin Delano Roosevelt,

President of the United States of America,

The White House,

Washington.

a12601

Monnet accompanied Daladier to England for his conferences with Chamberlain last week, and has spent the days since talking with all the Cabinet Ministers in England. He is confident that the British will accept the organization as outlined by him in this letter. I thought you would be interested in having it in advance.

So far as the organization in the United States is concerned, the present plan is to set up a joint Franco-British purchasing agency, and not make purchases through Morgan and Company or through any other bank or agent.

I have had a large enough finger in all this business to be able to steer it, in case you have any definite ideas as to what you want or do not want. Just let me know.

The second and third documents have to do with airplane orders in the United States. They were handed to me tonight by Guy La Chambre.

The airplane situation is approximately the following: The French produced in the month of September 1939, 319 war planes. The British produced approximately 450 war planes. In addition, both the French and

British

British produced a considerable number of training planes.

The French and British believe that the Germans can produce approximately fifteen hundred planes per month but can not go above that figure; and that the Germans are now producing one thousand planes a month.

The French and British hope that their combined production of war planes will amount to approximately twelve hundred a month by next Spring. It is obvious to everyone that if France and England are to obtain, first, equality in the air, and then dominance in the air, the productive capacity of the United States must be called into play to a much larger degree than at present.

The French realize that the production of motors
by Pratt and Whitney, Curtiss Wright, and Allison will
be in such large measure taken up by orders of the
American Army that it will be necessary for the British
and French to pay for enlargements of these plants so
that their production may be trebled.

The present plan is to send to the United States, as soon as the Neutrality Act shall have been changed, persons

persons competent to carry through the business of enlarging existing plants and placing of orders.

The French Air Ministry, and Daladier as well, have great confidence in Colonel Jacquin who is now in Washington; but business on the scale contemplated -- which will probably amount to a billion dollars -- will probably be placed in the hands of Monnet. Nothing of course will be done until the embargo provisions of the Neutrality Act shall have been eliminated.

You will note in the long and disorderly slip
of paper-handed me tonight by Guy La Chambre--which
gives the orders placed in America, that between now
and next February, one hundred Douglases and 215 Glenn
Martins are to be delivered; but that no Curtiss P-36s
are to be delivered between now and next February.

The reason for this is that the Curtiss P-36 production
between now and February has been taken by our own army.
In combat the P-36s have proved superior to the German

Messerschmidts and everyone, from the aviators who fly
them up to Daladier, is enthusiastic about them. Fifteen
of the P-36s have already been lost in combat and, incidentally, have destroyed approximately 22 Messerschmidts.

It is vital at the present time for the French to have replacements for the unit of 200 P-36s which they got to France just before the war began. The French are desperately anxious to buy more P-36s at once, and would be glad to buy every P-36 that can be produced in the United States between now and December 1940.

I do not know the point of view of our army on the P-36s at the present time; but I remember that last January when we were discussing the question of this plane, our army already regarded it as slightly antique, and was especially anxious to get the P-40. If this still remains the point of view of our army, and especially if our army has its nose more in the air than last January with regard to the P-36, it occurs to me that there might be a method entirely legal and not offensive to our army by which the production of P-36 planes could be released for purchase by the French.

Is it not possible and desirable for our army to declare that since it has a model - the P-40 - far superior to the P-36, it is no longer interested in the P-36 production?

a12L05

I make this suggestion with full knowledge that I am entirely ignorant with regard to the views of our army at this moment. If there is anything to be done in this sense, you will know, and I am certain that you will do it.

There is another enormous hole in the French defense against the German bombardment planes. The French have practically no modern "projectors", that is to say, search-lights for use against German bombardment planes that arrive at night. The French search-lights are too slow in action to follow the modern bombing planes and there is an intense fear here that night bombing of Paris and other vital centers may be most terrible.

As you know, the only two manufacturers of search-lights of this nature in the United States are General Electric and Sperry. The French have approached these two corporations and asked urgently for deliveries. They have been told that deliveries by these companies have been so fully pre-empted by our own army that the combined production which can be sold to the French will be 9 search-lights in February of next year; 15 in March, and 30 in April. What will be left of Paris and other

French

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French towns by that time remains to be seen.

I do not know whether or not there is any method of increasing the production of these search-lights or of releasing some of the present production to the French. Will you have this looked into? It may be vital.

My own view of the future is the following:

France and England will not accept the "peace ultimatum"

that Germany is contemplating. It may indeed never

be launched. Germany then will attack France with all

the force that she possesses or can acquire from the

Soviet Union and Italy.

The attack against France may be successful. I do not believe that it will be.

If American production of airplane motors and bodies can be trebled in eight months, dominance in the air should be in the hands of the French and British by August or September of next year. This dominance could be increased greatly by the spring of 1941, and at that time France and England might hope to defeat Germany.

Germany's obvious avenue of escape then would be to go Bolshevik and summon the Soviet armies. If French

and

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and British dominance in the air should be sufficient at that time, the Soviet Union would not dare to march and France and England could impose a peace that would prevent the destruction of everything civilized on the continent of Europe by the Bolsheviks.

It is clear that the small nations of the world -and that includes every nation as small or smaller than
Poland -- will no longer be able to exist unless at
the end of this war there can be established such a
dominance in the air of the United States, England and
France that the small nations can be protected without
vast losses of infantrymen.

The productive capacity of France and England in airplanes is too small to achieve such dominance. The future, therefore, will depend on the production of an overwhelming number of planes in the United States.

I realize that France and England may be defeated and destroyed before our American production can be raised to a sufficient point to save them, but I hope that will not be.

I am certain that there is no single problem confronting you at the moment which is more important than

the

the problem of increasing our production of motors and planes.

I think that the French and British will have sense enough to be ready to pay cash for the extension of existing facilities for production in the United States and for the purchase of all the production of those increased facilities, but it is obvious that such an increase in production can be carried out only with the fullest cooperation of our government and it is also obvious that such cooperation will depend entirely on yourself in the first instance.

I am sending this letter to you by special courier on the CLIPPER, and I hope that it will reach you in less than a week. If you have any comment or suggestions to make, will you please send me back a word by the same route.

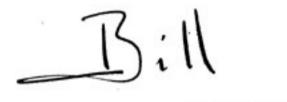
The question of the P-36s is so urgent that if you see a way to get deliveries of any number of these machines however small for the French -- even a dozen per month -- I hope you will send me a telegram containing just one word, "Favorable". In that case, I could have Colonel Jacquin phone immediately to Miss

Le Hand

Le Hand, who could put him in touch either with yourself or any one you might designate. Both Daladier and Guy La Chambre assure me that he is a man of the utmost discretion.

We are expecting the bombs to begin falling on this house in about a week; but nobody either here or anywhere else in France is disturbed by the prospect. This people remains an example of what a nation should be when faced by the ultimate realities.

Love and good luck.



HSM

GRAY Paris

Dated May 23, 1940 Rec'd 7:52 a. m.

Secretary of State,
Washington.

825, May 23, 9 a. m.

PERSONAL FOR THE PRESIDENT.

Aunt Bill Hooper (your cousin Elsie) arrived in

Paris last night from the American Hospital in Etretat

where orders were given to all civilians to evacuate.

She came by automobile with Dr. Fuller and her two nurses.

For five hours they came through the stream of refugees from Belgium and northern France. Aunt Bill stated to me this morning that the scenes of weariness and hunger passed description. As far as the eye could reach on every road in every direction were streams of old men, women and children moving without help. Aunt Bill asked me on her behalf to implore you to send ships instantly with food and medicines, pointing out quite rightly that the need is instant, immediate and terrible.

(END SECTION ONE).

BULLITT

RR

October 1 st.

Dear Sir Edward,

This is a hasty note written quickly before leaving for Paris. I am entructing it to Pleven who will bring it to you and be at your disposal to comment on any part which I am afraid might be obscure in view of the rush in which this letter is dictated.

I am attempting only to cover the various points which we discussed and to outline suggestions for the solution of some of the problems which will face our two countries; some of these problems have been met during the last war and were solved by the organization which was created at the end of 1917, while some others are new and might require original solutions.

In the main, the ideas and organization I have discussed with you and the various British Ministries to whom you were good enough to introduce me, are nothing else than the very ideas and organization which finally, after three years of conflict, the Allies had to recognize as essential, and were successfully tested.

As regards the organization, there should be established for each main category of needs an Anglo-French Council and corresponding Permanent Executive Committee. The following Councils and Committees could be immediately created:

Anglo-French Council of Armaments - Permanent Executive Committee of Armaments,

- " " Avistion Permanent Executive Committee of Aviation,
- " * Food Permanent Executive Committee of Food,
- " " " Maritime Transports Permanent Executive Committee of Sea Transports.

The requirements of certain raw materials, such as: coal, oil, timber, are likely to be so important that it might be well justified to have special Executives dealing exclusively with these products. Also certain groups of supplies, such as for example wheat, sugar, etc., which are grouped under the heading of Food may require special Executives such as wheat, sugar, etc. This can be worked out as and when necessary.

Such an organization should necessarily be in close touch with the Economic Warfare organization, as it is clear that the programmes of p rchases of the Executive Committee will be very often influenced by the necessities of Economic Warfare, while the existence of the Committees and of their joint purchasing organizations will in many cases assist the action of the Economic Warfare.

On the model of what was created in the last war, the Councils could be composed of the respective English and French Ministers and would deal only with questions of broad policy, and would issue general directions to their Permanent Executive Committees.

ted by a few technicians of both countries; their duty would be:

- a) to establish and keep an inventory of the resources and requirements of both countries,
- b) to secure the best utilization in the common interes of the resources of the two countries in raw material, means of production, etc.,
- c) on the basis of the national programmes communicated to them by their respective national Administrations, to formulat the joint allied import programmes,
- d) to or anize the purchases to be made in common abroathrough single purchasing agencies,

alzmoz

e) to follow the execution of these programmes.

The principle of purchases being made for joint account through single agents in the various foreign countries seems to be of paramount importance, but probably nowhere will prove more essential than in the United States. In this connection you will remember the explanations I have given you about the precautions to observe and the methods to follow when France and England will be able to purchase war material in the United States particularly aviation material.

In many count les the establishment of joint purchases might also lead to the joint purchasing organization becoming the agent of neutral countries for their own purchases, with the result that the allied purchasing organization would thus become the principal factor in many markets and, in certain cases, the only purchaser of certain products.

Such a situation would give the Allies among other advantages a great power in influencing prices and conditions of credit

Distinct from the executives which deal with the programmes of needs, the task of the shipping Council and Executive would be to arrange for the transportation of the supplies to be imported under the joint programmes.

and Committees, there might be a small aconomic War Council which might be constituted by a member of the British Government and one of the French Government. To this Council, which would meet when needed, would be referred problems such as those which would arise if a shortage of maritime transport facilities or of means of foreign exchange made it necessary to curtail the joint programmes or to establish priorities

informed and would refer to the latter questions of policyt for which a decision of the Supreme Council might be necessary.

As said above, the above scheme is simply an adaptation or an extension to present circumstances of the organization which, under the pressure of difficulties and after considerable waste of time, our two countries had to establish about the end of 1917. Our aim to-day is to tackle the problems at once and before they are forced on us by the pressure of events.

In the execution of the programs, it is likely that the main difficulties will arise in connection with shipping and finance.

As to shipping, we have the experience of the last war to guide us.

It is obvious that France will be short of shipping and therefore that a certain balance will have to beprovided for her imports. This problem might not become so acute in this war as it was in 1914-1918, since the Admiralty, giving us the lead by applying immediately the methods adapted at the end of 1917, appears optimistic as to the limited scope of submarine destruction. Nevertheless there will be a shortage. The difficulty in the last war was solved, after three years of disorderly negotiations and much trouble, by an agreement made in November 1917, and it would greatly simplify everything if we reverted to the principles then adopted.

As to finance, the difficulty is going to be the limited resources of gold and foreign exchange of our two countries. Indeed the problem of financing foreign imports will be an important one which never existed to a similar extent in 1914-1948 because we could draw on the financial resources of the U.S.A. both before 1917 and after.

This question is evidently much more complex than any of the others which the allied organization will be called upon to deal with. I will take advantage of my visit to Paris to take up this matter with Mr. Paul Peynaud, but already: I suggest you give thought to the possibility of the two Governments asking the two Treasuries to consider the best methods of securing also in the financial field the coordination of efforts of the two countries in a manner which will permit the working of the Allied organization in relation to finance.

I will inform Er. Daladier of the various conversations, that I have had with you and the various British Himistries of generally our common understanding of the problems.

I expect to be back before the end of the week and

I hope then to be in a position to work out with you a common

plan of action, which could then be submitted to our two Govern
ments for their approval.

I am grateful for the assistance which you have so kindly given me.

With kind regards, believe me,

Yours sincerely,

HSM

GRAY

Paris

Dated May 23, 1940

Rec'd 7:02 a. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

825, May 23, 9 a. m. (SECTION TWO)

Wayne Taylor told me yesterday that you did not wish to introduce a bill in Congress until after the close of the Red Cross drive. I understand but I hope that this will not delay by one hour the sending of aid.

Aunt Bill did not (repeat not) see any machinegunning of these streams of refugees.

Will you please inform her brother Charlie Perkins and other members of her family that she is in better health than for a long time and that she expects to leave by automobile for Biarritz today accompanied by Dr. Fuller and her two nurses. She asked me to give you this personal message:

"Please tell Franklin that I myself have seen the need and nothing could be more terrible." (END OF MESSAGE),

BULLITT

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Note on Des ister de Commie

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JR
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris

Dated May 27, 1940

Rec'd 8:15 a.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH.

892, May 27, 11 a.m.

PERSONAL AND FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY:

Your 493, May 26, 4 p.m., requires handling in the most delicate possible manner at this moment, and cannot be communicated in crude terms at a time when the determination is absolute to fight on land to the bitter end.

I will have to present it as a desire on our part to be of assistance if the worse comes to the worst. I shall do so with extreme care. I trust that you have taken every precaution to make certain that nothing crude comes to Paris via London on this subject.

BULLITT

HPD



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HSM
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated May 28, 1940
Rec'd 8:30 a. m.

Secretary of State, Washington. UNCLESTICO

RUSH

912, May 28, 11 a. m.

PERSONAL AND FOR THE PRESIDENT.

9:30 a completely broken man. He said that the King's action in ordering the entire Belgian army to surrender, without consulting either General Gort or General Blanchard or informing the Belgian Government, was an act of dishonor without parallel in history. Since a King without honor was nothing, the King no longer existed. The Prime Minister of Belgium would denounce the King's action this morning on the radio and would announce that it was illegal since such acts had to be countersigned by the Prime Minister and would call on all Belgians to go on fighting.

The Belgian Ambassador went on to say that he had come to ask me whether in view of the treachery and dishonor of the King the invitation of the President to the Royal children still stood. (END SECTION ONE).

BIITTTT

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NOTE

au sujet des Commandes actuellement passées en AMERIQUE.

Les commandes actuellement conclues par le Colonel JACQUIN comprennent 530 appareils CURTISS P.36.

Les négociations sont en cours pour 550 appareils GLEEN

Contra

MARTIN et 450 appareils DOUGLAS et 100 appareils P.40.

En outre, les moteurs nécessaires pour ces appareils, environ un millier de moteurs PRATT & WIDNEY destinés à des appareils français est en cours de livraison.

Enfin, la mission JACQUIN est prêt de conclure l'achat de I.440 moteurs CYCLONE double rangée, destinés à équiper des appareils français.

a12p01

of Armaments,

" Avistic - Permanent Executive Committee of Aviation,

" Food - Permanent Executive Committee of Food,

" Maritime Transports - Permanent Executive Committee of Sea Transports.

HSM
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated May 28, 1940
Rec'd 7:28 a. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

912, May 28, 11 a. m. (SECTION TWO)

I replied that I had of course had no communication with you on this subject; but that I felt that you would not wish to visit the sins of the father on the children and that your invitation would stand.

I went on to say that on the other hand several serious problems now arose. If the King had ordered his army to betray its Allies he doubtless had done so after a previous agreement with the Germans with regard to his personal life. The King might now be on his way back to his Palace in Brussels and might desire to have his children join him and although he had forfeited by his action of treason all rights as a King he still had humane rights as a father.

At this point the Belgian Ambassador interrupted me to say that yesterday evening shortly before the news had

arrived

a12pp01

hsm -2- No. 912, May 28, ll a.m. (Section 2) from Paris arrived of the King's order to his army to surrender he had received a telegram from the King stating that he was most grateful (*) and to me and that he desired his children to proceed immediately to Lisbon and to leave for the United States.

BULLITT

RR

(*) apparent omission

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

DIVISION OF COMMUNICATIONS AND RECORDS

From: Jais

Number: 2487 Dated: 10-17-102-

Code:

Caption: Personal and

This telegram has been distributed to:

Please advise the Division of Communications and Records if further distribution should be made.

HSM This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated May 28, 1940
Rec'd 8:35 a. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

C12, May 28, 11 a. m. (SECTION THREE)

I said, however, that this telegram of the King's might well be considered canceled by his subsequent action and that I believed that he, the Ambassador, should consult the Belgian Prime Minister and the other members of the Belgian Government who are now in the Belgian Embassy in Paris with regard to the future plans of the Royal children. It might even be that the Belgian Government would desire to proclaim the Crown Prince King.

In any event after the Belgian Government should have decided what it considered wise the Belgian Prime Minister accompanied by him, the Ambassador, should call on the French Prime Minister and should obtain the full assent of the French Government to future plans for the Royal children.

BULLITT

a129

ITSF. WH. Sur.

FS
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being comm nicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated October 17, 1939
Rec'd 7:15 a.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

2487, October 17, 10 a.m.

PERSONAL AND FOR THE PRESIDENT.

With reference to enclosure No. 1 to my letter of October 4, 1939, I now have the text of the agreement which Monnet concluded in London for the coordination of French-British economic activities during the war covering shipping, air production and supply raw materials and munitions, oil and food.

Monnet was informed by the British Government that you had indicated to Lothian that you considered a British mission preferable to a purchasing corporation. The question will be decided in Paris tonight or tomorrow. Because of the pooling of resources by the French and British Governments achieved agreement the French Government is inclined to believe that it would be preferable to make purchases in the United States through a single joint Franco-British mission.

My opinion is that a joint Franco-British mission would be the most efficient mechanism.

Question one.

a12101

FS 2-No. 2407, October 17, 10 a.m. from Paris.

Question one. Do you agree?

I assume from Morgenthau's talk with St. Quentin on September 13, 1939, that such a joint mission would be able to find the same sort of cooperation in Washington that was accorded last winter to Monnet.

Question two. Is this assumption correct?

HPD

BULLITT

HSM This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris Dated May 28, 1940 REC'd 7:30 a. m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

912, May 28, 11 a. m. (SECTION FOUR)

I added that I would take no action except in full accord with the French Government and the Belgian Government and that I would desire to have written statements from both Governments before attempting to set in motion any mechanism for the transfer of the Royal children to America.

The Belgian Ambassador said that he considered my advice was wise and that he would consult the Belgian Prime Minister as previously set forth.

I added once more that it must be clear that the American Government would have nothing whatsoever to do with regard to the decision to be made as to the Royal children. My part would be if you should consent to attempt to arrange a mechanism by which the mutual decision of the French and Belgian Governments could be carried out. (END MESSAGE).

01200

Safe Tile: Bul

JT
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS
Dated May 14, 1940
Rec'd 3:53 p.m.

· Secretary of State.

Washington.

RUSH

657, May 14, 7 p.m.

A'D PERSONAL FOR THE PRESIDENT.

The Germans have launched the greatest attack of modern times on the French army from the point where the Maginot line ends at Montmedy northwestward to the line Sedan Givet Dinant Namur. They have put in four armored divisions and many other troops and an overwhelming number is of tanks and airplanes. This/as you know, the shortest road to Paris.

The Belgians have been obliged to fall back to the line of Mamur Louvain Malines Antwerp. Dutch resistance has been almost crushed.

At this moment news has reached the French general staff that certain dispositions of airplanes and troops indicate that Mussolini is contemplating making a direct attack on France and that he has adjourned his attack on Yugoslavia.

There

-2- #657, Hay 14, 7 p.m., from Paris

There are literally no French planes available to face an Italian attack and the Italian aviation would be able to bomb southern and southwestern France at will.

(END SECTION ONE)

BULLITT

CSB

-2- #929? May 28, 10 p.m., from Paris

horrible and remote chateau where they are now lodged.

He trusted that if you should receive a further appeal

from the traitorous King Leopold you would ignore it.

(END SECTION ONE)

BULLITT

HPD

JT
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS
Dated May 14, 1940
Rec'd 5:03 p.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

657, May 14, 7 p.m. (SECTION TWO)

I have talked with eyewitnesses of the German bombings in Belgium and Luxemburg, including the Archduke Otto and Bech, Foreign Minister of Luxemburg. Meither men, women, nor children are being spared and the tales of horror pass belief.

No one in Paris doubts that Mussolini is contemplating pleasurably the infliction of similar atrocities. Information reaching the French Foreign Office today which Leger has just given me indicates moreover that the Italians are trying to provoke incidents which will give them an excuse for attacking France. The Italian colony in Tunis has become most provocative and insults to French and English in Italy continue.

BULLITT

MPL

JT
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone (D)

PARIS
Dated May 28, 1940
Rec'd 7:22 p.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

929, May 28, 10 p.m. (SECTION TWO)

Since this is the position of the Belgian Government the question of the opinion of the French Government does not rise and the children will remain in France.

In discussing the action of the King, Spaak said that since the beginning of the war the Belgian Ministers had been shocked to perceive on many occasions that the King had no sense of loyalty whatsoever to his Allies. They had tried to impress on him the fact that since he had appealed to the British and French for aid, he was obliged to give every help in his power to the French and British. He had said if the Germans asked him to do anything against the French and British he would abdicate at once. The fact was that he had committed the most terrible act of treachery and a crime against the French and British and apparently was so without moral sense that he did not realize the depth of his infamy.

(END MESSAGE)

alztt

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

THE SECRETARY 5/14/40

657 - Paris, - sec. 3. THIS TELECRIM IS NOT YET COMPLETE. MINTER SECTIONS WILL BE DELIVERED WIEN .V.IL BLE.

Sections 1, and 2 were delivered at 6:30 P.M.

B.11.#: I am vory you trip refining to The Retimetic I for breamse ATMM Duch Tilk romanile mer of mother While who west a subbit. of deniver if murice give you a fist the the disposition of me which lant if your Land it you would not continue fantavis Incidentally finither Virent other well Tahan youthon Miditariantin Threat Kurzuch

PSF, Safe, Bullitt

PAP
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS
Dated May 14. 1940

Rec'd 5:25 p.m.

Secretary of State

Washington

RUSH

657, May 14, 7 p.m. (SECTION THREE).

Meanly every member of the French Government and many French senators have appealed to me today to ask you to make a final effort to keep Italy from entering the war as Germany's ally. Telegrams from the French Ambassador in Rome today report that the Italian press is filled with praise of the American Government and its friendly gesture in eliminating certain duties on Italian goods. Poncet reports that this is being interpreted to mean that the Covernment of the United States approves of Hussolini's present policies. Since you have handed Mussolini a cerrot of this variety I trust that you have not forgotten the club.

The suggestions that have been made to me are the following:

(One) That the most powerful weapon to employ against Mussolini would be a statement by the Pope based on purely spiritual grounds denouncing the barbarities which Germany has inflicted on the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxemburg.

BULLITT

FS
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated May 31, 1940
R.c'd 6:42 a.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

SECRETARY.

962, May 31, noon (SECTION ONE)

FOR THE PRESIDENT AND THE

Your 534, May 30, 3 p.m.

The French Government is fully aware of the vitally useful part that our fleet is playing in the Pacific.

Reynaud in appealing to me to request you to send the Atlantic fleet to the Mediterranean said "We are most grateful for the presence of your fleet in the Pacific. Without firing a shot it is keeping the war from spreading to the French and British Empires in the Far East. We hope it will stay there. Your Atlantic fleet can play exactly the same role in the Mediterranean".

RR

BULLITT



PAP
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS
Dated May 14, 1940

. Rec'd 6:55 p.m.

Secretary of State

Washington

RUSH

657, May 14, 7 p.m. (SECTION FOUR)

I have been requested by numerous members of the French Government to ask you to use all the influence you have to persuade the Pope to make such a declaration. It is pointed out that his telegrams to the sovereigns of the Wetherlands, Belgium and Luxemburg were in the nature of political acts whereas what is needed is a declaration on the ecclesiastical and spiritual plane which centuries ago would have taken the form of excommunication of Hitler and Germany.

Two. Several members of the French Government and the Argentine Ambassador have suggested to me that if all the countries of Latin America should join in denouncing the invasion of the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxemburg, and if this denunciation should be fully supported by you the effect in Italy would be important.

BULLITT

VAIC

JR
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated May 31, 1940
Rec'd 7:25 a.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

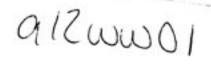
RUSH.

962', May 31, noon. (SECTION TWO)

I believe that if we had sent the Atlantic fleet on a visit either to Greece or Tangier when first I made the recommendation more than two weeks ago Mussolini would not have dared to treat pressure of our Government to keep him out of war in the manner that he has.

I gather from your telegram under reference that you now consider inevitable the entrance of Italy into the war.

I feel sure that you realize the consequences that a stab in the back by Italy at this moment may have for France and England as well as the consequences it may have later this year for South America and the United States. I trust that no member of the American Government is still cherishing in the words of Reynaud "fatuous and naive illusions as to the virtues of Eussolini" and that the moment he stabs you will take every economic and financial measure that constructive imagination can devise to weaken Italy.



PAP
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS
Dated May 14, 1940
Rec'd 8:05 p.m.

Secretary of State

Washington

RUSH

357, Hay 14, 7 p.m. (SECTION TIVE)

(Three) It has been suggested to me by many persons that you might let Mussolini know privately that in case he should go to war at this time as Mitler's ally you would do everything in your power to cut off from Italy all immigrant remittances and other funds which Italy ordinarily receives from the United States.

(Four) All the members of the government including Reynaud, the Senators, and others with whom I have talked today have implored me to obtain more planes immediately and have become exceedingly depressed when I explained that so far as I knew no planes were available.

You will have thought of other possible methods of influencing Mussolini and I do not wish to make this telegram any longer but I must end it by saying the unless action is immediate it will come too late and that no one in France, general or statesman, believes that France can resist an attack by Italy at this time when every available

man

PAP -2- 357, Hay 14 7 p.m. (SECTION FIVE) from Paris man in the French army is needed to stem the German advance through Belgium.

(END OF MESSAGE)

BULLITT

MPL

JR
This telegrom must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

Paris
Dated Hay 31, 1940
Rec'd 6:45 a.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH.

962, May 31, noon (SECTION THREE).

To believe that the Government of the United States will be able ever to cooperate with Mussolini is as dangerous to the future of America as would have been the belief that our Government could cooperate with Al Capone.

The latest information of the French Government indicates that Mussolini will make war on France on June 4.

I am sure you realize the bitterness that such a blow will produce.

May I inform the French Government when stating--as I must in view of your telegrom under reference--that there is no hope whatsoever the Atlantic fleet will come to Tangier, that the moment Mussolini strikes economic and financial measures will be taken at once by our Government to make the lottof the aggressor hard?

Anything

a12xx01

-2- :/962, May 31, noon (SECTION THREE) from Paris.

Anything you can do now will, leave Mussolini less strength with which to cooperate with Hitler in attacking the Americas.

At this moment words are not enough. Indeed unaccompanied by acts they are rather sickening. (END MESSAGE)

BULLITT

RR

LAST, Jake, Kull. HJ

JT

GRAY
PARIS
Dated June 10, 1940
Rec'd 10:13 p.m.

Secretary of State, Washington.

RUSH

1132, June 10, 6 p.m.

PERSCNAL FOR THE PRESIDENT

I have just received from Paul Reynaud,

President of the Council of Ministers, the following

message to you. He telephoned to me and asked me to

transmit it immediately since his own code clerks could

not possibly do the work. This is the full text of the

message referred to in my telegram earlier today.

"Mr. President: I wish first to express to you my gratitude for the generous aid that you have decided to give to us in aviation and armament.

For six days and six nights our divisions have been fighting without one hour of rest against an army which has a crushing superiority in numbers and material.

Today the enemy is almost at the gates of Paris.

We shall fight in front of Paris; we shall fight behind Paris; we shall close ourselves in one of our provinces

-2- #1132, June 10, 6 p.m., from Paris

provinces to fight and if we should be driven out of it we shall establish ourselves in North Africa to continue the fight and if necessary in our American possessions.

(END SECTION ONE)

BULLITT

NPL

PAP
This telegram must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (D)

PARIS

Dated Hay 14, 1940

Reo'd 6:55 p.m.

Secretary of State

Vashington

REGREDED UNCLESSIFIED

RUSH

659, May 14, 7 p.m.

PERSONAL AUD FOR THE PRESIDENT:

I received from Rome at 7 o'clock this evening Ambassador Phillips' rush 341, May 14, noon.

I felt that it was my duty to communicate the information it contained immediately to the Prime Minister. He was in a meeting of the War Cabinet but came out and I communicated the information to him at 7:10 p.m.

He said that the British Ambassador in Paris had just given him the same news. He expressed the opinion that Italy certainly would enter the war on the side of Germany and might even attack France tonight.

I asked where he expected the attack. He said that it might come in Tunis or might be begun by bombardments of the Riviera and Harseille by Italian planes.

The Prime Minister went on the say that he felt Mussolini had decided to act at this moment because of the

appalling

PAP -2- 659, May 14, 7 p.m. from Paris

appalling success which the German army had had in the sector Hontmedy-Sedan. He said that the Germans had attacked with colossal tanks and at the same time with a totally overwhelming mass of bombardment planes and pursuit planes.

(EMD SECTION ONE)

BULLITT

MAG

GRAY

Paris

Dated June 10, 1940

Rec'd 3:05 p.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington.

RUSH

1132, June 10, 6 p.m. (SECTION TWO)

A portion of the government has already left Paris. I am making ready to leave for the front. That will be to intensify the struggle with all the forces which we still have and not to abandon the struggle.

May I ask you, Mr. President, to explain all this yourself to your people to all the citizens of the United States saying to them that we are determined to sacrifice ourselves in the struggle that we are carrying on for all free men.

This very hour another dictatorship has stabbed France in the back. Another frontier is threatened. A naval war will begin.

You have replied generously to the appeal which I made to you a few days ago across the Atlantic. Today this 10th of June 1940 it is my duty to ask you for new and even larger assistance.

BULLITT

RR